THE WEATHER

The indications are that it will be generally cloudy, probably showers tonight and Tuesday morning; cooler, freshwesterly to northerly winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

5 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL MASS. MONDAY APRIL 25 1904 8 PAGES ONE CENT

THEY HAVE NO FEAR

Russians Confident of Repelling Japanese Attack

PORT ARTHUR, April 24—(Delayed in transmission)—All weak points on both the land and sea sides here have been so strengthened in the past two months that the impregnability of Port Arthur is now regarded as absolutely assured. The garrison has been considerably strengthened and the forts are provided with all necessities for more than a year. Complete confidence prevails with the troops, sailors and inhabitants in the ability of the Russians to defeat any Japanese attack.

Remarkable indifference to the possibility of attack is shown by the people, in fact by day there is little to indicate that the town is in a state of siege. The band plays on the boulevard on which parades are held, finely dressed people stroll about and groups of children play. Restaurants and shops are well patranized by customers all day long. At night, however, the city is in profound darkness which is emphasized by the searchlights flashing across the roadstead.

The entrance of the harbor although studded with nine Japanese wrecks, remains pirfectly free.

The foundering of the Petropavlovsk is regarded as a tragic mischance without influence on the course of the campaign or preventing the Russian fleet still achieving brilliant results.

ADMIRAL ROJESTVEN HAS BEEN PROMOTED

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25.—As a mark of confidence and in order that his work may be in keeping with the size of his fleet, the emperor has determined to promote Rear Admiral Rojestvanski, recently appointed to the command of the Baltic fleet, to be a vice admiral.

ADMIRAL SKRYDLOFF WANTS A COMMANDER

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25. During his audience with the emperor, Vice Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the naval forces in the Far East, requested that a squadron commander be assigned to Port Arthur as he may find it necessary to temporarily join the Vladivostok division on the Pacific squadron. The emperor consented, but an officer has not yet been chosen.

SHARP BATTLE SOUTH OF POMAKUA

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25—Official dispatches regarding the fighting south of the river Pomakua, reported Friday last, in which a Russian detachment had three men killed and two officers and 15 men wounded, say that a Japanese troop-laden barge and other boats emerged from the mouth of the Pomakua and attempted to cut off the Russian retreat. The barge was sunk by the Russian guns. Capt. Snetzin, who commanded the detachment, died of his wounds. Lieut. Pushkin was the other officer wounded.

Further details concerning the skirmish say that in following up the general plan to harass and impede the Japanese crossing the Yalu, the Russian outposts on the river sent a detachment of volunteers in boats on the night of April 21 for the purpose of setting fire to the Japanese pontoons and other bridges material. The boat grounded on a sand bar near the Korean side and drew the fire of the Japanese outposts. There was a sharp fusilade at close range. The position of the boats was highly critical owing to the appearance of a number of light barges filled with Japanese coming out from a small tributary stream called the Pomakua, which is unmarked even on the maps of Russian general staff.

The intention of the barges was to cut off the retreat of the Russians. This was noticed from the other bank, two miles distant, and a couple of field guns opened fire. A lucky shot sank one of the barges and the other withdrew.

The Japanese casualties are not known.

CORRESPONDENT WAS ARRESTED BY RUSSIANS

PORT ARTHUR, April 25—The Chicago Daily News dispatch boat, which approached Friday night last, was boarded by Russian officers. The correspondent was arrested, but was liberated on condition that he avoid the Kwang Tung peninsular in future.

All is quiet and there is no change in the situation here.

ALEXIEFF'S REQUEST HAS BEEN REFUSED

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25.—3.16 p. m.—The draft of the treaty whereby American and Russian firms can sue in their respective countries over which Ambassador McCormick has been negotiating, has been received from Washington and laid before the foreign office. As it is no longer possible to become is gratification during this session of congress, Mr. McCormick will probably allow the treaty to take its normal course.

It is said that the emperor, replying to Viceroy Alexieff's application for leave, has telegraphed his refusal, adding that he hoped the viceroy would be able to send good news soon.

Feigner, the celebrated tenor of the Imperial opera, who is an officer of the naval reserves, has been called to the colors.

YALU RIVER NOT CROSSED YET

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25—Major General Pflug in a telegram from Port Arthur formally denied the reports that the Japanese have crossed the Yalu river.

30,000 JAPANESE GOING NORTH

LONDON, April 25.—The far eastern despatches this morning are chiefly concerned with reports and speculations concerning Japanese landings and the plan of campaign.

The Morning Post's Shanghai correspondent says that spies have informed the Russians at Kin Chau that Japanese warships convoying transports with thirty thousand troops are steaming northward.

According to the Daily Mail's New Chwang correspondent, it is generally thought possible in naval and military circles to arrange a peaceful settlement of the far eastern trouble through the mediation of the powers.

The correspondent of the Standard at Chefoo says he hears that Japan has again protested to the Pekin government against Russian troops being permitted to occupy places near the Liao river.

The Daily Telegraph's Shanghai correspondent cables that a second Japanese army will sail shortly and will land on the island of Diawato, near Yongampho.

TRAIN WRECKED

ONE SOLDIER KILLED AND A DOZEN INJURED.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 25—A westbound special train carrying several carloads of soldiers bound for the Presidio at San Francisco has been wrecked at Harlsun station, the first station west of Needles, Cal., on the Santa Fe railroad. One soldier, James M. Powers, was killed and about a dozen injured.

According to the meagre information obtainable here the wreck was caused by the colliding of a light engine eastbound with the troop train. The engine had helped a train over the heavy grade just west of the Needles and was returning to that point, presumably without the knowledge of the troop train. The crews of both engines escaped by jumping. The locomotives were completely wrecked.

JAMES E. O'DONNELL
Attorney-at-Law,
6 HILDRETH BUILDING, LOWELL
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in daily life? In the work of the house we mean.
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AN HEIRESS TO BE

Lowell Woman Expects to be Very Rich

Mrs. L. A. Edwards, who lives in an unpretentious cottage house numbered 313, in Moody street, expects to receive between $300,000 and $400,000 from the estate of Robert Edwards, who was once a shining light in the King of England's navy. Not only did he render active service characterized by bravery, but he also sent his own ships against the French and Spaniards when those nations were at war with England. In recognition of such unprecedented service the king gave him a tract of land in what is now New York. Centuries have been rounded out since Edwards died and it is claimed that more than 400 heirs are waiting for their parts and parcels of the estate.

Edwards, it is stated, had thousands of dollars in the bank of England when he died, and if so the fellow who has time to reckon compound might take an imaginary amount and reckon the interest for three hundred years and then ask himself if he wouldn't like to be one of the Edwards heirs.

Mrs. Edwards who lives in the little white house in Moody street, says that a Baltimore lawyer has the matter in hand. It puzzled three or four Philadelphia lawyers but Mrs. Edwards believes that the Baltimore lawyer, unless he was burned out by the recent conflagration in that city, will succeed in settling the affair.

KING AND QUEEN

START ON A VISIT TO IRELAND.

LONDON, April 25.—King Edward, Queen Alexandra, the Princess Victoria and their suites started today on their visit to Ireland.

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE

WILL MEET NEXT SUNDAY IN JACKSON HALL.

The United Irish league held another important meeting in Shatuck hall last evening and transacted considerable business. Vice President Miss Delia A. Conway occupied the chair. It was voted to secure Jackson hall for the meeting next Sunday evening, when a prominent speaker will be present. The league is showing a steady growth in membership, having admitted 36 during the month. A very enjoyable musical program was carried out. Patrick Skeffington and M. A. Lee sang several selections in the Gaelic tongue. Miss Elizabeth Honan and Miss Katie Conmee, favorites with the league, sang Irish melodies in English.

Steps were taken to run a sociable before the end of May as a suitable windup at the season's work. Secretary Connolly made a final report on the recent home rule demonstration, showing the proceeds to have been $169. The Gaelic class is awaiting the receipt of textbooks.

CATHOLIC NOTES

High mass was celebrated at 11 o'clock at St. Patrick's church, yesterday by Rev. Fr. Callahan and was largely attended. The sermon on the text "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself" was preached by Rev. Fr. McHugh. The musical feature of the service was a duet at the offertory by Messrs. John J. McNabb and Daniel S. O'Brien.

MARRIED MEN'S MISSION.

The married men's mission at St. Louis' church came to a successful close yesterday afternoon. During the mission a Sacred Heart league was organized and many of the men joined. A mission of three days for the school children was inaugurated yesterday afternoon, the exercises being held at one o'clock previous to the closing exercises of the men's mission. Sermons for the children will be given every day after four o'clock.

The mission for the young men of the parish opened last night with a very large attendance. The missionaries, Rev. Frs. Trudel and Pare, have been doing splendid work in the parish and have been highly successful in the last two missions preached. Their fame as preachers has spread, and every day sees the church crowded with larger audiences, eager to listen to them.

FORTY HOURS' DEVOTION.

A forty hours' devotion was started at St. Peter's church after the 10.30 o'clock solemn high mass yesterday morning. The officiating clergyman was Rev. W. George Mullin and he was assisted by Rev. Daniel Hefferman as deacon, Rev. Hugh J. McDermod as sub deacon and Thomas A. Ginty of Boston college, master of ceremonies. Rev. Fr. Hefferman preached the sermon.

Following the celebration of the mass benediction was given by Rev. Fr. Ronan.

The forty hours' devotion will be brought to a close Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock when a high mass will be celebrated.

The priests connected with the Sacred Heart church are engaged in taking the census of the parish.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Max Schneider, the manager of a large manufacturing company in New Haven, Conn., and Miss Ella M. Sprague, also of that city, were united in marriage on Thursday at the home of a relative, Mrs. O. D. Simmons, 81 Howard street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Ralph Gillam of the First Congregational church, in the presence of a few friends.

HAMLIN—HAYNES.

A very quiet wedding took place on Wednesday evening, April 20, at St. Anne's rectory. The contracting parties were Royal L. Hamlin and Mrs. Lucy E. Haynes, both of this city. Rev. Dr. St. John Chambre performed the ceremony. They were unattended except by Arnold P. Haynes, a son, and Lillian R. Wallace, a niece of the bride. The occasion was unusually quiet on account of the recent death of the bride's mother.

CLARK—SIMMONEAUX.

Miss Helen B. Simmoneaux and Marvin W. Clark of Chicago, representing large business firms as salesman, were married last Wednesday. Rev. Ralph Gillam performing the ceremony.

KEMP STURGEON

A Well Known Boston Character Dead

BOSTON, April 25—Charles Henry Kemp Sturgeon, colored orator and politician, and one of the picturesque characters of Boston, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 4 Alexander street, Roxbury, aged 74. He had suffered from a complication of ills since last November. He left a wife and one daughter. The funeral will take place Tuesday at 10 o'clock at St. Peter's church, Meeting House Hill, where high mass will be celebrated.

For years "Judge" C. H. Kemp Sturgeon, as he was more commonly called, had been a familiar figure on the streets. He was interested in politics, especially national and municipal, and used to call often at the newspaper offices to express his views on various matters. He was tall and of striking bearing, which was accentuated by a silk hat, spectacles, cane and usually a green bag.

Mr. Sturgeon was a native of Jamaica, and is reputed to have held a judicial office in the West Indies, where he spent a large portion of his life. He was not a member of the bar here, however.

He was the first colored man to hold the office of justice of the peace in Massachusetts, having been appointed by Gov. Greenhalge June 14, 1895. He was also for some years a notary public, and took much pride in these distinctions.

Mr. Sturgeon came into prominence in the summer of 1897 through political work he had done for the republican party among the colored people of Boston. But he was sorely disappointed at the little, if any, recognition he received for his services.

For some time in the summer of 1897 the aged colored man was a daily visitor at the executive mansion in Washington in the hope that he would be given a consular appointment to Jamaica. He became discouraged, however, and on July 12 created a dramatic scene on the portico as he left the building, grief-stricken and broken-hearted.

Senators Hoar, Lodge and nearly all the Massachusetts republican representatives indorsed his candidacy for a position. The failure to more speedily realize his ambition reduced the buoyancy of his spirits to the verge of desperation.

Slowly descending the steps the old man paused and looked at the upper windows of the executive mansion. "I spent all I had," he said, "for McKinlay. I received letters at the time signed 'Mark Hanna,' commending my services and promising reward. Since then I have found out that Hanna never wrote a letter, and that Sen. Dick had signed Hanna's name to all of them.

"Senator Hanna had repeatedly turned me down and I have had little encouragement at the White House. I am heart-broken and I know not what to do."

NEW SEWERS

COMMITTEE WILL GIVE HEARINGS TONIGHT.

The sewere committee will go out on a tour of inspection this afternoon at 4 o'clock and this evening at 7.30 will give hearings. Work was started on the Short street sewer this morning.

SCHOOL BOARD

WILL HOLD REGULAR MEETING THIS EVENING.

The school board will hold its regular monthly meeting at City hall this evening.

WORK HELD UP

UNTIL COMMON COUNCIL HOLDS A REGULAR MEETING.

The board of aldermen will hold their regular meeting tomorrow evening at City hall, but there will be no meeting of the lower branch although there was some talk of it. Meanwhile 100 men are kept from going to work on the Locks and Canals water main job because of the holding up of the petition to open the street in the common council. The company instead of asking the permission of the city council should have done business with the superintendent of streets who could have granted the necessary permission.

KICKED BY HORSE

ACCIDENT IN WARD STREET THIS MORNING.

Joseph Belleaun, residing at 34 Ward street, was kicked by a horse in a wood yard in Ward street and received a bad gash over the left eye. He was taken to St. John's hospital in the ambulance.

PERSONALS

Rev. Leon E. Bell, of the New England conference, formerly pastor of Centralville M. E. church of this city, after closing a very successful year as acting or associate president of Vashon college, Burton, Washington, was elected to complete a term of five years' service in the same position.

Rev. P. M. Griffin of Nepouset, is the guest of Rev. and Mrs. R. F. True at their home, 103 Westford street.

Mrs. William P. Lawler of Nesmith street is entertaining her sister, Mrs. John H. Schrieber of Kingston, N. Y.

The many friends of Mr. John J. Manchester, Jr., the popular and well-known young clerk at Pearson's drug store, will be pained to learn of his illness at the home of his parents in Livermore street.

BANKS WILL BE MERGED.

BOSTON, April 25—It was announced today that the First National bank of this city will soon absorb the National Bank of Redemption and that Daniel G. Wing, president of the First National, will serve as president of the merged institutions. The plan of combination calls for the liquidation of the Redemption bank. The consolidation will represent an institution with $2,000,000 capital, a surplus of $2,000,000 and deposits aggregating about $35,000,000. The stockholders of the Bank of Redemption will be asked to ratify the proposition for a merger on May 31.

SMALL-POX BILL

The National Government Owes City $400

The regular meeting of the board of health will be held tomorrow afternoon at City Hall, when it is expected action will be taken on the petition of Undertaker Archambeault for a license to keep two horses in his stable in Decatur avenue.

Agent Knapp and Dr. Johnson had an interesting discussion over the bills recently contracted by the health department on account of the two small-pox cases at the small-pox hospital, the victims of which were two Portugese, who have not been in the country one year and who, hence are charges of the national government. Had they been in the country over one year they would be charges of the state in which they were living and that state would have to compensate the city for their care, while in this case the national government must pay the city. It is the first time on record when the city authorities have had to look to the national government for compensation in such cases and Agent Knapp is somewhat doubtful as to how the nation will treat his bill, as it pays what it pleases and cannot be sued. The bill amounts to about $400. It will be sent to the State and the State in turn will forward it to the national authorities for final action.

The nearest thing to a similar case exists in Haverhill, where the city of Haverhill took care of two small-pox patients who had settled in Marlboro, and sent in a bill of $1500, which included the cost of quarantine for another family living in the same house with the two victims. Haverhill sued Marlboro and the superior court allowed damages for the care of the two persons suffering with the small-pox in the amount of $1000 in round numbers but would not allow for the care of the healthy persons placed in quarantine. The case is now before the supreme court.

Agent Knapp after considering that the court allowed Haverhill $1000 for two cases is of the opinion that he ought to get the full amount of his bill without trouble, his total being only $400.

FUNERALS

DONNELLY—The funeral of William Donnelly took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his parents, James and Catherine, 9 L street, Centralville. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery and was under the direction of Funeral Director Charles H. Molloy.

O'HEARN—The funeral of Miss Annie O'Hearn was held from her home, 120 Lewis street, Saturday afternoon, and was largely attended. The floral offerings were profuse. The bearers were John O'Hearn of Lynn, James and Peter Kelley and James P. and John D. O'Hearn of Lowell, and Frank Morgan of Waltham, Mass. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Rev. Fr. Walsh officiated at the grave. Undertaker Davey had charge of the arrangements.

STEADY—The funeral of William E. Steady was held yesterday afternoon from the rooms of Undertaker Molloy. Rev. Mr. Jenkins was the officiating clergyman. The bearers were a delegation present from the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. The floral offerings were numerous, including a large pillow inscribed "Brother," from sisters of deceased; pillow from the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. The bearers were Michael Murray, Charles Paine, Napoleon Crook, Charles Oakes, all of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, in charge of Undertaker C. H. Molloy.

ANASTASIADES—The funeral of Nicholas Anastasiades was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the rooms of Undertaker Molloy and at 3.15 o'clock services were conducted at the Greek church. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, in charge of Undertaker Molloy.

FOX—The funeral of Mrs. Flora E. Fox took place yesterday afternoon. After prayers at the house, services were held at the Drapet Centre church and were largely attended by relatives and friends. Rev. F. J. Kelley was the officiating clergyman and appropriate hymns were sung. The bearers were Steadman, Frank and Daniel D. Fox, and Granville Coburn, all relatives. Undertaker Brooks was in charge of the arrangements and burial was in the cemetery at New Boston.

KERRIGAN—The funeral of Margaret Kerrigan took place yesterday afternoon at the home of her nephew, Martin Carey, 83 Crosby street, and Rev. Fr. McDermod had charge of the service at St. Peter's church, at 4 o'clock. The bearers were Messrs. Martin Carey, Charles Schloss, Samuel Kelley, Durkin Kelley, Joseph Reed and James Walsh. Undertaker Molloy had charge of the arrangements and burial was in St. Peter's cemetery.

R. W. & B.
DIVIDEND DAY
Next Tuesday
Dividends may be had at either of Cook, Taylor & Co.'s stores, The Central Cash Market, Normandin's, Aiken street, or at the company's office.
Red, White and Blue Trading Stamp Co.
ASSOCIATE BUILDING

IN POLICE COURT

So Called Spotter Cases Continued

MEN BEHIND THE GUNS NOT IN COURT

Many Drunken Offenders Disposed of

Four liquor cases of the so-called spotter denomination were called in police court this forenoon. Two of the cases came up on continuance and were re-continued. The other two were new cases and were continued. The spotters, so called, were not in court and James H. Carmichael, counsel for the defendants in one of the cases, was in Boston.

The Waverly House case, Charles Fitzsimmons, John McLaughlin and Dennis Landry, defendants, was continued to May 2.

John Sheehy and James Carson, the former charged with sale on two counts, and the latter with sale, keeping liquor and maintaining a liquor nuisance had their cases continued to May 5. The premises are described in the complaints as being located in Central street beyond and nearby the opera house. The defendants were ordered to recognize in the sum of $300 each and John J. Higgins went surety for them.

James F. Lyons and James Griffin who were charged with sales, keeping liquor and maintaining a liquor nuisance, had their cases continued to Wednesday, May 4. John J. Pickman appeared for them and William J. Hardy was accepted as surety.

James F. Finucane had four counts to answer to. He is charged with selling; the second complaint alleges sales, two counts, and he is also charged with maintaining a liquor nuisance. His case was continued to Thursday, May 5, and he was ordered in $300 for his appearance before the court on that day. Peter F. Davey was accepted as surety. Finucane was without counsel. The premises in this complaint were described as those formerly occupied by John O'Connell in Kinsman street.

Maud Belle pleaded guilty to fornication and was ordered to pay a fine of $15, to be paid in five days, with an alternative of two months in jail. The man in the case was Peter Meron. In this case probable cause was found and he was ordered in $300 for the superior court.

Frank Carley pleaded guilty to a complaint charging him with the larceny of $12.85, the property of John Brady. He was ordered to pay a fine of $20, to be paid within five days, with an alternative of three months in jail.

Edward McManus was charged with drunkenness and obstructing the street. He pleaded guilty and two fines, $5 and $5, were imposed.

Alexander Cameron, a baker, called at the police station about a week ago. He said he was on the verge of delirium tremens and he wanted police protection while the snakes were doing their horrible strunt. He was removed to the city farm and fought his battle in a padded cell. Today he appeared in police court. He has been in Lowell about eight months and it was his second appearance before the court. He was ordered to pay a fine of $6.

Other drunken offenders were disposed of as follows: Patrick H. Fallon was fined $10; Norah Harrington was sent to the workhouse for eight days; James F. Mulhern, John Chamberlain, Michael Champagne, Israel Labelle and John J. Clancy were fined $5 each. John J. Fox, a parole man, was ordered in $200 for his appearance before the court tomorrow morning for sentence. Six, whose first offence it was within a year, were fined $2 each and three were released.

PRES. LOUBET

PLACED WREATHS ON KINGS' TOMBS.

ROME, April 25—President Loubet of France, was arrived in Rome yesterday to repay the visit of King Victor Emmanuel to Paris last October, went with a royal cortege to the Pantheon today to lay wreaths on the tombs of King Victor Emmanuel II and King Humbert. He was received by veterans of the Italian army.

The function was of the most impressive nature. President Loubet speaking to each veteran, some of whom wore medals gained while fighting in 1859 with the French against Austria. With the same cortege President Loubet then drove to the palazzo Margherite to pay a visit to the queen's mother, Margherita. He remained a half hour.

Those surrounding the pope assert that he has expressed his intention to protest against the visit of President Loubet to Rome on the ground that it is the first occasion on which the head of a Catholic country has visited the quirinal since the fall of the temporal power of the popes, but it is not known when or under what form the protest will be issued.

DEATHS

PENDER—Miss Sarah Pender, a lifelong resident of Lowell and a much esteemed member of St. Michael's church, died this morning at her home, 103 West Sixth street, aged 48 years. She is survived by five sisters. The time of funeral will be announced later.

FLYNN—Thomas P. Flynn, aged 30 years, died yesterday morning at the home of his parents, Patrick and Julia, 1268 Bridge street. He leaves to mourn his loss besides his father and mother, two brothers, Edwin and Owen, and one sister, Mrs. Christopher Broadhent of Philadelphia.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS

The regular meeting of the Catholic Order of Foresters was held yesterday afternoon in St. Joseph's college hall, for the purpose of forming a military guard within the organization. The project was successfully carried out and the guard organized with 17 initial members, all recruited from Court St. Antoine. Officers will be elected in the near future.

DESERTED GIRLS

Returned to Nashua by Pauper Authorities

FATHER ABANDONED THEM HERE

Step-Mother Figured in the Case

The pauper authorities are looking for Charles Blanchard, a cripple, who deserted his two children, two girls, aged 11 and 12 years, in a lodging house in Bridge street a few weeks ago and who has not been heard from since. The children will be sent to Nashua, N. H., where they are said to have relatives.

Blanchard is a cripple carrying crutches and claims to be a silversmith by trade. He came here two weeks ago with the children and put up at the lodging house of Mrs. Shaw, 52 Bridge street. Shortly after his arrival a woman called, it is said, whom Blanchard appeared to know and a short time afterward he went away from the house leaving the children behind him and has not been seen since. The landlady after waiting a reasonable length of time for Blanchard to put in an appearance called upon Sec. Courtney at City hall and notified him of the case, Sec. Courtney spoke with the children and one of the latter told him that they had come from Lawrence, but after a sharp cross-questioning she admitted that they came from Nashua and that she has two aunts and a brother in Nashua. She states that the family lived together in Nashua, her father, a stepmother and the two girls. The stepmother, she said, abused her and showed scars on her limbs as the result of the treatment she had received from her stepmother.

About four weeks ago, she said, her stepmother left the house and a week later her father packed up and came to this city, taking the children with him.

Sec. Courtney decided to send the children back to Nashua today.

TWO FIRE ALARMS

FALSE ALARM SOUNDED SATURDAY NIGHT.

A still alarm at 9.05 this morning summoned a portion of the fire apparatus at the central fire station in Middle street to a fire in a pile of oakum in the basement of Carroll Bros., plumbers, in Middle street. The damage was slight.

T. C. Lee had the insurance.

A false alarm from box 26 at the corner of Pawtucket and Fletcher streets was pulled in shortly after 9 o'clock last night. When the fire apparatus arrived at the box there was no one who knew anything about the fire, but several people in the vicinity said they saw a man pull in the box and then hurry away. The matter will be investigated and an arrest may follow.

At 1 o'clock yesterday morning an alarm from box 51 was for a fire in a house in Chambers street belonging to the Wamesit Power Co. A defective chimney set fire to the partition of the house and when the fire department arrived there was a lively blaze in progress. It was necessary to tear away a good portion of the flooring on the first and second floors to extinguish the fire. The insurance on the building is held by Fred C. Church.

A telephone alarm yesterday morning was for a chimney fire in a house in Charles street owned by Charles McEvoy.

WHEN YOU ARE READY
To pack away your winter garments we are ready to supply you with Camphor Gum, Lavender Camphor, Cedar Camphor, Crystalline Camphor, Cedar Shavings, Cedar Bars, Camphor Balls, Tar Bags, in fact we carry in stock everything required to protect clothing from moths and other insects. Low prices.
FALLS & BURKINSHAW
RELIABLE DRUGGISTS
418 MIDDLESEX STREET
Opposite Northern Station, Cor. Thorndike St.
Open from 6 a. m. to 11.30 p. m.

WANTED
COAT MAKERS
J. J. SULLIVAN
Lowell's Leading Tailor
25 PALMER STREET

"Dowd's Honest Ten"
CIGAR
A PERFECT SMOKE.

7,000 JAPS LOST

Russia Hears News of Great Victory at the Yalu River

ST. PETERSBURG, April 23.—5.18 p.m. A rumor is current in this city that the Japanese sustained heavy loss while attempting a landing near the mouth of the Yalu river. According to the report which is said to be based upon a private telegram from Port Arthur, the Japanese lost seven thousand men. The story is not confirmable at this hour and is discredited in quarters where the Associated Press correspondent made inquiries, but an absolute official statement has not yet been obtained.

FIRST BATTLE IN MANCHURIA

ST. PETERSBURG, April 23—2.05 p. m.—In spite of the reports from Seoul and Tokio that the Russians are massing 50,000 men to resist the Japanese crossing the Yalu river, it can be asserted with great positiveness that an obstinate obstruction of the enemy's crossing is no part of Gen. Kuropatkin's tactics. The Russians intend that the Japanese shall have the river behind them before giving battle in force. Kuropatkin's plans in this respect are fully approved.

Of course the Russians will do all in their power to render the crossing as difficult and expensive as possible, but the first decisive engagement will occur in Manchuria, where the Russians believe they will have all the advantage of position.

The Japanese fleet is again reported to be off Port Arthur, but the report is not official.

PUBLIC RECEPTION TO THE SURVIVORS

SEBASTOPOL, April 23—The welcoming of Capt. Roundneff of the cruiser Variag and the second section of the survivors of the Variag and Korietz is proceeding. A public reception occurred today at the foot of the statue of Gen. Lazareff and later a big dinner was given in honor of the officers and men, at which the emperor and the imperial family were toasted amid great enthusiasm.

MANY RUMORS OF SEVERE FIGHTING

LONDON, April 23.—Rumors of severe fighting on the Yalu are repeated in various forms and from various points. For instance the Shanghai correspondent of the Morning Post says he hears that the first Japanese army has crossed the Yalu almost without opposition and the Daily Chronicle correspondent at Seoul says that heavy fighting has occurred, but that for strategic reasons it is impossible to send particulars.

No authentic news, however, has reached London showing that anything has happened beyond skirmishing.

JAPANESE EXPECTED TO CROSS THE YALU

LIAO YANG, April 23.—Gen. Kuropatkin is expecting that the Japanese will soon attempt to cross the Yalu.

The concentration of the enemy's forces at Wiju has progressed steadily. Information brought by scouts and others show that there is more than one division here and that pontoons are being brought up.

There was a skirmish yesterday on an island opposite Wiju which the Japanese occupied in order to pave the way for the laying of pontoons. A Russian troop in boats was attacked and driven back. Captain Smeisin, commanding the troops was wounded by four bullets.

JAPANESE SPIES SHADOW RUSSIANS

ST. PETERSBURG, April 23.—6 a.m.—The Russki Slavi prints a letter from an official in the French secret service which reports the presence of numerous Japanese spies in France, well provided with money. They shadow Russians and watch the shipyards. Especially do they endeavor to ascertain the exact date of the departure of the Baltic fleet and the points en route at which it will coal.

The Novosti states that the Russians should feel gratified at the strategical achievement of the naval squadron which imposed caution upon the Japanese operations and gave Russia time to throw a preponderating force into Manchuria. The most favorable time, the Novosti continues, for Japanese military operations, has passed.

A letter written by Col. Agapeef, an officer of marines on the Petropavlovsk who was drowned, describes the routine upon the battleship. We rise, he writes, at 6 o'clock, learn the news of the night and drink tea. At 8 o'clock we attend colors and then read the papers in hope of obtaining information of the intentions of the enemy. Afterwards we go to a meeting at headquarters and discuss questions of defence. Lunch comes at 1 o'clock. Afterwards we visit the city or transact our own affairs. Dinner is at 6 o'clock when rumors of all kinds circulate.

If reports of the appearance of the enemy are persistent, the letter states, the torpedo boats are sent out and upon these craft falls the hardest service of the war. When Grand Duke Cyril arrived at Port Arthur he was given command of a torpedo boat. The ships in the harbor, it is stated, were connected with the others and with the shore by telephone.

RUSSIAN LOAN OF $100,000,000

NEW YORK, April 23—International banking houses in this city have received intimations that the Russian government is on the point of making its proposed $100,000,000 loan if it can be found that such a loan would meet with favor among continental bankers and those of England and the United States. Tentative and indirect inquiries have been made of London and New York bankers to ascertain its probable reception in these two places if the loan is brought out.

THE PENSION BILL

House Accepts Senate Amendment

REPORT ON NAVAL BILL ACCEPTED

The World's Fair Committee Named

WASHINGTON, April 23—When the house convened today Speaker Cannon announced the following committee to represent the house at the opening ceremonies of the Louisiana purchase exposition: Chairman G. A. Tawney and Representatives Hemenway (Ind.), Littaur (N. Y.), Curtis (Kas.), Van Voorhees (O.), Lovering (Mass.), Hermann (Ore.), Hedge (Ia.), Babcock (Wis.), Loudenslager (N. J.), Bartlett (Ga.), Maynard (Va.), Hamlin (Mo.), Dinsmore (Ark.) and Clayton (Ala.) The bill for the commission to investigate the merchant marine was taken up and Gen. Grosvenor announced that a vote was to be reached this afternoon. He then yielded one hour to Representative Hepburn (Ia.) Mr. Hepburn referred to the criticism of the president by Mr. Kitchin yesterday. The gentleman, he said, was a member of a co-ordinate branch of the government, "yet you listened to the bitter, yea, the criminal denunciation of the president." This was a degradation of the nation in the eyes of the world he declared.

Referring to the alleged quotation from the president that there is a strain of barbarism running through the people of the south, Mr. Hepburn said the gentleman had sought to place the responsibility for this barbaric spirit upon the president of the United States, placing him as one who was the advocate of lynching and the justifier of the horrid outrages which take place in the section of the country from which the gentleman comes. That these things did take place, Mr. Hepburn said, there was no denial and the president's statement had reference to the frontier.

"This brutal arraignment of the president ought not to go unchallenged," he continued, "and I thought someone in addition to my friend (Gen. Grosvenor) ought to say what I have said."

"The gentleman makes merry because, as he says, the president has not seen fit to allow the gentleman from Ohio and myself to find favor in his eyes on the question of civil service. But if the president has as poor opinion of my opinion on that subject as I have of his I am ready to commiserate with him." (Laughter on the democratic side.)

"But," continued Mr. Hepburn, as he left the subject, "the president of the United States does not allow his opinion of questions of this character to interfere with its relations with the public service."

The house agreed to the senate amendment to the pension appropriation bill.

The conference report on the naval appropriation bill was called up by Chairman Foss, who explained the agreement reached. The report was adopted without division.

The conference report on the bill to ratification an agreement with the Crow Indians of Montana was adopted.

THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—When the senate convened today Mr. Platt (N. Y.) presented a protest from the chamber of commerce of New York against the Chinese exclusion amendment to the general deficiency bill, declaring, that in view of the efforts that are being made to cultivate and increase trade relations with the Chinese empire, further restrictive measures would, in our opinion, be suicidal and would entirely subvert these efforts, we believe.

The protest was ordered printed.

BOTKIN TRIAL

CITY PAID OUT $4500 TO WITNESSES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 23—Most of the witnesses from Delaware who testified at the trial of Mrs. Cordelia Botkin convicted of the murder of Miss J. P. Dunning, and who testified at the preliminary hearing of a second charge of murder before Police Judge Conlan, have left for their homes. It cost the city $4500 to meet the claims for compensation and expenses to bring these witnesses out here for travelling and hotel bills.

GREAT LOCKOUT

7000 Union Men May be Idle

NEWARK, N. J., April 23—A lockout of 6000 or 7000 union men engaged in the building trades is threatened for Monday next. The associated building contractors recently sent out to the United Building Trades league a communication demanding "the return to their work on or before April 20, 1904, of any striking employes in the building trades pending the arbitration of any dispute."

The contractors declared that in the event of a refusal to comply with this demand, a general lockout of all the affiliated trades would be instituted Monday.

The journeymen say that the controversy is the outcome of a strike declared some time ago by the cement workers over a reduction in wages and joined in out of sympathy by the tar roofers.

MURDOCK INDICTED

CHARGED WITH RECEIVING STOLEN POSTAGE STAMPS.

PORTLAND, Me., April 23—David F. Murdock, a prominent business man of this city, was indicted by the grand jury of the United States circuit court on the charge of receiving stolen postage stamps. William Huddle was indicted on the charge of robbing the post office at Southwest Harbor.

McALEER WILL

THREE DAUGHTERS FILE NOTICE OF APPEAL.

BOSTON, April 23—Not satisfied with the decision of the probate court which allowed the document, three daughters of Patrick McAleer, the late millionaire carpenter and builder of this city, filed notice of an appeal in the supreme court in further contest of their father's will. The contestants charge that the will was procured by the fraudulent and undue influence of their brother, John B. McAleer. Under the will all the property left will ultimately pass to the son's children.

FOUND GUILTY

CHARLES GRAVES MURDERED HIS WIFE.

DES MOINES, Ia., April 23.—Charles W. Graves, charged with murdering his wife and burning the body, was found guilty in the district court today, a jury recommending life imprisonment.

A daughter, Winnie Reader, member of the Grau Opera company, then playing in Chicago, arrived home to spend the holidays three days after the crime was committed. She buried her mother, accused her stepfather of the crime and secured his conviction.

Got a Constant Headache?—Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," Catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment and it never fails to cure. Sold by Ellingwood & Co. and Falls & Burkinshaw.—6.

May

IS QUARTER MONTH AT THE

Washington Savings Institution

—4—

Per Cent. Interest

265 Central St., Towers Corner

Get the Spring Habit

It is a fact, generally conceded by physicians, pharmacists, and even by competitors, that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most effective medicine ever devised for the complete purification of the blood, and the complete renovation of the whole system.

Get Hood's today.

Sold everywhere.

JOHN W. McEVOY

Counsellor-at-law

And Public Administrator.

15 Central Street. Telephone 629-4.

JAMES GALLAGHER, the 12-year-old Boy Who Has Been Missing for the Last Four Weeks. Any Information Regarding Him Should be Sent to the Police or to His Parents, rear of 110 Lakeview Avenue.

The photograph from which the above picture was made was taken eight years ago but it shows the facial expression of the boy sufficiently to help in his identification.

FAVORABLE REPORT

ON BILL TO RELIEVE KLAW AND ERLANGER.

WASHINGTON, April 23—The house committee on ways and means today authorized a favorable report on the Cockran bill relieving Klaw and Erlanger from their bond of $37,800, being double the value of the imported scenery used in the production of "Bluebeard" and party destroyed by the Iroquois theatre fire in Chicago, Dec. 30, 1903. The scenery that was saved from the Iroquois was destroyed by a fire in a warehouse on March 8, 1904.

The bond was to secure the exportation of the scenery within six months of its admission free of duty.

KILLED HUSBAND

IN ORDER THAT HE COULD MARRY WIDOW.

CHICAGO, April 23—A dispatch from Rock Rapids, Iowa, says:

Upon the witness stand in the trial of Charles Rocker for murder the woman he called his wife has told how the man disturbed in his sleep by recollections of the crime, enacted before her the manner of his slaying her former husband, August Schroder, near Doon, Iowa, June 30, 1900. Rocker was a hired man on Schroder's farm and after Schroder's death he married the widow and obtained Schroder's property. It was shown that he has a wife living in Minnesota from whom he has not been divorced, thus invalidating his marriage to Mrs. Schroder and in this way allowing her to testify against him.

On one occasion Rocker fractured the skull of my husband by throwing a wrench at him." Mrs. Schroder testified. "That night he came in at 2 o'clock. He slept uneasily. Suddenly he sat up and struck me in the face. His eyes were shut tight.

"Then he leaned close to my face and said in a hoarse whisper, 'August, now I've got you.' I was terribly frightened and got out of bed and waited till he awoke. Then I asked him why he said that. He told me he had killed my husband, who I always believed had committed suicide.

"He told me that when they went to Doon Jan. 29, 1900, he bought some chloroform and put it and morphine in whiskey. When they got home August was taken sick and then Rocker strangled him and hung his body in the barn where I found it.

"When he told me this he put a revolver at my head and told me if I ever told he would surely kill me as he did August."

SALE RATIFIED

UNITED STATES GETS PANAMA CANAL.

PARIS, April 23—4.15 p. m.—The resolution of the Panama canal company shareholders ratifying the sale of the canal to the United States was adopted almost unanimously. There were only five votes against it. The second Panama resolution was also adopted. There were only two dissenting votes.

The meeting then adjourned.

This completes the transfer of the canal to the United States.

TO TAKE STRIKERS' PLACES.

BUDAPEST, Hungary, April 23—Several thousand new men have applied for employment on the government railways to take the place of strikers. About 500 of them thus far have been engaged.

BOSTON MAN APPOINTED.

ST LOUIS, Mo., April 23—Richard H. Pierce of Boston has been appointed chief engineer to take charge of the power plant at the world's fair. He was consulting engineer at the Columbian exposition.

STRIKE CALLED OFF.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 23.—The strike of the 850 shoe workers at the factory of Selz, Schwab & Co, has been declared off by the nationa lexecutive board of the union. The striking employes will meet today and decide whether to obey the order to return to work.

CREDIT OF $2,000,000.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Passage by the Canadian parliament of a bill granting in effect a credit of $2,000,000 to one of the subsidiary concerns of the Consolidated Lake Superior companies is expected to make possible the reorganization of the company under the Moffley plan announced some months ago but which failed because the stockholders would not supply the cash needed.

The Canadian improvement company will put into effect the reorganization. The assets now held by Speyer & Co., of this city will be turned over, it is stated, to the Canadian Improvement Co. on payment of the amount due the banking house with interest.

CLEARING HOUSE BANKS.

NEW YORK, April 23—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week shows:

Loans increase, $3,136,200; deposits increase, $12,256,000; circulation increase, $410,800; legal tenders increase, $2,551,000; specie increase, $7,411,600; surplus, $34,203,700; increase, $6,890,100; ex-U. S. deposits, $16,255,075; increase, $60,602,552.

FIREMEN KILLED

Explosion Occurred in Burning Building

NEWARK, N. J., April 23—Three firemen were killed and 15 others injured at a fire that started early today in a six story brick building on Mechanic street, occupied by Wiener & Co., saddlery hardware manufacturers.

While the fire was at its height, a score of firemen were on the roof of the building of the Empire Gear and Top Co., a one story brick structure, adjoining the Wiener building.

An explosion occurred in the Wiener building which blew out the wall of the building and three stories of the side wall of the Wiener structure crashed down on the firemen. The building, on the roof of which the firemen were standing, was smashed like an egg shell and the men were buried under a huge mass of brick and timber. Three of the firemen were in a dying condition when taken out. Two died on the way to the hospital, and a third just after reaching there.

BACK TO WORK

STRIKING BOILERMAKERS RETURNED TO SHOPS.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 23.—None of the 150 boilermakers of the local shops of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, who walked out last night with their aprons and personal tool kits, returned to the shops today. Until midnight last night they were in session in Union hall with John McNeil, grand president of their union, as a visitor. No statement as to the proceedings of the meeting was given out.

At the general offices of the railroad in this city information regarding the strike was withheld early today but it was intimated that a statement might be made later.

This afternoon the following official statement regarding the trouble was given out from the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad offices:

"The demands presented by the men were as follows:

"First, an increase of 4 cents an hour (which is equivalent to about 15 per cent.)

"Second, that nine hours constitute a day's work, with eight hours work on Saturday and nine hours' pay (the company conceded this.)

"Third, overtime to begin after nine hours, except on Saturday, after eight hours (the company conceded this.)

"Fourth, the boilermakers asked to be allowed $1 per day for expenses when sent out on the road (the company agreed to allow the actual expenses incurred.)

"Fifth, the men asked that when a boilermaker is sent out on the road he should in all cases be accompanied by a helper (the company did not agree to this, as they feel that it is a matter of management and conditions, that is, in some cases a helper might be required and in others would not.)

"In regard to the first mentioned demand: The position of the company is that they cannot afford to pay any more for the cost of transportation than the roads in their immediate neighborhood with whom they are competing for traffic. An actual comparison was made with the rates paid to boilermakers and their helpers by the New York Central, Boston & Albany and Boston & Maine railroads and the company offered to make some changes in the pay of certain boilermakers, which would bring them up to the very highest basis paid by any of the roads, and very much higher than one.

"The men insisted that they must have an increase of at least 11 per cent., which would be equivalent to three cents per hour, but when asked why this company should pay its boilermakers 11 per cent. or three cents per hour more than other railroads, they had no reason to offer, except that there are a few roads in the extreme west that pay such rates.

"The above shows that the company conceded every point asked by the men except the increase in pay, which was not justified by the conditions on neighboring lines.

"A number of men at the different shops did not go out."

JOHN J. BOYLE

ELECTED MEMBER OF SOCIETY OF FINE ARTS.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 23.—John J. Boyle, 18 years of age, for a number of years a resident of Germantown, has been, according to private advices received here, elected a member of the national society of fine arts of Paris on account of a painting which was this year exhibited in the salon.

Boyle until he was 12 years old worked as a breaker boy in the anthracite regions. He fell a victim to a spinal trouble and was taken up by a philanthropic citizen of Scranton. This aid enabled him to develop his talent for painting.

WELL KNOWN SCULPTOR DEAD.

BOSTON, April 23.—The death of Richard Saltonstall Greenough, a well known sculptor, at Rome, was announced here today in a cable message received from Italy. Mr. Greenough was born in Roxbury eighty-five years ago. The statue of Benjamin Franklin in front of the city hall here was regarded as his bets piece of work. He was a brother of Horatio G. Greenough, the sculptor of the statue of Washington which stands in front of the capital at Washington.

WILL CALL AT MANILA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 23—Owing to their deep draft the Pacific Mail company's new liners Mongolia and Manchuria will not make Shanghai a port of call. On every trip, however, they will call at Manila, the service to that port being contributed entirely by the two giant twins and their smaller but more fashionable sisters, the Siberia and Korea.

ISELIN RELEASED.

PARIS, April 23.—Henry Iselin (the American and director of the Societe Generale de Banque) was released from custody today following strenuous representations on the part of Mr. Vignaud, charge d'affaires of the United States embassy. Mr. Vignaud's inquiries indicated that Mr. Iselin is the victim of the sharp practices of others.

D. A. R. CONVENTION

DIRECTORY OF MEMBERS WILL BE ISSUED.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—At today's sessions of the congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution, it was decided to compile a directory of the members and a resolution was passed urging legislation to prohibit the desecration of the United States flag. When the business manager of the official magazine reported that the net cost of the publication for the year was $4,328, some opposition to its maintenance developed. The magazine's friends finally won the day and the report of the manager was adopted. Action was taken urging legislation for a suitable international monument, in the form of a lighthouse to commemorate the achievements of Matthew Fontaine Murray, a revolutionary hero. Several revolutionary relics, including a piece of a flag carried at the battle of Bunker Hill were presented to the congress.

JUDGE WINTHROP

SELECTED FOR GOVERNOR OF PORTO RICO.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—President Roosevelt has selected Judge Beekman Winthrop, of the court of first instance, Philippine islands, to succeed William H. Hunt as governor of the island of Porto Rico. The appointment has not been announced officially but probably will be in a short time. Judge Winthrop is from New York.

DISASTROUS FIRE

RAGING IN SIERRA MADRE MOUNTAINS.

EL PASO, Tex., April 23.—A disastrous fire is raging in the Sierra Madre mountains of Mexico, 150 miles southwest of this city, and in many places the hills have been swept clean of valuable timber. The fire started a week ago and since then has traversed an area many miles in length.

BARONESS DEAD

WAS COUSIN OF LATE QUEEN VICTORIA.

LEADVILLE, Col., April 23—Stephanie, Baroness Di Gallotti Di Napoli, daughter of Signor Ghillardi, of Milan, Italy, and a secod cousin of the late Queen Victoria of England, is dead here.

The baroness was born in Milan in 1840. When 14 years old she was married to Baron Di Gallotti, with whom she lived happily for many years. In 1855 the baron was exiled for political reasons from Italy and a few years later the couple came to America.

The baroness was possessed of a beautiful voice and in the straits to which they had been reduced she found it necessary to use her talents to raise money. She toured the country with the leading Italian grand opera companies in the early sixties. The baron died in Denver in 1874. He had received a letter from the king of Italy cancelling the order exiling him from his country. The shock produced by the joyful tidings caused his death. In 1879 the baroness married Charles H. Tanner, who was then an attorney in Denver, and in 1880 the couple came here, where they have resided ever since. As age overtook them they found it more difficult to acquire funds for living expenses and frequently suffered from want.

HEARST MAKES COMPLAINT.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Rep. W. R. Hearst of New York, today filed with Atty. Gen. Knox a complaint alleging that a combination of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad and the Central railroad of New Jersey under a common management has stifled competition and petitioning the department of justice to proceed against them under the Sherman anti-trust law. The complaint asks that the action be taken to restrain the Reading company while the owner of the stock of the Philadelphia and Reading railway company from owning, holding or voting upon the stock of the Central, decreeing that the stock be returned to its lawful owners, and that all the provisions of the anti-trust law be applied to the parties in these transactions when found upon investigation to be guilty of wilful violation of the law. The complaint alleges that in January, 1901, to build up a monopoly in the anthracite coal business and to place competing roads under one control, there were transferred to the Reading 145,000 shares of the total 272,138 shares of capital stock of the Central. Since then, the complaint alleges, George F. Baer has been in executive control of the Reading company, Philadelphia and Reading railroad, Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Co., Central railroad of New Jersey, Lehigh railroad and the Wilkes-barre Coal Co. and the price of anthracite coal f. o. b., at tide water has advanced to the extortionate price of $5 a ton.

SIGNED BY PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—President Roosevelt today signed the bill opening 416,000 acres of the Rosebud Indian reservation in Gregory county, South Dakota.

HORSE SHOW CLOSES.

BOSTON, April 23—Several of the principal events of the week at the horse show were on the program for today, when the exhibition was to close. No classes were judged in the forenoon, but there were 17 events for the remainder of the day, 10 in the afternoon and the rest for the evening. This year's show has been one of the most successful that has ever been held here, both in point of view of attendance and in respect to the excellence of the exhibition itself, according to the experts who have been in attendance. Tonight will be decided the championships, the classes for single horses, pairs in harness and hunters and jumpers.

REPORTS EXAGGERATED.

DENVER, Col., April 23—Charles F. Martin, secretary of the National Livestock association, who has just returned from an extended visit among the cattlemen in the northern states, says that reports sent out from the cattle country to the effect that large numbers of cattle have died during the past winter are for the most part exaggerations. In Montana, South Dakota, Wyoming and Idaho, the cattle and sheep all look good.

STRIKE COLLAPSED

UNION DEFEATED IN ITS DEMANDS.

LYNN, Mass., April 23—Strikes of the cut sole workers in the J. C. Hamley and W. B. Phinney factories have collapsed. The union has been defeated in its demands for increased pay and less hours. Employes in all but these factories refused to strike three weeks ago when the union ordered the strike. Now the men themselves in both places have sought work under the old conditions and the union will declare the strike off Tuesday evening. The grain counter workers' union is tired of the strike against the manufacturers and is anxious to make a settlement. The manufacturers at first offered to arbitrate before a strike was ordered, but the union refused. Since then the union has expected that the state board of arbitration might bring about arbitration. The manufacturers declare that as the men struck they can remain out until they get tired. It is expected that the union will take action similar to that of the cut sole workers which is also affiliated with the American labor union in a few days.

CHILDREN RESCUED

MOTHER TOOK FIVE FROM BURNING BUILDING.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 23.—The lives of six children of John Guerin were endangered today by fire in a tenement house in the East Cambridge district. Mrs. Guerin, the mother, succeeded in rescuing five of the children, with some risk to herself but was unable to reach her six months' old baby. Later the infant was rescued by a policeman. It was not seriously burned. The monetary damage was trifling.

THE WEEK'S CLEARINGS.

NEW YORK, April 23—Prime mercantile paper 4@4½; sterling exchange slightly easier, with actual business in bankers' bills, at 487.25@487.30 for demand and at 485.25@485.30 for 60 days. Posted rates 486 and 488@½; commercial bills, 484½. Bar silver 55⅛, Mexican dollars 43⅜. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, firm.

Exchanges $150,565,297; balances $12,385,929.

For the week, exchanges, $1,103,616,616; balances, $73,458,130.

Total clearings of all the bank clearing houses throughout the United States for the week ending today were $1,932,663,951, a decrease of 9.5 per cent. compared with the corresponding period of last year.

APPOINTED RECEIVER.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 23.—Judge Kohlsaat has appointed the Royal Trust company receiver in bankruptcy of the plant of the William Craig Packing Co. The action followed the filing of a petition on behalf of the Omaha Packing Co.

COTTON FUTURES.

NE WYORK, April 23.—Cotton futures closed quiet. April, 13.65; May, 13.66; June, 13.77; July, 13.88; Aug., 13.41; Sept., 12.10; Oct., 11.54; Nov., 11.41; Dec., 11.38; Jan., 11.38.

Spot closed dull; middling uplands, 14.00; do. gulf 14.25; sales, 2102 bales.

EXCHANGES AND BALANCES.

BOSTON, April 23.—Exchanges, $25,477,568; balances, $2,203,027.

For the week, exchanges, $116,271,861; balances, $9,860,369.

A Great Sensation.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure." Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed by Goodale's drug store, 217 Central-street, Lowell. Trial bottles free.

Tea and Butterine

at wholesale. Old-fashioned dark yellow at half price of butter. Formosa, oolong, Ceylon, Assam, green, best that grows, 50 cents per lb., 4 lbs $1.00. Good tea, 3 lbs. 25c. Choice potatoes and apples.

Flynn's Market, 137 Gorham St.

It is more profitable to advertise honorably and fail in the attempt to get business, than to advertise dishonorably and succeed for a little while.

Maple Candies

. MADE FROM .

New Maple Sugar

AT

HARRY RICHARDSON'S

FRESH EVERY DAY

Wall Paper

—AT—

97 Appleton Street

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.

FIRE INSURANCE

159 Middlesex St.

ONE PAIR OF EYES

MUST LAST THROUGH LIFE.

Expert examination is always needed.

Optician George G. Rogers,

145 MERRIMACK STREET

Opposite Pollard's.

Special For this Week A fancy 2-quart Jug with one pound of 50 or 60c Tea

This is one of the best presents we have ever offered.

O'Brien Bros

TEA DEALERS

227 CENTRAL STREET Telephone 679-5.

VOTED FOR SMOOT

Woman Legislator Favored Him for Senator

WASHINGTON, April 23.—When the investigation of the Smoot case opened today, Judge O. W. Powers was again called to the stand. He read a petition prepared by supporters of Moses Thatcher, candidate for senator, addressed to the senate of the United States, charging that influence had been used in the election and asking for an investigation. Another instance of church interference had been shown, said he, in a mayoralty contest at Provo, when Reed Smoot favored the candidacy of George Sutherland. The witness said Smoot was held in disfavor with the church and charged with going to the liberal party.

Senator Overman asked if women were elected to the legislature in Utah. The witness answered in the affirmative and said a woman was chairman of the judiciary committee of the house in the legislature which elected Mr. Smoot as senator.

"Did she vote for Smoot?" asked Senator Overman.

"I understand she did."

Senator Dubois: "Judge Powers, what do you regard the chief exhibition of church domination over political affairs that has come to your notice?"

"It occurred at the April, 1896, conference, when the political rule, that is the manifesto against Mormons entering politics without the consent of the church authorities was adopted. This rule was adopted without a dissenting vote and at the same conference Moses Thatcher's name was dropped from the rolls as an apostle and no explanation of any character was made."

Senator McComas: "How do the young men in the Mormon church regard the practice of polygamy?"

"I think the young Mormon men and women, too, are opposed to the practice—strongly opposed, although I confess that I cannot understand the power the church is able to exert over them. I believe, however, that if the church authorities should attempt to re-establish polygamy—by revelation or otherwise, there would be no trouble."

In regard to continuation of polygamous cohabitation Judge Powers said that some look upon this condition with tolerance and others with open hostility.

Several senators engaged in the discussion of the future of polygamy and Judge Powers said he believed the practice could not last any more than could slavery. Continuing, he said:

"But I do not regard polygamy as the worst feature of the Mormon religion. What I object to most is its un-American domination by the hierarchy of the people of that faith, the belief in the right of the church authorities to prescribe rules, the belief that the head of the church is inspired and interference of the church in political and commercial affairs."

Senator Hopkins: "The same charge about commerce can be made against other churches, in a limited way, can it not?"

"Not as I make the statement here," said Mr. Powers.

"I do not know of any other church that conducts bathing beaches, street railways, electric light and power plants, banks, mines and mills and that attempts to control in local politics for the purpose of obtaining concessions and franchises."

Senator Hopkins: "There is the Methodist church in Chicago, of which I am a member. It engages in business and I have always supported that idea."

Attorney Worthington: "And the Trinity church in New York, also owns and rents property."

"But, as I understand it, Judge Powers means that the Mormon church is a trust and owns and controls great commercial institutions," said Senator McComas.

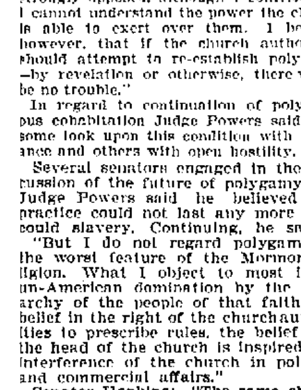
"That is it, it is a trust," said Judge Powers.

Senator Bailey asked Senator Hopkins and Mr. Worthington if the Methodist church in Chicago and Trinity church in New York engaged in mercantile affairs and both admitted that the business consisted merely of owning property and receiving rents. Senator Dubois suggested that if comparisons of power of the Mormon and Methodist churches were to be made, it would be well to summon the bishop of the Methodist church to testify.

"If you were as well acquainted with Methodism as I am it would not be necessary to summon a bishop," retorted Senator Hopkins.

Judge Powers continued in the line of making it clear that the Mormon church controlled business in Utah to a large degree and that it was protected by secrecy which was hard to get at.

Senator Overman remarked that there was no secrecy in Methodism and therefore the comparisons were unnecessary.



The more home baking you do, the more you will appreciate Cleveland's Baking Powder.

Using it in your biscuit and cake, you need not be an expert cook to get good results.

It never fails when used as directed.

ENGLISH CUP

WAS WON BY MANCHESTER CITY TEAM.

LONDON, April 23.—At the Crystal palace today Manchester city won the English cup, the Premier prize of the British association football, defeating the Bolton Wanderers by 1-0. Premier Balfour was among the spectators and Colonial Secretary Lyttelton presented the cup and medals to the winners. The attendance was estimated at 60,000.

COTTON REPORT

ISSUED BY LONDON BOARD OF TRADE.

LONDON, April 23.—The board of trade has issued a report on cotton cultivation in the British empire and Egypt, especially compiled by Wyndham R. Dunstan, director of the imperial institute. The imperial institute is still continuing its investigation, and therefore, no definite conclusions are given as to what extent the empire can furnish new sources of supply of raw materials. In general terms Sir Dunstan considers that the cotton area of India, especially of India, will be increased, although the bulk of Indian cotton is not suitable for the British market, the problem in that country is the possibility of cultivating cotton of a longer staple. He looks to little extension of the production in Egypt, but dilates on the favorable prospects of the Soudan where "the area open for planting cotton is 'ten times as great as in Egypt.'"

MEMORIAL SERVICES.

MALDEN, Mass., April 23.—Memorial services in commemoration of the late Chief Justice John Ward Pettingill who died last May were held by the Middlesex bar associations in the court house today. The meeting was presided over by Charles M. Bruce, president of the association, who presented a large oil painting of Judge Pettengill to the court.

MONEY FOR HALE BUILDING.

BOSTON, April 23.—It was announced today by former Gov. John D. Long, chairman of the committee which is receiving funds for the erection of a building in honor of Edward Everett Hale at the Hackley school, Tarrytown, N. Y., that $21,000 had been contributed. Dr. Hale arrived here today from Washington being temporarily relieved of his duties as chaplain of the United States senate.

BURIED ALIVE, HE ESCAPES.

CLEVELAND, April 23—Buried beneath ten feet of earth for ten minutes, John Burke, a laborer, of 40 Ontario street, escaped with his life and only slight injuries through the protection of several boards. With feverish haste the laborers dug him out.

HIGH RECORDS MADE.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Additional new high records were established by this week's bank statement. The aggregate of loans, $1,040,390,300, is in excess of all previous figures, as is also the deposit item, $1,109,374,400. Cash holdings of $311,547,300 are also greater than ever before.

By JOHN F. MURPHY AUCTIONEER

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by William A. Wentworth of Lowell, in the county of Middlesex and Commonwealth of Massachusetts to Fannie E. Vinal of said Lowell, dated September the eleventh, A. D. 1899 and recorded with Middlesex North District Registry of Deeds, book 311, page 597, and for breach of the conditions of said mortgage, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, upon the premises in said mortgage deed described, on Saturday, the twenty-first day of May, A. D. 1904, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular, the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed viz:

A certain lot of land situated in said Lowell, containing about ninety-four hundred and ninety-three and five tenths (9493.5) square feet and being lot numbered 2 on plan of land in Lowell and Dracut, belonging to the heirs of Milton Fox, surveyed July, 1891, by Osgood and Snell and recorded in Middlesex North District Registry of Deeds Book of Plans 7, plan 35 and thus bounded and described: Beginning at the northwesterly corner of the lot on Mt. Pleasant street at a point one hundred three and seven hundredths (103.07) feet southerly of the southwesterly corner of the high service reservoir lot, thence southerly on said Mt. Pleasant street seventy-five (75) feet to a proposed street called Grand View street; thence easterly on said proposed street, one hundred twenty-six and fifty-eight hundredths (126.58) feet to lot numbered 3 on said plan; thence northerly on said lot 3 seventy-five (75) feet to lot numbered 1 on said plan; thence westerly on said lot 1 one hundred twenty-six and fifty-eight hundredths (126.58) feet to the point of beginning.

Said premises will be sold subject to taxes for the year 1904.

A deposit of $100 will be required as soon as the property is struck off. Other terms will be announced at the time of the sale.

FANNIE E. VINAL, Mortgagee.

Lowell, Mass., April 22, 1904.

PETER A. FAY, Attorney, 53 Central St.

From Saturday's Late Edition

MISSED THE TRAIN

Because His Hat and Coat Were Locked Up

Agent Carlton of the state board of charity, who comes to Lowell every Friday to look after the interests of the juvenile offenders in police court, missed the 12.14 train for Boston yesterday because his hat and coat were in Probation Officer Slattery's room and the doors were locked. Mr. Slattery was in Danvers and it looked for a while as if Mr. Carlton was preparing to go to the same town.

Mr. Carlton hung his coat and hat in Mr. Slattery's closet before the court opened and when court adjourned he sat down at one of the tables and busied himself in arranging his papers. He was making haste because he wanted to get that 12.14 train, sure.

In the meantime Mr. Slattery had received a hurry call to Danvers. He forgot all about Mr. Carlton's clothes and locked the doors to his office before leaving for Danvers.

His papers arranged, Mr. Carlton hurried to the probation officer's office and lo and behold found the door locked against him. That was the door leading from the court room, and thought he, this door may be locked but the one leading from the hall will be open. Mr. Carlton had another think coming. Both doors were locked and when it dawned upon him that he was going to miss that train he was fit to be tied. His first impulse was to break the door down but he decided that would not be the proper caper. His next impulse was to swear out a warrant against Mr. Slattery, alleging confiscation of clothing. The second impulse did not live very long and like King Bruce of Scotland, Mr. Carlton "flung himself down in a lowly mood to think." He finally decided that he would seek out the janitor and he kicked himself for not thinking of the janitor as soon as he found the doors locked. He rushed down stairs and asked for Mr. Donohue, the janitor.

"Left here about five minutes ago," somebody said.

"Dern the luck," said Mr. Carlton. "If I had thought of him when I discovered that the doors were locked I would be on my way to Boston now."

Just then Mr Conlon, superintendent of lands and buildings, appeared on the scene. Mr. Carlton was telling of his predicament and Mr. Conlon said he had a great bunch of keys and he would see what he could do with the doors. None of Mr. Conlon's keys had a look in and after other keys had been tried, with no avail, James W. Kilburn, driver of the patrol wagon, came to the rescue and after looking the locks over said it was no use to monkey with them.

Now, Mr. Kilburn was at one time a seafaring man and when in difficulty he always thinks of some way to climb out of it.

"I'll get your coat and hat" he said to Mr. Carlton.

"How will you do it?"

"Come with me and ask no questions."

In a few moments an extension ladder was being aimed at the window to the probation officer's quarters. Kilburn mounted the ladder and fortunately for Mr. Carlton the window was unfastened and Mr. Kilburn went in, got the coat and hat and delivered them up to the owner.

"I'll never hear the end of this," said the state board man.

ANNUAL REPORT

Of Superintendent of Streets and Sewers

The annual report of the superintendent of streets and sewers was presented to the city clerk this morning, and while it is simply a report of the year's work without comment or recommendation it nevertheless contains many items of interest. The street department holds personal property to the amount of $45,649.11 and the sewer department to the amount of $24,372.05. The personal property of the boulevard is $3,052.25 and of the street watering department, $5,277.50.

One often speaks of a city outside of the metropolitan group as having only one street. That can never be said of Lowell for the report shows that last year there were 428 streets in Lowell for which it cost for scraping $12,438.21 and for sweeping $5,454.02. In 34 streets during the year 23,347 yards of grading was done at a cost of $10,965.06. In 16 streets 50,275 yards of macadam were laid at a cost of $30,434.28. Cinder sidewalks were laid for 101,480 yards at a cost of $8,613.30.

The sparrow gang, the members of which work in the city's busiest thoroughfares, cost the city $20,364.36 of which $19,171.76 went for labor and the remainder for teaming. The work of removing snow during the months of December, January and February cost the city $9,186.63, the labor costing $8266.

2199 feet of new granite crossings were laid during the year at a cost of $2,060.26 while 2583 feet of crossing were relaid at a cost of $770.29.

The number of miles of accepted streets in 1902 was 124.96 while the number during 1903 was 1.43, making the total mileage of Lowell's streets 126.39. The work of repairing bridges cost the city $5,498.50 and during the year 18,617.8 yards of concrete sidewalk were top-dressed.

Among the miscellaneous expenses mentioned in the report are the following: Trimming trees, $168.55 and removing trees, $258.03. Considering the fact that there are thousands of trees in Lowell it would seem that the street department gave but little attention to them. The boulevard cost only $1306.62 and the ledge cost $14,798.72. The catch basins laid during the year were 27 in number.

The report of the sewer department shows 2.23 miles of sewer were laid in Lowell during the year, making the total mileage for the city 90.28 miles.

SEVERAL DELEGATIONS

ATTENDED FUNERAL OF HON. ETHER S. FOSS.

The funeral of the late Hon. Ether S. Foss took place this afternoon from his late home, 62 Burtt street. The funeral was largely attended by relatives and friends of the deceased, including a large number of people from out of town, also a number of prominent business men of this city, members of the city government, and delegations from the Master Builders, Pilgrim Commandery, Knights Templars and William North lodge of Masons.

The delegation from the Master Builders association consisted of President Royal S. Ripley, D. Moody Prescott, Charles P. Varnum and George H. Watson. Pilgrim Commandery, Knights Templars, was represented by Commander Herbert C. Taft, Frederick W. Farnham, George W. Knowlton and George E. Putnam.

Services were conducted at the house at 2.30, by Rev. T. Clayton Welles, and during the service appropriate selections were rendered by a quartet.

The bearers were Col. A. M. Chadwick, George L. Hooper, William H. Hawes, Charles F. Hatch, Clarence H. Nelson and Frank L. Weaver.

At the close of the services the funeral cortege proceeded to the Lowell cemetery, where the body was placed in a tomb. Mr. Frank L. Weaver had general charge of the funeral arrangements and Undertakers C. M. Young & Co. had charge of the burial.

REPORT OF DEATHS

FOR THE WEEK ENDING APRIL 23, 1904.

April

3—Unknown man, 32, ac. gas poisoning.
14—Stephen G. Pettigrew, 63, disease of heart.
15—James H. Fielding, 1, entero colitis.
16—Mary Glancy, 70, old age.
Nelson Palm, 55, cer. hemorrhage.
Henry Perrault, 2, pneumonia.
Florence E. Beckwith, 2, diphtheria.
Eugene P. McCaffrey, 1, cer. meningitis.
Joseph Manigy, 6 hours, patent foramen ovale.
17—William Hogan, 74, nephritis.
William Germain, 73, rheumatism.
Edwin H. Brooks, 64, rheumatism.
Patrick Lyons, 34, pneumonia.
Annie Woods, 27, anaemia.
18—Philandre Saboll, 67, nephritis.
Charles O. Brissette, 4 mos., bro. pneumonia.
19—Michael McAndrews, 68, senility.
Julia Sullivan, 12, anaemia.
20—John F. Hayes, 6 days, debility.
Sophia F. Thurston, 86, cancer.
21—Mary E. Severance, 93, heart disease.
Mary A. Gordon, 44, cancer.
Julia Zawlszir, 2, pneumonia.
Emily Logan, 11 mos., enteritis.
Flora Sarasin, 2 mos., pneumonia.
Ether S. Foss, 70, angina pectoris.
Louise Daly, 20, tuberculosis.
Herbert St. John, 8 mos., chol. inft.

GIRARD P. DADMAN, City Clerk.

WHO KNOWS HER?

Chance to Help a Poor Old Widow

The following letter received by Mayor Howe is self-explanatory and His Honor believes that its publication in the columns of The Sun will bring about the information desired by the writer:

Pittsburg, Pa., April 12.

Dear Sir—An old resident of Lowell, Mass., has applied for a pension in Pittsburg, Pa. Her name is Mrs. Mary Tynan. She was married to Timothy Tynan in Lowell, Mass. Her maiden name was Mary Ryan and they were married in St. Patrick's church. To secure a widow's pension, her husband being dead, now for a number of years, it is necessary to find out some person or persons living in Lowell at the time of their marriage who knew both of them. This may be a hard matter to find out, but we were directed to write to the mayor of the city to see if he could give us any information that would be of use in this particular.

Mrs. Tynan is a very old lady and makes her home with the Little Sisters of the Poor in Allegheny, Pa. Her memory is very poor now, but she says she lived with Mrs. Brophy. Her husband had boarded there before they were married. Mrs. Brophy has died since, but she had three daughters, Ellen, Mary and Maggie. One of the girls married a Matt Luby and another married a man by the name of Walsh. If you could locate either of those they would do. She cannot get her pension without some of the witnesses. I am a friend of Mrs. Tynan, and therefore am doing the writing for her, as she has no one to do anything for her. Hoping that you will be able to furnish the desired information, I remain,

Yours truly,

MRS. CHAS. DONOHUE,
2 Welch's Row, West Carson St.
Pittsburg, Pa.

HIP BRUISED

CONTRACTOR HANDS WAS SEVERELY INJURED.

Mr. Stephen W. Hands, the contractor, residing at 32 Humphrey street, had a narrow escape from being badly hurt last night. He was at work on a staging on the house of Mr. Albion F. Swanton, agent of the Stirling mills in Parkview avenue, and in the process of taking the staging down was thrown heavily to the ground.

He was taken to his home and Dr. Sweetsir called. His injuries consisted of small cuts on the head, and his left hip was badly bruised.

REV. GEORGE E. MARTIN

SELECTED AS MEMORIAL DAY ORATOR.

A meeting of the Memorial Day committee, consisting of members of Post 42, 120 and 185, G. A. R., was held last night in Post 185 hall in Wyman's Exchange. The meeting was called to order by Commander E. A. Thissel, of Post 42, chairman of the committee, and the different sub-committees reported progress.

At the meeting it was voted to have Rev. George E. Martin, pastor of the Kirk street church, as orator at the Memorial Sunday services to be held on May 29th. J. Avison Baker will have charge of the chorus which will sing at the services.

HIS FORTUNE

RELATIVES OF THOMAS O'CONNOR SLOW IN COMING TO THE FRONT.

William B. Moffatt, superintendent of police, has not yet received visits from relatives of Thomas O'Connor, who was found dead on the railroad tracks near North Leominster last Monday night. The fact that O'Connor was quite wealthy has already been stated in the papers, and when stories of wealth are heralded a rush of relatives, bona fide and otherwise, is expected, but this case seems to be an exception. If any of O'Connor's relatives are living in this city Mr. Moffatt would like to hear from them.

FIRST OF MAY

NEW SHOE SHOP WILL MOVE HERE ON THAT DATE.

The following is from the Haverhill Gazette:

"The business at the Newport, N. H., shoe manufacturing plant of Kulpe Bros. will be removed to Lowell May 1. Already the work preliminary to the change of location has been started. About 200 hands will be affected by the transfer. It is understood that a good part of the help now employed at Newport will be retained by the firm and have signified their willingness to work in the Lowell factory.

"The Whittier mills, which have been leased by Kulpe Bros., are the property of the Benjamin Butler estate. It is reported that they have been engaged for a term of 10 years. The building is finely located for manufacturing purposes, having strong water power from both the Concord and Merrimack rivers, at whose junction about a mile south of the city proper, it is situated.

"There is some talk of a transfer of a portion of the Haverhill business of this firm to Lowell, this being partially due to the fact that the Lowell mills are much too large for the purpose for which it is said they have been engaged, but Kulpe Bros. say that the business at Ward Hill will not be disturbed for the present at least."

DEATHS

HOLMAN—Mrs. Sarah D. Holman died last evening at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. H. Wilson, 558 Rogers street, aged 78 years, 7 months and 22 days. Besides Mrs. Wilson she is survived by a son, Charles C. Holman, of Hoosic Falls, N. Y.

STEADY—Walter C. Steady, aged 28 years, died last night at St. John's hospital. He leaves to mourn his loss three sisters, one in Virginia, and two in Burlington, Vt. He was a member of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. The body was removed to the funeral parlors of Undertaker C. H. Molloy on Market street.

MATRIMONIAL

On Wednesday evening, April 20, in the presence of friends and relatives, Mr. William D. Brown and Miss Jessie Curry were united in marriage. Rev. J. M. Craig officiated. Many tokens of esteem were bestowed upon the bride. Refreshments were served. Mr. and Mrs. Brown will make their home at 919 Middlesex street.

UNIQUE PICTURE FRAME.

Mr. Michael A. Lee has made a very artistic frame for a large portrait of Pope Pius X. The picture is on exhibition in Ellingwood's window, and as many people are curious to know how many kinds of wood and how many pieces are in the frame it may be stated that the pieces number over 1000 and the kinds of wood used are as follows:

Amaranth, bar wood, black walnut, cam wood, cherry, cocobola, ebony, mahogany, imported (1717) in bedstead, from England, oak, olive, red cedar, red wood, rose wood, satin wood, tulip, white holly, zebra, box wood, bay wood, butternut.

GOT BACK PAY

PRESIDENT BOWLES REGRETS ACTION OF UNION MEN.

QUINCY, Mass., April 23.—Fifteen hundred of the employes who are out at the Fore River Ship and Engine Co.'s plant here applied at the office today for their back pay and received it without any disturbance.

There was no change in the situation today. In speaking of the action of the two unions last night in voting to declare a formal strike, President Bowles, of the company, said today:

"I regret the action taken by the men. In my position I believe I have shown a spirit of fairness. The action does not alter the situation as far as we are concerned."

MORE CHARGES

AGAINST MEN ACCUSED OF ROBBING HARVARD STUDENTS.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 23—When Kenneth H. Wade, Daniel E. Estabrook, Thomas A. J. Hodgson and James L. Bancroft were arraigned in the local court today charged with larceny from the rooms of Harvard students, the police announced that they had warrants which had been received from Providence, R. I., and New Haven, Conn., charging the defendants with stealing from dormitories at Brown university and Yale university. Wade, Estabrook and Hodgson waived examination today and were held for the grand jury in $2000. The case against Bancroft was continued. The police allege that the goods stolen by the defendants was of the value of $3000 or more on the aggregate. The greater part of the property has been recovered.

JAPANESE GOLD SHIPMENT.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 23—A shipment of Japanese gold amounting to more than 6,000,000.00 yen has passed through the hands of the Wells-Fargo Express company for the east. The money was landed at Vancouver from the steamship Empress of India and it is said it is to be used for the purchase of supplies for the Japanese government. It could not be learned from the express company to what city in the east the money was consigned.

FINAL DIVIDEND.

BOSTON, April 23—Receiver Daniel G. Wing of the Globe National bank, this city, announced today that he has just paid the final dividend in liquidation to the shareholders of the defunct institution, and that the affairs of the bank now had been settled. The dividend just forwarded was $17 for each share. The total distribution was $165,000 to four hundred shareholders.

VIOLATION OF LAW.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—In deciding a case of a western turf investment concern, Assistant Atty. Gen. Robert of the post office department, holds that the business of receiving bets to place on the races, is a violation of the law prohibiting lotteries and games of chance. The concern therefore is prohibited from using the mails.

MORTALITY OF LOWELL.

For the week ending April 23, 1904:

Population 104,402, total deaths 28, deaths under five 11, infectious diseases 1, acute lung diseases 5, diphtheria 1.

Death rate for the week ending April 23, 1904, 13.94 against 16.43 and 11.44 for previous two weeks.

Infectious diseases reported for the week ending April 23, 1904:

Scarlet fever 2, diphtheria 5, measles 6.

BOARD OF HEALTH,
H. H. Knapp, Agent.

Joseph Fox, manager of the Marion, Ind., polo team, has returned to Lowell.

Cure for Asthma and Hay Fever

The statements published below confirm the claim of Dr. Schiffmann that his remedy is an absolute cure for Asthma and Hay Fever.

Mrs. Mary Zachory, Pleasant Hill, La., says: "I have found your Asthma Cure a permanent cure for Asthma, for which I used it 7 years ago. I have never had the slightest return of the trouble since. I have also found your remedy excellent in Bronchial affections."

A Hay Fever sufferer writes: "I have had Hay Fever for 14 years. I bought a package of your remedy (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure), of our druggist and due to its use this is the first summer that I have not been troubled." Mrs. Frank Gullfoglo, 6237 Ridge avenue, Roxboro, Philadelphia.

Sold by druggists at 50c and $1.00.

Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 890, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

Dr. Bonneville, DENTIST

Crowns.
Bridge Work a specialty.
109 MERRIMACK STREET

Lowell Dental Parlors

STRANGE CASE

NOTE IN DOG'S EAR MAY CONVICT MAN.

DANVILLE, Ind., April 23—A note in a dog's ear may result in the hanging of Henry Seward, on trial here charged with murdering his wife.

This note, which was carried around in the dog's ear constitutes one of the queerest bits of testimony ever introduced in any murder trial. It reads:

"I stayed in your barn the night before the murder. I saw you leave home in the morning. She tore my coat. I killed her. I won't let any woman defy me. I have fits at times."

Evidently the writer meant it as a message to Seward. Whether Seward knew of the note before it was found in the dog's ear remains to be proved.

WEDDED IN A TRANCE.

CHICAGO, April 23—Inveigled into matrimony while in a trance is the excuse for divorce offered Judge Tuthill by Theodore F. Novy, of No. 44 Euston street.

The applicant accuses Mary Novy, the defendant, with leading him into a marriage in Kansas City, and afterward bringing him to Chicago, where he woke up and discovered that he was no longer enjoying single blessedness.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **Marvel** Whirling Spray **Douche**

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.

MARVEL CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

Curse OF DRINK

CURED TO STAY CURED BY

White Ribbon Remedy

No taste. No odor. Any woman can give it in glass of water, tea, coffee or food without patient's knowledge.

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for all alcoholic drinks, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. INDORSED BY MEMBERS OF A W. C. T. U. Impossible for any one to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy. It has made many thousands of permanent cures, and in addition restores the victim to normal health, steadying the nerves, increasing the will power and determination to resist temptation. Sold by druggists everywhere and by mail. Price 50c and $1.00.

Also a Special Size guaranteed to cure or money refunded by the druggist.

Trial package free by writing or calling on MRS. A. M. TOWNSEND (for years Secretary of a Woman's Christian Temperance Union), 218 Tremont street, Boston, Mass. All letters destroyed as soon as answered. Everything private. Sold and recommended by special agent in Boston, Mass.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,
Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts.

7-20-4

10c CIGAR

Londres and Perfecto shapes, are now on sale by all the Waldorf-Astoria Segar Co.'s stores, and more than 1000 other retailers in New York and Brooklyn. R. G. Sullivan, Manchester, N. H.

DOUBLE DARK BLUE STAMPS

ALL THIS WEEK

On the following articles

—AT—

JOHN F. SAUNDERS

159 Gorham St., Cor. Summer.

120 with 1 lb. 50c Baking Powder.
70 with 1 lb. 50c Formosa Tea.
100 with 1 lb. of 60c Assam Tea.
150 with 1 lb. 70c English Breakfast Tea.
12 with 1 can 12c Peas.
20 with 1 lb. 20c and 25c Coffee.
20 with 14c package Cero Fruto.
10 with 1 lb. 15c Butterine.
10 with 1 can 12c Tomatoes.
10 with 1 bottle 10c Blue.
10 with 1 package 10c Pancake Flour.
10 with 1 package 10c Mince Meat.
10 with 1 package 14c Force.
6 with 1 package 10c Presto.

TEAS OF ALL KINDS

New Cabbage	4c lb.
Smoked Shoulders	8c lb.
Hams	10c and 12c lb.
Best Sirloin and Rump	18c lb.
Best Round Steak,	2 lbs. 25c
Corned Beef	3c to 6c lb.
Fresh Eggs	20c. doz
Challenge Milk, 3 cans	25c

BEST BUTTERINE

Prints	15c
Tubs	11c lb. and up

CLEAN OUT YOUR FURNACE.

Your furnace will last longer and give better results if it is thoroughly cleaned every spring. This is the best and cheapest time to have it done. We have a furnace man that understands his business from A to Z. Agents for the Bay State and Columbia furnaces.

C. F. HOISINGTON & SON,
(Successor to M. O'Flanavan.)
117 MARKET STREET. Tel. [illegible]

Get Ready for Summer

In other words come to my new quarters in Post Office Square, and get yourself a *TRIBUNE* or *READING BICYCLE,* and have something that will give you satisfaction.

Crown Bicycles $25.00 — **Motor Cycles** — Cyrus Bicycles $20.00

TERMS TO SUIT

Indian, Crouch and Marsh Motor Cycles, sturdy little Automobiles on two wheels, the best in their respective classes. Motor Cycle and Bicycle Repairing in charge of Henry Brunette, which is a guarantee of good work and prompt service.

GEO. H. BACHELDER

P. O. SQUARE Tel. 649-5

85TH ANNIVERSARY

Observed by the Lowell Odd Fellows Yesterday

REV. B. F. KINGSLEY, ORATOR OF THE DAY.

Exercises in Odd Fellows' Temple Prefaced by Street Parade—Addresses by Rev. B. F. Kingsley and Ex-Alderman George H. Taylor

The 85th anniversary of Odd Fellowship was observed yesterday by the eight lodges, three encampments and one canton and the three lodges of Rebekahs in Lowell with appropriate exercises in Odd Fellows' Temple, Middlesex street, prefaced by a street parade of the uniformed ranks of the order. Billerica and Chelmsford sent delegations to assist in the observance and the temple was filled to the doors when the exercises opened.

The street parade started at 2 o'clock when headed by the National band the members of Wannalancit and Monomake encampments and Canton Pawtucket marched to the headquarters of Lowell encampment and the encampment of Centralville lodge in Bridge street where the members of these two lodges joined the procession. Then the parade in charge of Chief Marshal David Haskell repaired to the temple where the marchers were reviewed by the chief marshal as they entered the auditorium.

The hall was prettily draped with the standards of the eight lodges with the national colors as a background while palms and other tropical plants and flowers lent beauty to the scene. The Rebekahs occupied seats reserved for them in the gallery.

The band rendered a processional as the marchers entered the hall and all remained standing as the invocation was offered by Rev. Mr. Matthews of the First Primitive Methodist church and a past grand of Mineral lodge, 265 of the jurisdiction of Pennsylvania. "It is the Lord's Own Day." was sung by the Apollo quartet composed of Osmond Long, John Wibberley, Arthur Minn and William Foster. George H. Taylor, past grand of Centralville lodge, was master of exercises and he then made the opening remarks.

Mr. Taylor spoke of the call of the grand sire of Odd Fellowship and the response for the celebration by 13 grand lodges; 13,277 subordinate lodges with a membership of 1,100,000; 2862 encampments with a membership of 156,000; 6027 Rebekah lodges with a membership of 412,000, a total membership accounting for all duplication of 1,350,000.

The total taxable valuation, real and personal, of the city of Lowell, he said, is $72,000,000. Suppose we had all this property turned into immediate cash. Raze all these beautiful buildings, this magnificent temple among them, all these homes of the well-to-do and the poor, these great manufactories, which sing and sing the song of intense industry, and gather their value into one great treasury; convert every foot of land on which these structures stand into coin, and add to it the sum; divest your citizens of all the gold, jewelry and gems they possess and sell them in the marts of the world; market all the stocks, bonds and mortgages which constitute the personal taxable property of your people; and when this has all been done and the entire proceeds have been gathered together, you will even then be $38,000,000 short of the amount which this order has expended since 1830 in brotherly relief. You will need to increase your valuation by nearly 50 per cent. to equal the round $100,000,000 expended by our order in the past 74 years in relieving the sick, burying the dead, educating the orphans and taking care of the aged. At the present rates of charitable expenditure we distribute, for such purposes, the wealth of a Lowell every 18 years; a distribution in which there is no expense account and in which every dollar finds the pocket of the beneficiary.

"It is not my intention to burden you with statistics; you hear them often. But these few facts have appealed to me and I felt they would also interest you. These important material things constitute the basis upon which this order claims a right to live; this great record of the past is its support in the present and its guarantee for the future.

"We do not need to look far to find the real origin of this great humanitarian movement. Its apparent birth 85 years since was one of the results of the lofty teaching and the sublime example of Him who came to this earth 1900 years ago. We hasten to confess that the genius of Odd Fellowship came from the teachings of Christ, and the pillars which support its structure rest upon the Bible. It was Jesus who enriched the world's vocabulary for all time by giving to it the sublime idea expressed in the comprehensive sentence, 'The fatherhood of God and brotherhood of Man.'"

Rev. C. E. Fisher of the First Universalist church read the Scripture lesson from the 15th chapter of St. John. "Beautiful Isle of Somewhere" was sung by the quartet, followed by prayer delivered by Rev. J. M. Craig, of the First Presbyterian church, and a past grand master of the district of Wisconsin. "America" sung by the quartet and congregation, G. M. Willey accompanying on the piano.

REV. MR. KINGSLEY'S ADDRESS.

The address of the day was given by Rev. B. F. Kingsley, of the Highland M. E. church, a member of Hampton lodge of Springfield, also a member of the canton and encampment. He said in part:

"The words of my text will be found in the three verses of Luke X., 25-28, for I am glad to hear this is to be a religious service, and I am to preach a sermon.

"First of all there comes to us the thought that we must love our God supremely, above all things with all our heart and soul.

"There are some Odd Fellows, I am sorry to say who love their lodge more than they do that divine institution, the church.

"In the year 1819, on the 26th of April, Thomas Wildey and others met in a room in Baltimore, and formed the famous lodge, Washington, No. 1. Later came the patriarchal degree. And the organization kept growing.

"Since that time, however, there have been trials sore, and during the '60's every civic organization was threatened with dismemberment, owing to the great clash between North and South.

"But the two parts of the country were made one again and so Odd Fellowship was saved. From that reunion in 1865, steady has been the growth of the order."

The speaker referred to the great work being done in the Odd Fellows' home in Worcester, of the noble relief meted out to aged brothers and sisters. The land on which is situated the building was donated by Thomas Dodge, himself not an Odd Fellow. Members of the order throughout the state responded to the call for money, $150,000 being raised in all.

"Evening Song" was sung by the quartet. The closing ode "Brothers, We Thank You All," was sung by the lodges and congregation. Benediction was pronounced by Rev. F. M. Pickles, of the Centralville M. E. church, member of a lodge in the state of Washington.

The committee on arrangements were as follows:

Executive committee—Lieut. F. G. Baldwin, Canton Pawtucket, P. M., chairman; Isaac B. Romaine, Monomake Encampment, secretary; Asa B. Hilliard, Lowell Lodge, treasurer.

Reception committee—E. M. Hill, chairman, Highland lodge; H. C. Sweetsir, P. G., Chelmsford lodge; L. C. Durrell, V. G., Highland lodge; J. H. Collins, V. G., Merrimack lodge; George H. Taylor, P. G., Centralville lodge; Carl Noyes, Oberlin lodge; F. P. Brown, P. G., Mechanics lodge; David McKinley, P. G. Lincoln lodge; J. J. Doyle, N. G., Veritas lodge; A. B. Hilliard, P. G., Lowell lodge; Capt. A. E. Lyford, Canton Pawtucket; Geo. H. Frye, P. C. P., Lowell Encampment; Charles A. Marshall, P. C. Wannalancit Encampment; William F. Brown, C. P., Monomake Encampment; Mrs. Lora E. Shipley, N. G., Highland Union, Rebekah lodge; Mrs. Rachael O. Hill, P. N. G., Evening Star; Abbie M. Batchelder, Centralville.

Committee on speakers—David A. Haskell, Lowell Encampment; E. M. Hill, Highland lodge; Carl Noyes, Oberlin lodge.

Committee on music—Capt. A. E. Lyford, Canton Pawtucket; C. E. Worden, N. G., Centralville lodge; Emory Smith, P. G., Shawsheen lodge, Billerica.

Committee on printing and program—E. M. Hill, Robert S. Curran, N. G., Highland lodge; Charles A. Marshall, P. C. P., Wannalancit Encampment.

Committee on decorations—J. H. Collins, V. G., Daniel Ryan, P. G., Merrimack lodge; Rachel O. Hill, Hallie D. Whitney, Lizzie M. Adams, P. N. G., Evening Star, Rebekah lodge; Lora D. Shipley, Grace E. Lawrence, P. N. G., and Ada J. Foss, N. G., Highland Union lodge; Abbie M. Batchelder, V. G., Harriet F. Roberts, Alice Westgate, Centralville lodge.

Chairman of exercises—George H. Taylor, P. G., Centralville lodge.

Chief Marshal—David A. Haskell, P. C. P., Lowell Encampment.

ODD FELLOWSHIP IN LOWELL.

The order was established in Lowell in July, 1828. A few citizens of the town of Lowell petitioned the grand lodge for a charter in that year and on the nineteenth day of November following Merrimack lodge was instituted. As the records of the lodge were destroyed by fire a few years later no accurate list of the first officers is obtainable. But the early meetings of the lodge were held for a long time in the old stone house on Pawtucket street, now the Ayer Home, this place also being the home of the Masonic body in the early years.

But not long after the formation of Merrimack lodge there was no grand lodge to report to. In 1839 Past Grand Thomas Barr came to Lowell and the charter of Merrimack lodge was reframed and February 3, 1842, the grand lodge granted a new one. That year seven members of the lodge withdrew to form Mechanics lodge and the next year fourteen more to form Oberlin lodge. The increase of lodges thus made resulted in the formation of Monomake Encampment, of which Thomas Barr was the first chief patriarch.

Veritas lodge was instituted in 1841 and Lowell lodge in 1842. The charters of both these lodges later became dormant, but were revived at a still later period.

The civil war so depleted the Lowell lodges that in 1863 only two hundred members were left. Only the efforts of Bros. Fairgrieve and Ashworth, Clifton and Peabody, Rodgers and Kingsley saved the order from disruption.

The organizers of Mechanics lodge were Hargreave Lord, Pelney L. Emerson, Thomas E. Hilman, L. S. Davis, W. H. Clement, Charles F. Dickinson, Solon D. Emerson, Samuel Taylor and Solomon Washington.

Veritas lodge instituted in 1841, gave up its charter in 1860 and August 18, 1871, was reinstituted with Joseph Field as noble grand. Lowell lodge instituted in 1845, was reinstituted Feb. 20, 1874.

August 31, 1874, Highland lodge was instituted. A. L. Russell, the late Francis Carli and A. P. Bateman with George L. Walker and Stephen B. Puffer were the principal projectors and the matter had been previously talked over. For many years the lodge occupied the building which they erected and now known as old Highland hall. But about sixteen years ago came the present large and more pretentious building which has become the home of other societies.

Lincoln lodge was instituted March 4, 1878, and a number of years elapsed before there was another new lodge. Then came Centralville lodge which was instituted March 10, 1892, and has become the largest lodge in the city. Since then there have been no new lodges in Lowell, although Chelmsford lodge is a comparatively young lodge. From Merrimack lodge, the pioneer, have grown seven other lodges, three encampments, a canton of Patriarchs Militant, and three Rebekah lodges, and there are now over two thousand members of the order in this city, though there has been a time when the figures were much larger than that.

It was in 1891 that the lodges left the old hall in Merrimack street for the new temple in Middlesex street, and the dedication took place in the following year. The lot cost about $30,000 and the building about $100,000.

With the exception of Highland lodge of Odd Fellows, Highland Union lodge of Rebekahs, Centralville lodges of Odd Fellows and Rebekahs and Lowell encampment, the bodies of the order meet in the temple. The others have their own buildings in the localities mentioned.

BROWN GONE

DIAMOND RINGS ALSO SAID TO BE MISSING.

BOSTON, April 25.—Miss Minnie Morrill, a Boston department store bundle girl in the most romantic part of her teens, has had her feelings lacerated and her confidence in man shaken, and the Bigelow, Kennard & Co. is out about $250 by the misdoing and disappearance of Bertram R. Brown.

Brown was employed in a Boston department store at $8 a week. It was expected that he and Miss Morrill would be married yesterday. For some time, until April 15, he lodged at 19 Shawmut avenue, but since then he had resided at Miss Morrill's home, 45 Broadway extension, pending the wedding.

Brown, who is about 34 years old, and of pleasing personality, is said to have made his wardrobe quite complete, with the exception of choice jewelry, and this he sought at the above-mentioned store. He looked at a number of expensive rings, but did not decide on any. Soon after leaving the store, however, he sent back word that he would like to have the rings he had been looking at sent over and he would then choose the one he would buy. It is said that the rings were entrusted to a messenger boy, with instructions not to let one of them go out of his possession without the proper amount of money in return.

The messenger says that Brown took the box of rings out of his hand, saying he would make a selection, but added, "Wait here a minute and I will run upstairs and get a check." The boy loked on a check proposition as the same as getting the money, but Brown did not return. The police were notified and are looking for him.

DR. JEFFERSON

BROUGHT INTO THE PILLSBURY CASE.

Ex-Congressman Knox went to Salem Saturday before a master in chancery, a bill in equity brought by George Pillsbury of Ballardvale, who figured in the recent Newcombe-Pillsbury breach of promise case, against Miss Fitch of Boston, assignee of a contract from Dr. Jefferson of Millis. The bill is brought to secure an accounting of money expended under a contract which Pillsbury signed with Dr. Jefferson to build and equipsa sanitarium at Millis, and furnish money for its maintenance forever. Dr. Jefferson to realize all the benefits therefrom.

J. W. BRUCE & Co. - Auctioneers

OFFICE - - - - - - - 29 CENTRAL STREET

$2000 STOCK OF GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON THURSDAY, APRIL 28, COMMENCING AT 10 O'CLOCK SHARP, AT 42 TUCKER STREET, LITTLE CANADA.

The stock consists of 12 chests of different grades of tea, 20 bushels of Canada peas, 1 barrel Molasses, 5 barrels of Flour (in sacks), large lot of coffee, pickles, sugar, spices, potatoes, all kinds of canned goods, tobacco, in fact everything that can be found in a first-class grocery store. One set computation scales, 1 set platform scales, 4 sets of counter and hanging scales, large butter case, marble slabs, meat block, all tools; also one good horse, two covered butcher carts, one has a set of runners, three light wagons and three harnesses.

All these goods and personal property are first-class and should be seen to be appreciated. Will be sold without reserve or limit for cash. Horse and teams to be sold at 3 o'clock p.m.

Per order

VINCENT BROS.

WOOD

WOOD FOR KINDLING. WOOD FOR STEADY FIRE
WOOD FOR FIRE PLACE. HARD WOOD. SOFT WOOD

12 BUSHELS FINE BOBBIN WOOD	$1.00
10 BUSHELS COARSE BOBBIN WOOD	$1.00
10 BUSHELS HARD SAWED AND SPLIT WOOD	$1.00
10 BUSHELS SOFT SAWED AND SPLIT WOOD	$1.00
20 BUSHELS MILL KINDLINGS	$1.00

Order by Telephone or Call at Office.

Lowell Coal Co.

18 THORNDIKE STREET. 43 CENTRAL STREET.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—In Centralville, cottage house of 5 rooms in good repair. No. 7 Devlin avenue (off Fulton street) by James J. Conroy, Old Washington tavern.

FOR SALE—Finest ocean view hotel on New England coast; cost $155,000, with 40 acres land; dining hall a "perfect dream," 50 by 80 feet; no pillars; magnificent piazzas; barn, 50 stalls; 100-barrel cranberry meadow; 114 large airy rooms; observatory seats 50 people; can see ocean 50 miles; price $70,000, $15,000 cash and will take the balance of $5000 in exchange for other property; any person with money will buy this property in 15 minutes after seeing it; no license to pay. Address box 335, Lowell, Mass.

FOR SALE—Must be sold at once as the party is going to leave city, in Centralville, near mills, 3 cottage houses in good repair; prices $900, $1100, $1200. G. L. Hubbard, 6 Central street.

FARM FOR SALE—Farm of six acres near city limits. Price $5500. Call or address Mrs. J. D. Sullivan, 208 French Street, Suite No. 5.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 313 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in the city. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, room 26, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leighns, room 9, Barristers hall.

SPECIAL NOTICES

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news-stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

DOUBLE STAMPS—Today and tomorrow you can have Dark Blue, Green, Light Blue or Red, White and Blue; the quality of our teas is unsurpassed and our coffees are fresh roasted. Dickson's Tea Store, 68 Merrimack street.

WANTED

336 BRIDGE STREET—Dressmakers, attention—Come and see our special fast and light running rotary machine; it excels all others; second-hand machines in stock; give us a call.

WANTED—Children to board in country home; terms reasonable. Address box 163, Billerica Centre.

BOARDERS WANTED—At 72 Cabot street; board and room.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE—We pay the highest price. Reliable Furniture Co., 165-167 Middlesex street.

QUINCY HOUSE, 53 Lee street—Boarders wanted; three square 20c meals for 35c a day, 7 days in the week. James McGregor, prop.

FILL YOUR BOOK—Double trading stamps given away with all purchases of 50 cents and over, meats and groceries, Saturday, the 16th, at No. 90 Bridge street.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home call at 940 Central St.

WANTED—1000 men in Lowell and vicinity who are good judges of cigars to try the Northern Spy 5-cent cigar; warranted Sumatra wrapper and strictly long filler, Union Made. Manufactured by Alfred H. Johnson & Co., 6 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Boarders and roomers; will use you all right; come and try us. Mrs. Wisted, 131½ Colburn street.

STOVES—New and second-hand bought, sold and exchanged. Reliable Furniture Co., 165 Middlesex street.

WANTED—A position as nurse girl by a New Brunswick girl who has had considerable experience with children. Address Z. A., Sun office.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

CASH RECISTER

Easy Payments. No interest. A liberal allowance for old registers. International Mfg. Co., Room 45, Donovan building.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred barred Plymouth rocks, I. K. Felch's strain, 50c per 13; $3.50 per 100. E. Vincent, Amesbury street, Elsmere.

FOR SALE—A boarding house cheap, ill health the reason for selling. Address S. B., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Two new milch cows, one horse, one calf and wagons at Galbraith's, Willowdale road, Tyngsboro, Mass.

FOR SALE—A cheap work horse and two square wagons. 377 Walker street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—A family horse, sound and kind; suitable for a woman to drive; good saddle horse. 213 Park View avenue.

FOR SALE A bicycle in good condition will be sold cheap at Joseph McCann's, 297 Girard street, off Lakeview avenue.

FOR SALE—Roll top oak desk and chair, large size; oak bookcase; chiffonture bed, as good as new; gocart; 47 yards all wool carpet in web. Apply 716 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Farm, 34 acres, five miles from Lowell, two from Tyngsboro village, one mile to electrics; good buildings. Address T. G. S., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Building lumber, spruce studding, joists, covering boards and shingles, some good as new; also splendid bargains in square wagons, light or heavy, open or covered; carriage ash, steam boiler, about 20 horse; steam and gas piping and radiators, forges, anvils, vises, Stoddard upsetter, drill, thread cutter, lathe, circular and band saws, buzz planer, boxing machines, general tools, stock of rivets, bolts, screws, iron, etc., of the George E. Brown Wagon Works, Andover street, near city line; going out of business; if you want real bargains now is your time; my necessity your opportunity, come quick and be the first to pick.

FOR SALE—60 singing birds ranging in price from 25c up. Inquire at 49 Worthen street.

FOR SALE—Farm, 13 acres, fruit and wood for home use, 6-room house and barn, 7 miles out, $950. Room 6, 26 Central street.

FOR SALE—100 barred Plymouth rock chicks 12½c each if taken at once. 24 Epping street, Wigginville.

FOR SALE—Top buggy, cheap; good chamber sets. Call forenoons at 88 First street.

FOR SALE—A baby carriage and ice chest. Apply 373 Central street.

FOR SALE—Bay pacer, Dick W., 2734, handsome, sound, clever horse, at 44 West Adams street. Tel. 95-12. Call evenings.

FOR SALE—A lady's Pierce bicycle cheap. Inquire at 38 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—A boarding house cheap, ill health the reason for selling. Address S. B., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Stock and fixtures of a well established meat and grocery store in Belvidere; owner has been doing a successful business at this stand for more than eight years; price and terms at Smith & Cavanaugh's, room 34, Donovan building, 267 Central street.

FOR SALE—Naphtha launch; first class condition; will be sold cheap if sold this week; can be seen at Whitworth's boat house, opposite Wigginville station.

FOR SALE—A square top wagon, nearly new, suitable for grocery man; also a large coffee mill and small ice chest. Inquire 21 Coral street.

FOR SALE—A Stanley automobile in good order. Inquire at G. H. Wood's jewelry store.

FOR SALE—Wire dovecot or hen pen, size 12 feet high, 18 wide, 25 long; good as new; for half price. 142 Riverside street.

WOOD GIVEN AWAY—2¼ miles out. Apply to depot master, Wamesit station. Must be cut and taken away at once.

FOR SALE—A boarding house, rooms all occupied at present, at 235 Appleton street; if sold at once will let it go at $150; there are 42 rooms in the house and all furnished; sickness the only cause for wanting to sell. Inquire at 238 Appleton street.

FOR SALE—To mend your stove bricks use Eagle Stove Clay. Hardware and stove dealers sell it in three size packages.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of H. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 26 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices; 1-in. one line stamps, 15c; 1½ in., 20c; 35c ink pads, 25c; 25c ink pads, 15c; 50c linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c per line. J. M. Fellows, 168 Merrimack St.

COAL, LIME, CEMENT, BRICKS

OF ALL KINDS

E. A. WILSON & CO.

4 Merrimack Sq.
700 Broadway

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A good ad. man. Apply at once Sun-American, Lawrence, Mass.

WANTED—Middle-aged woman for general housework in small family; references required. Address J., Sun office.

WANTED—An experienced girl at 203 Dutton street.

GIRL wanted. 559 Market street.

WANTED—A cook in private family. Apply at 41 Butterfield street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply 37 Varney street.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to keep house for a small family. Inquire 128 Fayette street evenings.

WANTED—A house girl, 159 Appleton street.

WANTED—A situation in this city by a respectable middle-aged woman in small family, or would mind child a year old. Inquire for Mrs. McKenna, corner of Fayette and East Merrimack streets, Baker store.

WANTED—A good, steady man who understands farm work. Apply J. W. Flemings, North Tewksbury.

WANTED—A young lady for office work, high school graduate preferred, to be paid by complete course in shorthand. Inquire at Miss Hard's Shorthand school after 4 p. m.

"LADIES AND GENTLEMEN"—We pay $15 per 1000 cash copying, at home; send stamp. Standard Supply Co., box 228, Worcester, Mass.

REFINED New York lady would like position as housekeeper. Address M., Sun office.

ANY intelligent person may earn $50 to $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N.Y.

WANTED—Drug clerk having had four or five years' experience. Address Drugs, Sun office.

STITCHERS WANTED — Experienced stitchers on power machines to work on shirt waists; operators who have had experience on muslin underwear preferred; apply today. Max M. Israel Co., 245 Market street.

WANTED—Middle-aged woman to take care of a baby. Apply 138 Fayette street.

WANTED—A chamber girl at 123 Prince street.

SALESMEN—Calling on paint, hardware, drug, lumber, general store trade to sell staple article; liberal commission; excellent side line. Diamond White Lead and Oil Co., 403 22d street, Chicago.

WANTED—A French-American collector for Lowell and vicinity; must be married and between the ages of 25 and 35; only those that have had experience and can furnish best of references and bond need apply. Address L. M. Grant, 28 Pennacook street, Manchester, N. H.

WANTED—Male accountant, experienced in correspondence, for permanent evening employment, residence or office; references. Address "Accountant," Sun office.

WANTED—One of the oldest and strongest financial institutions desires clean, energetic salesmen to handle their investment bonds in Lowell and vicinity; experience not necessary to right party; references required. Address N., Sun office.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination; used by 200,000 women; price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS

WE have all the new spring and summer styles in hats at Delorme's, the hatter; old hats made over. 261 Middlesex St.

SHIRT WAIST SUITS of chambray and cotton goods, material furnished and made for $4; brilliantine shirt waist suits, material furnished and made for $6; at Mrs. Della Mack's, dressmaker, room 16, Barristers hall.

MADAM DeFOREST—First visit to Lowell of this great clairvoyant and card reader, successful where others fail; give her a trial and be convinced; here for a short time only; fee within the reach of all; hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. 16 John street.

WORK done at home. Call at 67 First street. Mrs. S. O. Sanderson.

PRUNING, grading, turfing and all kinds of gardening done in the best manner by John Oliver, 179 Varnum avenue, Tel. 1019-5

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS are held in several places in each state; full information and questions used by the government free. Columbian Correspondence college, Washington, D. C.

GENUINE GLORIA has printed cap and label on each bottle; look out for freak imitators; we are sole agents for Gloria. Doyle Bros. Telephone.

STORAGE—First class storage room for furniture; private rooms from $1 to $ a month, according to size, at 255 Hildreth street. Call there or at 597 Merrimack street.

LAWN MOWERS sharpened and repaired, 75c and $1. James Moulton, 24 Davis street.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge street. Telephone.

MOTHERS—Bent's Destroyer kills lice on children and all insects; cures dandruff and itching scalp; prevents falling hair; harmless, 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw's, 418 Middlesex street.

MADAME LENORE—Clairvoyant card reader; also gifted with drawing power. 71 Tyler street.

MME. WATSON EMERSON—Clairvoyant and psychological readings at 474 Central street; also instruction in elocution and physical culture.

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS, cheap, from the Merrimack woolen mills. Corner store, Lakeview avenue and Pleasant street, Navy Yard.

HORSEMEN, ATTENTION!—We are now prepared to shoe your horses in the most satisfactory and scientific manner, especially horses lamed by incorrect shoeing, at the reasonable low price of 4 new shoes for $1.00; we also keep in stock a line of hand-made shoes turned by L. J. Padien, at the Fair Grounds shoeing forge, 1054 Gorham street, Lowell, Mass.

PIANO OR ORGAN LESSONS at your home; special pains taken with children or advanced pupils; will accompany any instrument for entertainments; years of experience. Mabel Randall, Chelmsford Centre.

SAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at D. Baker & Co.'s, 150 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $2. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store. McGauvran Bros., Merrimack St., opp. City hall

POULTRY

POULTRYMEN—To make hens lay feed green cut bone; nothing like it; cut fresh daily. Adams Supply Co., 40 Middlesex street, room 18, Lowell.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, April 22, 1904. The Committee on Relations between Employers and Employes will give a hearing to parties interested in that part of its report relating to the increase of salaries and tenure of office of the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration, at room No. 411, State House, on Tuesday, April 26, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. George R. Wallace, Chairman. E. C. Stone, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, April 23, 1904. The Committee on Public Service will give a hearing to parties interested in the report of the joint special committee on compensation of state and county officials; an act to fix the salaries of the Board of Bar Examiners; an act to abolish fees for rules to auditors, masters, referees and assessors, and for alias, or renewed executions; and an act as to the salaries of district attorneys and assistants, at room No. 435, State House, on Tuesday, April 26, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. A. A. Brackett, Chairman. Frank P. Bennett, Jr., Clerk of the Committee.

TO LET

TO LET—Nice sunny tenements of 5, 6 and 7 rooms each. Lakeview avenue, near Aiken street bridge, rent reasonable. Apply to H. A. Wright, 10 Barristers hall, 6 Central street.

TO LET—Cottage, suitable for summer camp, desirable location, five minutes' walk to Concord river, three to electrics. Box 168 Billerica Centre.

TO LET—Cottage house and barn, Varnum avenue, $8 per month. Apply 468 Central street.

TO LET—Cottage and barn one and one-half miles from post office. Apply 468 Central street.

STABLE TO LET—Stable of 9 stalls and ample carriage space near Broadway; low rent to responsible party. Apply 468 Central street.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms at 66 Franklin street.

TO LET—A four-room tenement, $7 a month, at 103 High street. Apply J. W. Henry, 65 Merrimack street.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address or call at 19 Dutton street, after 6 o'clock.

TO LET—Tenement of 5 rooms, besides bath and pantry, all separate, $8 per month. Apply 4 Sutherland street.

TO LET—One furnished front and side rooms suitable for small family at 99 John street.

TO LET—Nine room cottage on Gold street. Inquire 152 School street.

TO LET—A paint shop at 569 Middlesex street, formerly occupied by T. David, painter. Apply to C. J. Connell, 564 Middlesex street.

TO LET—A first class boarding house in good repair, all furnished with curtains, 21 rooms; 512 Central street. Inquire 34 Jackson or 795 Bridge street.

TO LET—Nicely furnished room with all modern conveniences and privileges of a home. 105 Chestnut street.

TO RENT—Nice 4-room tenement, $8, in good neighborhood. Call at 964 Middlesex sreet. G. P. Walker.

FOR FIRST CLASS ROOMS call at 84 Bridge street; steam heat, electric lights, hot and cold water in each room and nice bath; transients accommodated.

TENEMENTS—Two room and four room tenements, Chestnut square. Inquire 51 Chestnut street.

TO LET—Centralville, 6 rooms, $6.50 per month; Centralville, 8 rooms, $5.50 per month; Concord street, 5 rooms, $8 per month; Highlands, 3 rooms, $7 per month; Highlands, 4 rooms, $7.50 per month; Middlesex street, 3 rooms, $7.50 per month, off Chelmsford street, 4 rooms, $3.50 per month; cottage and barn and 5 acres of land on Chelmsford street, $10; cottage, 5 rooms, on Main street, $8; tenement of 9 rooms, all modern, on Philips street, $16. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOM—With board if desired, near city hall. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Very pleasant furnished room, with board if desired, near new city hall. Inquire Sun office.

TO LET—Near Drucut navy mill, comfortable tenements, 75 cents per week. Inquire 246 Varnum avenue.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—On Chelmsford street Sunday afternoon, a bull terrier pup, 3 months old. Return to T. E. Sheehan, 809 Stevens street and receive reward.

LOST—Sum of money between Prince and Market street. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to N. Panaretos, 398 Market street.

LOST—A pair of gold-rimmed glasses between Eliot, Powell and Gorham Sts. Finder please leave at 37 C street.

FOUND—A pocketbook on Merrimack street. Owner can have by calling at 136 South street, between 5 and 6 o'clock evenings.

FOUND—A boy's bicycle. Owner can have by calling at 48 Hastings street and paying for adv.

LOST—In vicinity of Normal school, an all black pup; answers to name of Nigger. Return to room 6, 9 Coburn street.

LOST—Between Normal school and So. Walker street, pocketbook containing rosary beads. Return to Sun office.

LOST—A female brindle Boston terrier with screw tail. Liberal reward at 55 Bartlett street.

FOUND—A pocketbook near 5 and 10 cent store. Apply to Margaret McCarthy, 5 Lagrange street.

LOST—A female Boston terrier, screw tail and brindle color, about one year old; lost about one week ago on Chelmsford street, near the City farm. Finder will be rewarded by leaving dog at T. H. Kelley's, 332 Middlesex street.

LOST—On Stevens or Princeton streets, plush robe, black on one side, light on inside, with black border. Please return to Auto station, 195 and 199 Moody street. Reward.

LOST—Between Branch, Loring and School streets, a garnet necklace. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 1016 Branch street.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—A situation on a farm by a good reliable man. Inquire at 430 Lakeview avenue.

WANTED—To do washing and housecleaning. Call at 67 First street.

WANTED—To take care of one or two children, good home, no family. Call at Sun office.

WANTED—A situation by a bright young man as clerk, bookkeeper or office assistant. Address C. D., Sun office.

ALL AROUND FEMALE COOK wants situation; experience in hotels and restaurants. Call at rear of 817 Middlesex street.

WANTED—House cleaning by the hour. M. S., 75 Mammoth road.

WANTED—Situation by a pastry cook; can give references. Address O. P., Sun office.

A GREAT GRAFT

Duke Confessed to Working Pulls

NEW YORK, April 25—District Attorney Jerome hurried to this city last night from his country home in Lakeville, Ct., to assume personal charge of the investigation into the wholesale barter and sale of places and promotions in the police, fire and other departments admitted by William Duke, who says he took $200,000 from applicants in the last two years and passed it along to persons "higher up."

There is every reason to believe that Duke has confessed his part in the work of the "promotion syndicate" and relies on the district attorney's office for immunity in return for his evidence against one man, now under heavy bail, and at least one other man to whom Duke says he turned over every cent he received and took their receipts.

It is known that there are in the possession of District Attorney Jerome receipts for money paid to Duke and men in his band aggregating $70,000. Last week a formal demand was made upon the district attorney by a lawyer for the receipts and it was ignored. Duke, in his frank and breezy talks, said that, through the influence of certain employes of the municipal civil service commission and of the police and fire departments, he has been able to secure appointments and promotions.

While cautious not to name the men, he has hinted broadly that persons having to do with the marking of examination papers and men connected with the board of police surgeons were under his control.

More then a year ago, when the Low administration was in office, the district attorney's office first learned of Duke's operations and tried to trap him. They were informed by William Leary, secretary of the fire department, that Luke Clayton, then an engineer in the company stationed on Blackwell's Island, had been told that William Duke for $1000 would make him an assistant foreman.

District Attorney Jerome put the matter in the hands of George W. Morgan, then on his staff, and now the state superintendent of elections. Marked bills to the amount of $1000 were given Clayton and he was told to enter into arrangements with Duke. In some way the "tip" was given and Duke refused to be trapped. Fire Commissioner Hays said last night:

"I'll bet $10,000 to $1000 this man Duke can't get an appointment or a promotion in this department, as he boasts, and I am just confident enough to bet the same way that there's no man who can deliver me, with or without my knowledge. These things are more easily done under a reform administration than under ours."

INSTANTLY KILLED

MAN WAS CAUGHT UNDER FALLING TIMBERS.

MIDLAND, Ont., April 25.—The Grand Trunk elevator here was struck by lightning and totally destroyed yesterday. It had a capacity of 500,000 bushels. L. F. Trembly was caught under the falling timbers of the elevator and instantly killed.

GIRL STABBED

POLICE ARE AFTER THREE LAWRENCE MEN.

LAWRENCE, April 25.—Frank, Augustine and Joseph Rosso, alleged to have been implicated in the trouble in the house, 47 Common street, Saturday afternoon, during which Mary Tuso, a 16-year-old Italian girl, was stabbed in the back, are still at large. Descriptions of the men have been sent to the police in other cities.

Frank is described as 35 years old, height 5 feet 7 or 8 inches, light complexioned, and with a sandy full beard. Augustine is 23 years of age, an inch or two shorter than Frank, medium complexioned, and with a small black mustache. Joseph Rosso, who is believed to have stabbed the girl, is 16 years old, 5 feet 3 inches, and dark complexioned. He has a scar on the right side of his neck.

The girl was resting fairly comfortable at the Cottage hospital yesterday and will doubtless recover.

JUDGE BURKE DEAD.

WASHINGTON, April 25—Former Judge Stevenson Burke of Cleveland, O., died at the Shoreham hotel in this city yesterday from the effects of a paralytic stroke, suffered nearly 24 hours previously. He remained unconscious from the time he was stricken until death. The body was taken to Cleveland last evening.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

PARDON FOR PARKS

EFFORTS BEING MADE BY LABOR MEN.

NEW YORK, April 25.—It became known yesterday that a strong effort is being made to obtain the pardon of Sam Parks, the walking delegate, who is serving a sentence of four years and six months for extortion.

Delegates of the various labor organizations have been asked to sign a petition which is to be presented to Gov. Odell. Many have signed, but others refused to do so. They hold Parks responsible for the building tie up last summer, when 100,000 men were idle for six months at a loss of $30,000,000 in wages.

The matter of Parks' pardon came up yesterday before the central federated union. Chairman Oberwager put the motion of signing the application for pardon before the house and it was carried, but one delegate voting in the negative.

It was denied at Sing Sing that Parks is critically ill. He is working in the brush shop making door mats.

SERIOUS CHARGE

OWENS ACCUSED OF TRYING TO KILL A WOMAN.

PORTLAND, Me., April 25.—George P. Owens, aged 43, is under arrest, charged with assault with intent to kill, his alleged victim being Mrs. Annie E. Kimball, who has had charge of a lodging house on Free street, where Owens has made his home. Tonight Owens is alleged to have fired four shots from a 32-calibre revolver, two of the bullets taking effect in the woman's person, but not striking a vital spot and she is expected to recover. The circumstances point to jealousy and trouble over money matters as the motive. Owens formerly lived in Boston.

PASTOR RESIGNS.

MANCHESTER, N. H., April 25.—The Rev. Charles J. Staples, for the past nine years pastor of the First Unitarian church of this city, surprised his parishioners yesterday by reading his resignation, he having received a renewal of the call which he recently declined from the First Congregational (Unitarian) church at Burlington, Vt.

Mr. Staples stated that the former call had not bee nunanimous. This call, however, comes from the entire congregation, and he has decided to accept.

WHAT CITY NEEDS

In Line of a Contagious Hospital

EXPLAINED BY DR. J. J. McCARTY

Detention Hospital Needed for Small-Pox

For the past five years, perhaps if not longer, there has been annually introduced into city council an order for the appointment of a joint special committee to examine into the advisability and cost of establishing a contagious disease hospital for the city of Lowell, and this year was no exception, the order having recently been acted upon by the city council.

Up to date these several orders have resulted in nothing more beneficial than a junket to Worcester and other cities by the special committee, until Agent Knapp of the health department has felt ashamed to notify the Worcester authorities that still another committee is about to make the annual trespass upon their hospitality.

The greatest demand for such a hospital was made a few years ago when an epidemic of diphtheria caused considerable alarm throughout the city, though even then the epidemic was suppressed by the health department before it had affected the city generally. It was thought that if ever the city would get a contagious hospital it would get it during that epidemic, but as yet the city is without one because the committee appointed by the city council and the board of health could not agree upon the character and the cost of the building to be constructed. Most elaborate plans were conceived and a permanent corps of physicians and attendants were talked of together with operating room and other side issues which were as unnecessary as they were expensive and the result was no contagious hospital was built that year. Last year other plans of an elaborate nature were discussed and the year closed without the accomplishment of anything along the desired direction.

This year it has been suggested that the special committee get the physicians interested in the matter and get their views in regard to the kind of hospital to be erected in order that they may talk intelligently with the board of health when in conference with them on this subject and with the suggestion is given the assurance that out of such a move will come more real knowledge as to what is needed than can be acquired by a series of junketing visits to other cities.

The Sun reporter desiring to obtain the views of a physician who has had more than ordinary amount of experience with contagious diseases called on Dr. J. J. McCarty of Central street last evening. Dr. McCarty having been a member of the board of health during a great small-pox epidemic when the city was shown in no uncertain manner the necessity for at least a suitable place to keep small-pox patients.

In response to the inquiry as to what kind of a contagious disease hospital would be best in this city, Dr. McCarty said: "The first thing to be considered in speaking of such an institution is where the greatest need lies and then the cost. Lowell is not a rich city and cannot maintain such an institution as may be found in larger or wealthier cities and to get the best within our means should be the desire of all. In the first place this city needs a proper hospital for the treatment of small pox cases.

"The present building is not at all adequate. In location alone is it satisfactory. Now this cry for a contagious disease hospital for diseases other than small-pox came up a few years ago when we had an epidemic of diphtheria. It was the first time that there was ever a crying necessity for a contagious disease hospital outside of a small-pox hospital. Fortunately this epidemic passed over without affecting the entire city and today there are not over three cases of diphtheria in the city. The number of cases of contagious diseases that the city would have the opportunity to send to such a hospital is very small as a rule.

"I do not think that there should be erected at once a moderate priced building fitted up with separate wards to be used at times when necessary for the treatment of small-pox. The treatment of small-pox is regulated by law, but no other contagious disease is so regulated. If a patient is taken down by small-pox the law requires that he must be taken to the small-pox hospital at once. But with other contagious diseases people may refuse to go to the contagious disease hospital, and they are at liberty to do so and the board of health cannot remove them against their wishes.

"But even small-pox cases only come infrequently and so with other contagious diseases and thus if there isn't to be any use for a contagious disease hospital at times why should there be any need for any expensive outfit with its costly nurses, physicians and appointments such I believe as were suggested once before when this matter came up.

"In diphtheria cases the use of antitoxin brings speedy results and hence there would be no need for an expensive building in which to keep a diphtheria patient a couple of weeks. I believe in a house of detention adjacent to the small-pox hospital, some kind of an ordinary dwelling house, where suspects can be kept and properly watched, and I am opposed to submitting whole families to the danger of contagion by detaining them in the same building with the small-pox patient, as is now done. The greatest need is for a suitable and inexpensive small-pox hospital and its accompanying house of detention and then if desirable a moderate priced contagious disease hospital near one of our local hospitals, if possible, might be erected to be used when necessity required it, for this city would not keep an hospital of this nature going the year round. The present location for the small-pox hospital, I believe to be all right, but the building in its present condition is unfit for the purpose which it serves. Thus far the city of Lowell has been fortunate in having small-pox patients among people who could not afford the treatment given them at the city's expense in the small-pox hospital, and who were satisfied to accept it, but when small-pox gets going in a community it respects neither wealth nor station and the time may come when the city will be involved in litigation unless it remedies the conditions under which it now treats its small-pox patients. The suspects may not have caught the disease before being placed under detention, but it would be strange indeed, if after being kept in the same building with the patients they should escape."

SHE TRIED SUICIDE

Swedish Girl Disappointed and Despondent

DOVER, N. H., April 25—General sympathy is felt here for Miss Olga Hellstrom, a comely Swedish girl of about 25 years, who came to this country last fall only to meet disappointment from the man who had promised to marry her. She was taken to the New Hampshire insane asylum Saturday after spending one night at the Strafford county almshouse, where she attempted suicide.

Miss Hellstrom's case came to the notice of the authorities Thursday night, when she called at the police station and asked for a physician, as she said she was sick. City Physician Young found that she was demented, and on the following day had the county authorities remove her to the county farm, where County Physician Keay of Rochester attended her.

She appeared to have sane moments, and during one of these told Mrs. Handy, wife of Supt. Handy, a pitiful story. She said, in substance, that she came from her native home in Sweden last November, being induced to come here by a fellow-countryman, who was a widower with two children. He came to America in advance and afterward sent her tickets for herself and his children. He was at Concord, Mass., on her arrival with the children, she said, but instead of marrying her as he had promised, he threw her over and married another woman. This nearly broke her heart. She was, besides, left penniless in a strange land among people whose language she was totally ignorant of.

Miss Hellstrom came to this city last February and obtained employment in a family living on 5th street. She came because she learned that there were people of her nationality living here. A short time ago she complained that she was not well and wanted a doctor. The people she was with did not get one for her, but instead told her that if she did not leave their house she would drive them all crazy. Her only recourse was to apply at the police station for medical aid, which she did with the result above stated.

At the county farm Miss Hellstrom appeared quite composed and was left alone in her room during the evening. Shortly before 10 Supt. and Mrs. Handy went to her room. Her light was out, and on lighting the lamp they found the woman lying on the bed bleeding profusely at the wrists, which she had gashed with a piece of earthenware. She had broken the top of a pin tray on the bureau to obtain a weapon of self-destruction. She was weak from loss of blood, but the flow was checked and it is now believed that the wounds will not prove serious.

It is reported from the state asylum that the prospect of Miss Hellstrom's recovery is good.

CONSPIRATORS HANGED

WERE CONNECTED WITH POLISH REVOLUTIONARY PLOT.

WARSAW, April 25.—It is reported that eighteen conspirators have been hanged after their trial in connection with a Polish revolutionary plot.

SAVED IN TIME

Racing Dory Capsized Off Revere Beach

REVERE, April 25.—A racing dory, owned by Commodore Thomas Murphy of the Bay State Yacht club, was capsized in a squall off Revere Beach yesterday afternoon, throwing Mr. Murphy and three companions into the water. The men clung to the boat until rescued by a party of clubmates, who saw their peril.

Commodore Murphy's party consisted of Walter and Edward Stackhouse and Bertrand A. Smalley. They were returning from a visit to the Lynn Yacht club, in company with another yachting dory, belonging to Gordon Foster, which carried, in addition to its owner, Sec. Hugh M. McKay, William Kelley and John Black of the Bay State Yacht club.

Commodore Murphy's dory was off the Point of Pines when it capsized, in the vicinity where a boat containing John Black and William Collins was capsized last Sunday.

After Commodore Murphy's boat overturned it filled with water. Some of the party climbed up out of the water on to the gunwale, but they were unable to get Mr. Smalley on the overturned boat, and he remained in the icy water clinging to the stern of the boat.

The party in the other dory saw the accident and put back at once to the rescue. The accident was also witnessed by several thousand people on Revere beach, and the work of rescue was watched with interest.

It was nearly 20 minutes before Mr. Foster's boat reached the spot, and by that time Mr. Smalley was almost exhausted.

The rescuers worked under much difficulty on account of the heavy, sea running, which made it hard for them to approach, and they had a hard job getting Mr. Smalley out of the water before his strength failed.

After the four men had been pulled into the boat it was headed for the beach and landed near Oak Island grove. The rescued men were cared for by Joseph Dano at his cottage, Grand View.

DR. LEE KILLED

HE FELL FROM NINTH STORY OF BUILDING.

CHICAGO, April 25.—Dr. Edward Henry Lee, a prominent surgeon and clubman, was almost instantly killed yesterday morning by falling from the stairway on the ninth floor of the building to the marble floor beneath.

Dr. Lee rose early with the intention of playing golf with several friends.

His mother, Mrs. E. W. Lee, and his sister, Miss May Lee, are traveling in Italy. One brother, Alfred O. Lee, lives in Springfield, Mass., and another, Edgar Lee, is a student at Rush medical college.

MISS ROOSEVELT.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Miss Roosevelt is suffering from a slight attack of german measles.

As she is isolated from the rest of the household, her physician does not think it is necessary for Mrs. Roosevelt to recall her invitations for Monday afternoon's musicale.

HORRIBLE CRIMES

WERE COMMITTED BY ARMENIAN MALEFACTORS.

LONDON, April 25—The Turkish embassy here issued a report yesterday that Armenian malefactors had attacked the Mohammedan village of Latchighein, in the Sanjak of Mush, Asiatic Turkey, and had committed horrible crimes on the inhabitants, men, women and children alike.

JEFFRIES MARRIED

BECOMES HUSBAND OF MISS FREDA MAYER.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—James J. Jeffries, champion heavyweight pugilist of the world, was married here Saturday night to Miss Freda Mayer, who has been known in Chicago for several years as Carrie Stuart.

The ceremony was performed by Judge Mortimer Smith of Oakland at the Adams house. Friends of Jeffries in Chicago have known for at least two years that he and Miss Mayer were infatuated with each other.

TEAMSTERS MAY STRIKE.

BOSTON, April 25—At a meeting of the union last night it was voted that if the new wage and hour schedule presented by Market and Commission House Teamsters' union 653 is not accepted and signed by the employing teamsters by Monday, May 2, the men will go on a strike.

The latter ask that their hours be from 4.45 a. m. to 5.45 p. m. and that they shall receive $14 per week from April to October and $15 from October to April.

For a long time they have been obliged to work from 4.30 a. m. to 6.30 p. m., and often until midnight in the busiest seasons at an average wage of $12 or less weekly.

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Special Return Engagement for Lowell
The Season's Most Popular Dramatic Success
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With its wealth of scenery and original cast. Burning of the Old Yellow Oil Refinery. The most wonderful mechanical fire scene ever produced on any stage. It is a sermon in itself.

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SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was **14,590**

A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Roidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

15,138 The sworn daily average circulation for three months of 1904 was: **15,138**

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

Still the spring halts bashfully in her approach.

Intervention is talked of in the Japanese-Russian war, but the belligerents have not yet suffered sufficiently to listen to any appeal for peace. That time will probably arrive next winter if not before.

William J. Bryan says he has no choice as to presidential candidates. He stands for principles alone. It had been generally supposed that he was with Hearst.

REVOLUTION IN NAVAL WARFARE AT HAND.

The recent experience of Russia in her naval conflict with Japan has caused a change of sentiment in regard to the efficacy and the supposed invulnerability of the ironclad-battleship.

Capt. Ericsson, of Monitor fame, long ago prophesied that the day would yet come when heavily armored battleships would be superseded by smaller craft, chiefly of the torpedo and submarine kind.

The disasters to Russian battleships at Port Arthur have verified that prophecy. The sinking of the Petropaplovsk alone has shown that against the torpedo or the submarine boat a battleship is utterly helpless.

Besides, the battleship has the additional disadvantage of requiring a large number of men on board, all of whom, in case of disaster, usually go to the bottom. Admiral Makaroff, who according to all accounts, was a brave and skilful naval commander, said he did not like the idea of risking so many lives upon a single ship. It was a repetition of the old error of putting all your eggs in one basket.

Japan, it seems, in preparing to encounter a vastly superior naval force, invested largely in torpedo boats and in that she has won a signal triumph, which will in all probability bring about a revolution in naval warfare that will cause an abandonment of the heavy battleship, which is yearly becoming more destructive and proportionately more expensive.

The United States has authorized very large appropriations for the construction of battleships and cruisers, all of which in the course of a few years may be sold for scrap iron.

The policy of the United States is strongly set in one direction which is for more battleships, bigger and faster battleships. The men who have been shouting this policy all over the country, such as Hobson and President Roosevelt, will be slow to yield their opinions to the onset of the new order of things by which the torpedo will supersede the majestic battleships and naval warfare will be bereft of much of its spectacular and perhaps of its destructive character as the craft though equally destructive will be less expensive and the number of men involved will be very much less.

The genius of the Japanese, a small country, preparing to battle with one very much larger, both on sea and on land, has made this clear to the world and may perhaps make it still more apparent before the war is over. Japan has put her faith and her money in the machine provided for an attack below the waterline and against such an attack the vast ironclads are powerless to defend themselves. The Japanese are also peculiarly adapted to the use of these fighting machines as they are active, quick and daring.

War is a great eye opener to the world. It was the Spanish-American war that informed the world of the formidable character of the United States navy, and now it is the far eastern war that demonstrates the superiority in naval contests of submarine attack. The whole armament of huge and heavily armored battleships, each of which costs many million dollars, is powerless before a little fleet of torpedo boats and submarine craft bobbing up and down and sending forth deadly explosives that lift the heaviest battleship out of the water, break it in the middle and send it flying in shattered fragments to the bottom of the ocean.

MISTAKES MADE BY OVER ZEALOUS PARENTS.

Some parents pursue a rather unwise course in regard to the progress of their children at school. In the first place, they are prone to send their little ones to school too soon. This mistake is very natural, inasmuch as school officials boast of the transcendant merits of the kindergarten and urge parents to send their children to these infant nurseries at the age of three and a half years. We hear much of the wonderful cuteness of these little ones in the kindergartens. It is all play they say. Well if it is, the place for play is in the open air, in the gardens or the fields, not pent up in a school room for several hours at a time. It will be noticed that when the larger children get a recess in the middle of the forenoon the kindergarteners are kept in. They are too small to be trusted outside the building, but do not the small children require the fresh air and exercise, as well as the larger?

Besides, if your child is in any hurry to catch whooping cough, scarlet fever or diphtheria the kindergarten is the place to get it. Many of these schools are maintained at considerable expense to the city and it would be a great benefit if they were all closed up. It would benefit the children mentally and physically. At that age it is positively injurious to the minds of the children to teach or attempt to teach them anything. We understand full well that kindergarten teachers say they teach them nothing; but young teachers, ambitious to show results, urge them, it may be unconsciously, to learn. Furthermore the exhibition given by the little ones shows that they must have been taught. To discriminate between a hexagon, an octagon, a square and a triangle, may seem easy to the adult mind but to infants it requires a mental effort too great for their tender minds. While the mind is worked the body suffers. This may explain the greater number of nervous diseases among school children. Do not send the children to school until they are five years old or over and they will be stronger physically and mentally and will make more progress in the primary school than those who passed through the kindergarten under five years.

Another mistake which parents make is the insistence that thiir children shall pass through the school in the regulation order. If a boy fails behind the teacher is blamed. The boy may be weak. He may be dull and to urge him too much would injure him. It does not help a boy to put him in a class higher than that for which he is adapted. It is safer to keep him in a class below his stage of advancement.

Parents should not imagine that if a child falls behind at school his future is blighted. It is better to miss a year or two or even three years at school than to injure the health. Let it be remembered that most of what is learned at school or even at college is forgotten ten years later. The chief thing that remains is the mental development so that a year's schooling is of slight importance compared with the health of a child. Children are not all of equal capacity. It is a mistake to suppose that the dull can keep pace with the bright either in school or outside. But let it be understood also that because a boy is dull at school it does not prove that he will be always dull. Some dull boys have turned out to be very able men. Parents should be satisfied with what their children can do without extraordinary effort. Goading is the most dangerous practice of school life or indeed of life in later years and it prevails so much in later life that children should be protected from it while at school. They will all too soon be thrust into the arena of life where goading is the rule, where none but those born wealthy can escape it and not always even these.

SEEN AND HEARD

The training school was established in 1889, at a cost of $28,000.

One week from today the doors of every liquor saloon will be thrown wide open.

Probation Officer Slattery has been an active worker in Catholic temperance societies since 1883.

A rolling stone gathers no moss, but its extensive travels make it a smooth article.

Fully 75 per cent. of the machinery in the local mills can now be run by steam.

Daniel Swan, our well known citizen, has sold a valuable home in Brookline to P. J. Kiley of that town.

Despite the unfavorable weather, peas have appeared above ground in the Gen. Butler estate, off Andover street.

In preparing lists of the ten greatest books of the century, all the judges seem to have overlooked the bank book.

Those law squabbles between semi-private libraries and their patrons are quite unnecessary; you can get almost any book from the city library, free of charge.

The Grand Army posts are making arrangements for Memorial day—the next legal holiday, which comes a month hence. The first procession in Lowell on "Decoration Day" as it was then known, took place May 31, 1869.

In 1840 there were two municipal elections in Lowell—one in March and the other in December—the legislature having changed the date. The same man, Jefferson Bancroft, afterwards deputy sheriff, was elected both times.

Lowell may not be growing in population as rapidly as other cities in the state, but if savings banks are any criterion of a city's progress, then Lowell is all right, for she has seven savings banks to five in Worcester and four each in Fall River and Cambridge.

The youngsters are now in their glory, and every day after school a crowd of members of the rising generation may be seen wending their way to one of the commons or vacant lots where a game of base ball can be played. It matters not whether the game consists of two picked nines, a scrub game, or three roll-a-cat, the fact that there is a base ball and a bat and several youngsters is enough to raise enthusiasm.

The big fire in Toronto is another heavy blow to the insurance companies, which have met with seven during the past six months. It is not generally known that the big fire in Boston, in 1872, wiped out a Lowell insurance company, the Howard. That company was controlled by prominent Lowell men and paid handsome dividends, from 10 to 20 per cent. In 1866 the Portland fire caught the company for $19,000, while the loss by the Boston fire was $810,000, which swept all its capital, and it ceased to exist.

James J. Corbett, who was giving a turn at the Costo theatre last week, had a heart to heart talk on old times with Martin Flaherty, the well known local pugilist, the other day. While Corbett was training at Carson City, Flaherty was sent to his quarters to train, but to quote Martin "It was like a circus grounds, throngs of people coming daily to see Corbett." As Martin likes to train in a desolate spot with only his trainers at hand, he went 13 miles up the road and trained at Genoa. Flaherty and Corbett are very intimately acquainted and are firm friends.

How many of my readers could give, off hand, the origin of the dollar mark, ($)?

The Spanish dollar that was taken as the basis of the United States coinage was chiefly coined in the Spanish-American colonies. The best known variety was the pillar dollar, so called from the two pillars on its reverse, representing the "Pillars of Hercules," the ancient name of the opposite promontories of the Straits of Gibraltar. The rude imitation of these pillars in writing, connecting them by a scroll, is said to have been the origin of the dollar mark ($). Another explanation is that, as the dollar consisted of 8 reals (8 it being stamped upon it) the mark was designed to stand for the "piece of eight," as the dollar was commonly called, the two vertical lines being employed to distinguish it from the figure 8.

ENGLISH LIFE

HAS LOST A NOBLE AND UNIQUE FIGURE.

The following, from "The Woman's Column," will be read with interest by those who knew Frances Power Cobbe personally or by her works:

The death of Frances Power Cobbe, in her eighty-second year, removes a noble and unique figure from English life.

In her delightful biography, published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., Miss Cobbe mentions that her ancestors for four centuries had been country squires, and that not one of them, so far as recorded, had ever done a dishonorable thing. She was born at Newbridge, Ireland, Dec. 4, 1822, at sunrise. She was the daughter of Charles Cobbe and Frances Conway. Her father had served in the Mahratta cavalry in India, and had a medal. His wife used laughingly to say that he "went to jail on their wedding day," for he stopped on the journey home and visited a new prison, with a view to introducing improvements into Irish jails. Frances was the youngest of her family, and was born in her mother's forty-seventh year. She says in her autobiography,

"I inherited a physical frame which, however defective even to the verge of grotesqueness from the aesthetic point of view, has been, as regards health and energy, a source of endless enjoyment to me. From childhood till now in my old age, mere natural existence has always been to me a positive pleasure. Exercise and rest, food and warmth, work, play and sleep, each in its turn has been delightful; and my spirits have kept a level of cheerfulness subject to no alternatives of depression save under the stress of actual sorrow. . . Had I been a man, I have sometimes dreamed I could have made my mark and done some masculine service to my fellow-creatures. But the woman's destiny which God allotted to me has been, I do not question, the best and happiest for me; nor have I ever seriously wished it had been otherwise; albeit I have gone through life without that interest which has been styled 'woman's whole existence.' Perhaps, if this book be found to have any value, it will partly consist in the evidence it must afford of how pleasant and interesting, and withal, I hope, not altogether useless a life is open to a woman, though no man has ever desired to share it, nor has she seen the man she would have wished to ask her to do so."

She had a happy and healthy though lonely childhood, spent much out of doors, riding, rowing, etc. As she grew to girlhood, she developed a strong taste for study, for reading and writing, and the morning sun sometimes found her still bending over her books, after being up all night. Her compositions astonished her teachers. "As men and women who are to be good musicians love their pianos and violins as children, so I early began to love that noble instrument, the English language, and in my small way to study how to play upon it." She was educated first by governesses, later at a "young ladies' school." From sixteen years of age, for nearly twenty years she had the whole charge of her father's housekeeping, including the ordering of large dinner parties; and she always thoroughly enjoyed this sort of work, and did it well.

Because of a law that almost "sneaked" through the New Jersey legislature, automobiles and motorcycles must hereafter display only the New Jersey license number when in that state. The exposure of the number of any other state is made an offence.

CONSTIPATED 66 YEARS

Cured by Iron Ox in a Short Time

One of the most extraordinary cases on record is that of J. W. Cottom of Winchester, Ind., who, after 66 years of suffering from chronic constipation and its attendant ills, writes as follows: "I am using Iron-Ox Tablets and have been astonished at the results. I am almost 86 years of age, and have been constantly constipated since I was 20 years old, compelled to take medicine to move my bowels. After using Iron-Ox a short time I have daily evacuations. J. W. Cottom, Winchester, Ind."

Iron-Ox Tablets relieve constipation by stimulating the stomach and bowels to natural action. They tone up the entire digestive system, causing perfect digestion, perfect assimilation and a natural flow of fluids. This purgatives and cathartics cannot do.

By curing indigestion and constipation, and causing normal action of the liver and kidneys, Iron-Ox Tablets purge the blood of impurities which produce disfiguring skin eruptions and disease.

Besides this they contain in convenient form the active principle of nerve and brain food, so that they are unequalled system builders.

Remember, Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic-laxative; they cure by building up the entire system. They grow increasingly effective with continued use. Purgatives and cathartics give only temporary relief by violent and injurious action—they do far more harm than good and soon lose their effect.

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case, 25 cents at druggists, or from The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

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Furniture Polish

That will not gum or stick, 35c a bottle.

We have an excellent polish that was prepared for our own use in cleaning and polishing furniture. Many of our customers wanting this polish, to use on household furniture, we have had it bottled for convenience in selling and can highly recommend it from our own experience.

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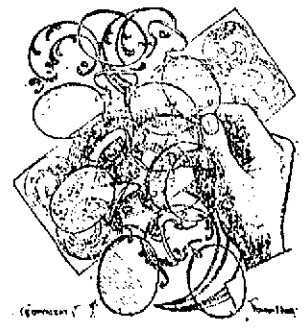

A HANDFUL OF GLASSES

Will not help your eyesight if you wear them all unless your eyes have been properly tested and fitted to your peculiar ailment. That is just where our skill as opticians comes to your aid. If we test your eyes and suit them with proper glasses, you will get pleasure and satisfaction from the result.

HARRIS, 10 APPLETON STREET

FIREMEN BATTLE

With Maniac 81 Feet Above the Ground

NEW YORK, April 25.—Captain Clark of the New York fire department and two firemen engaged in a desperate struggle with a maniac before daylight yesterday on a twelve-inch ledge which forms the base of the Mansard roof of the Manhattan Eye and Ear hospital in this city. The ledge is 80 feet above the ground and the man they risked their lives to subdue and rescue from his perilous position was powerful and fought viciously but was finally forced through a window into the hospital, where several policemen took up the struggle and secured him.

The man was Robert Hindeman, who had been admitted to the hospital for an operation in the ear cavity. Shortly after midnight he escaped from his room to the narrow ledge, carrying with him a heavy pitcher with which he threatened the nurses and policemen who appeared at the window. It was impossible to get behind the desperate man from the inside and the fire department was at last appealed to. A 76 foot extension ladder was cautiously raised and in the darkness Hindeman's attention was not attracted. Captain Clark went up, followed by Firemen Jeremiah Scanlon and Henry W. Kimley.

Clark crept up behind, seized the man by the throat and choked him, while his companions grasped his legs. Hindeman was slightly cut by broken glass when his captors finally dragged him to the window and thrust him through. He was taken in a straight jacket to Bellevue hospital where the operation on his ear will be performed as soon as possible in the hope that he may recover his reason.

STRIKE BREAKERS

TO TAKE PLACE OF BOILER MAKERS.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 25.—That the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad company is making a determined effort to meet the strike of the boilermakers in a way calculated to prevent interruption in the business of the shops in this city, was further borne out yesterday by the arrival of another company of strike breakers, numbering about sixty men. They were brought from New York on the steamer Eleanor Peck, which tied up alongside the Northam and disembarked the men. A number of men who are said to be employes of the Pinkerton detective agency were aboard the boat also. Fifty of the detectives were sent here Saturday.

There were no developments during the day or early evening that threatened trouble.

BOXING GOSSIP

The next meeting of the Riverview athletic club will be held at Dewey Grove on next Friday evening, and undoubtedly will be the best ever, for of late each program has been better than its predecessor, and this time the announcement that Young Kenny and Young Marshall will appear before the members convinces the lovers of good sport that a fine time is being prepared.

Young Marshall is the sparring partner of Billy Chisholm and is no novice with the gloves although he has not been seen in many public exhibitions. His weight agrees with that of Kenny and he has had about the same amount of experience. In his bouts with Chisholm he has shown himself to be a very clever youth with the gloves and experts who have seen both him and Kenny cannot pick the cleverer of the two. Those who have seen Marshall work, when told of Kenny's prowess in the ring, have always shaken their heads and remarked: "I would like to see him meet this Young Marshall before I would consider him the best his weight in those parts. If Kenny can defeat Marshall he is certainly the best 118-pound boy in this part of New England if not in the entire New England country."

Jim Hosey, the well-known sporting man, has taken hold of Young Marshall and after some dickering agreed to have Marshall meet Young Kenny for the entertainment of the members of the Riverview club at their next meeting which is scheduled for next Friday evening.

Both men realize that they are up against the toughest proposition that has ever come before them. Marshall is training daily with Billy Chisholm While the Gardner boys are looking after Kenny. Manager Flaherty will arrange interesting preliminaries for this meeting, and there is talk of a preliminary between Jack Desmond and Young McKenna of Boston.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Leonard Grover's latest and most successful comedy drama, "The Minister's Daughters," which will be presented at the Academy of Music for three nights with daily matinees commencing this afternoon, is one of the best comedy dramas now before the public, and has received the highest praise both from the press and public. It is brimful of excellent comedy, intense situations, and has an abundance of scenic and mechanical effects, the most realistic now on the stage. The story treats of the adventures of two country girls, daughters of the widow of a village parson, who, being compelled to aid their mother in saving their home at Grafton, have selected the great city as the proper place to go to earn money to help pay off the lien on their country homestead. The many dangers and pitfalls to which the young and innocent wage-seekers are subjected are carefully and skilfully drawn. The company which will interpret the drama has been carefully selected for their fitness to the parts to which they have been assigned.

SECRET MEETING

BY BOILERMAKERS' COUNCIL IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, April 25.—Boilmakers' Council, No. 9, which represents every lodge of boilermakers in New England, held a secret meeting last night, at which the strikes in the shops of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad company and at the Fore River Shop and Engine company's works in Quincy were discussed at length. While the action taken at the meeting was not given out, it is learned that there will be further conferences at both places today.

"A VERY BAD BOY" AT THE CASTO

Hal Godfrey and company in the comedy entitled "A Very Bad Boy," head the program at the Casto theatre this week. The comedy, which is written by Arthur J. Lamb, is one of the biggest hits of the vaudeville world. It is brimful of action and merriment, and will please and amuse all. The remainder of the program is up to the high Casto standard.

MIND DERANGED

BOSTON WOMAN TOLD A STRANGE STORY.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Temporarily unbalanced in mind from business reverses, a well dressed young woman, who said she was Miss Minnie McCabe of 351 Massachusetts avenue, Boston, drove yesterday from the Empire hotel to the West Sixty-eighth street police station and complained to Sergt. Tierney that persons were talking about her "through a wireless telephone." The sergeant called an ambulance and had her taken to Bellevue hospital. At the Empire hotel it was said that the young woman came there last Thursday and registered as Mae McCabe of Boston, Mass. As she did not leave her room on Saturday or yesterday, Johnson Quinn, manager of the hotel, sent up to see what was the matter. He learned that she had no money, but he ordered that she should have any food she wanted. Later she came down and told Mr. Quinn she had been employed by the American Dye company of Boston as a demonstrator, and that she had come to New York to give some demonstrations at a Sixth avenue dry goods store.

She telephoned on Friday to the dry goods firm that she was ill and would not be able to get down before noon. She then went to sleep and did not wake until 5 o'clock in the evening. Subsequently, she was told that the space which had been reserved for her had been given to some one else. As a result of this she lost her position with the dye company, and she was here without friends, and did not know what to do. After this conversation she returned to her room, and later came down and went to the police station. At Bellevue hospital she said her nearest friend was Miss Linscram of 351 Massachusetts avenue, Boston.

AWFUL RECORD

YOUNG MAN SPRUNG FROM A FAMILY OF CRIMINALS.

"This is a good study for a criminologist," remarked Judge Newburger in a New York court recently, when he sentenced Edward T. Hudson, of No. 587 First avenue, to fourteen years for robbery in the second degree. The convict is a nephew of Peter Hudson, now serving seventeen years for the same offence as that of the younger man.

According to evidence, last November the men enticed Thomas O'Connor, of No. 169 Bleeker street, into the rooms of Peter Hudson, at 216 East Twenty-eighth street, and robbed and beat him. They were caught soon, but a third man got away.

"Your father," said Judge Newburger, addressing the prisoner, "was tried and acquitted for an assault on your uncle, who now is in prison. You and your father were sentenced to six months each for beating your mother; your uncle was sent to prison for beating your father; your uncle was tried on two charges of robbery, and you have been tried before on a robbery charge and have been sent to prison for grand larceny.

"This is not an enviable record for a family. You come from a family of criminals, and the proper place for you is prison."

Hudson's father is blind. He sat at the side of his son in court.

BOY WAS DEAD

AUTOPSY ON BODY WILL BE PERFORMED.

HAVERHILL, April 25.—William L. Sweeney, the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Sweeney was found dead in bed at his home on Harrison street Saturday and an autopsy will be performed by Medical Examiner Croston to determine the cause of death.

The lad retired Friday evening in apparently perfect health. He attended school Friday, but on returning home late in the afternoon complained of a sickly feeling. After supper he felt much improved and retired early. Saturday morning, as he had not arisen, his mother sent his sister to awaken him, and she discovered that he was dead.

The father of the boy thinks that he was poisoned by eating decayed oranges, and on this account it was decided to perform an autopsy.

SERIOUS RIOT

BETWEEN POLITICAL PARTIES IN AUSTRIA.

BUDA PEST, April 25.—A serious riot is reported to have taken place at the market town of Elesd, near Grosswardein, resulting from a collision between meetings of the socialist and independent parties. While order was being restored by the gendarmerie, a socialist fired a revolver, killing the commander. The gendarmes thereupon fired a volley, killing 23 of the rioters and severely wounding forty.

MEXICAN GUNBOAT TRIED.

NEW YORK, April 25—The trial trip of the Mexican gunboat Vera Cruz which ended Saturday night was pronounced in every way satisfactory. Her guns worked satisfactorily and under natural draught she made ten knots and under forced, sixteen. The Vera Cruz is now anchored in the North river and will ship a crew to take her to Mexico. Her sister ship, the Tampico, will be finished next month.

Rheumatism Vanishes.

This troublesome disease, as we all know, is caused by impure blood. Impure blood is more often than otherwise the result of a torpid liver and inactivity of the digestive organs. Get and keep your digestive organs in good running order and the blood will purify itself—then Rheumatism disappears. There is no treatment or remedy more effective in the relief and permanent cure of all ailments arising from a sluggish liver, like **Rheumatism, Indigestion, Headaches, Kidney troubles, Nervousness, etc.,** than

SEVEN BARKS.

It is **not a Patent Medicine,** but a pure vegetable preparation, extracted from the bark of a specially grown species of the Hydrangea plant and is compounded by chemists of long experience.

Try a bottle. If found not all claimed for it, return to the druggist and get your money back, or if you cannot spare 50 cents for a bottle, write us and we will send you a supply with our compliments. We are determined everybody shall try "Seven Barks."

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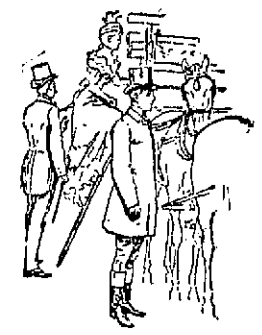

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Livery is governed by laws as unyielding as those of the Medes and Persians.

We furnish absolutely correct livery—made by Rogers, Peet & Co., New York, for your man on the box or indoors.

Furnish everything he wears—for town or country—top coats, suits, hats, leggings, boots, gloves, collars, scarfs—one kind only—the right kind.

1/4 size collars are made to fit you; lots of comfort in collars that fit. Up-to-date styles,

2 for 25c

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET

CHARGE OF ARSON

GIRL SAID TO HAVE THREATENED TO SET FIRE.

CHICOPEE, April 25.—Emily Potter was arraigned in Saturday's police court on the charge of arson. Miss Potter, who is charged with setting fire to her mother's house, pleaded for clemency on the ground that she did not realize the serious nature of her act. Probable cause was found and she was held for the May term of the grand jury.

The police state that Miss Potter's mother appealed to them for protection Thursday morning. In the afternoon, the police state, the girl threatened to kill her mother and burn the house on Britton street. A little later the house was discovered on fire.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

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Fast Twin Screw Steamers

New, 14,280 tons, 600 feet long, fitted with Marconi's wireless system. Rooms upper decks midship. Perfect ventilation.

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.

Saxonia April 26, May 24, June 21, July 19.

Ivernia May 10, June 7, July 5, Aug. 2.

A Cunarder from New York every Saturday.

Discount allowed on combined outward and return first and second cabin fares.

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NOTICE

COAL

For Winter use. All kinds and at lowest prices.

Horne Coal Co.

COCKRAN ELOQUENT

He Scathingly Denounced Republican Party's Policy

WASHINGTON, April 25—Two of the "heavyweight" speakers of the house of representatives, held sway in that body Saturday.

Incidentally the bill for a commission to investigate the question of ship subsidy was passed.

Representative Hepburn of Iowa, first aroused and held republican enthusiasm at a high pitch. After an hour and a half he yielded the floor, which was taken possession of by Bourke Cockran of New York, who brought from his democratic colleagues thunderous applause and cheers. Mr. Cockran spoke for two hours.

Each speaker took "the side of the chamber" for his legitimate prey, and the points made as the general political field was reviewed, were backed up by demonstrations extending to the crowded galleries.

The feature of the day, which was clearly of the sensational order, was the charge of Mr. Dalzell against Mr. Cockran that he had worked for hire for the election of Mr. McKinley. The denunciation of this charge and of the gentleman who made it was in language bitter with resentment and scorn.

After a scathing denunciation by Mr. Hepburn of the democratic party and its policy, Mr. Cockran, N. Y., took the floor. He began by remarking that there never was a better illustration of the close connection of the vicious principle of protection with all other vicious legislative propositions than this bill.

Mr. Cockran desired to devote himself to an opposition to ship subsidy.

"Ardent patriot that he is," Mr. Cockran said, "I did not suppose even the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Grosvenor) would advise making up the loss in any other business except shipping out of the treasury."

"This question of subsidy presented the full issue between the two parties," he said. "The challenge had been made by Messrs. Hepburn and Grosvenor for the democrats to name the issue.

"They would name it prosperity," he continued, "but prosperity is no issue. All men who labor seek prosperity. We seek abundance by civilized methods; you, perhaps, quite unconsciously, seek it by a return to the methods of barbarism."

Mr. Marsh (Ill.) interjected: "Did you not help to frame the Wilson tariff bill that brought such prosperity to the country?"

"Yes," replied Mr. Cockran, "I did help to frame the Wilson bill that went out of this house, but voted against the emasculated condition of it as it came back from the senate." (Applause.)

Greater applause was provoked when Mr. Cockran added that the corporations had been able to write their own schedules in the senate.

Mr. Marsh asked if it was not the present leader of the democratic party in New York who had written the Wilson tariff schedules in the senate.

"The truth knows no distinction of persons," replied Mr. Cockran with emphasis. This remark aroused new democratic applause.

Mr. Cockran said if the New York democratic platform was evasive, he wondered what would be the terms of that written in the White House.

Taking up the post office scandals, he said the failure of the republican party to make further investigation was proof of crime. "This house is disloyal to the oath of its members if it hesitates to make the investigation."

Mr. Cockran continued his argument against protection and the protective system.

Mr. Dalzell (Pa.) asked Mr. Cockran if he held the same views when he was making republican speeches in 1896.

DALZELL MIXES IN.

Mr. Cockran responded that he never made a republican speech in his life; that he supported McKinley when the people had forced a financial plank into the platform which met his (Cockran's) approval.

"I will state that I have been informed that it was profitable to the gentleman from New York to support McKinley when he did," remarked Mr. Dalzell, amid applause and laughter on the republican side.

"That is a statement," replied Mr. Cockran with vehemence, "which has been made wherever there has been found a mouth foul enough to utter words behind which there was no conscience." (Applause on the democratic side.)

"I challenge the gentleman and all the cohorts of vice and crime and corruption that are embodied in the republican party to show that the national committee ever contributed as much as my railroad fare during all that campaign." This was greeted with prolonged cheers and applause by the democrats.

"I can say as to myself," said Mr. Dalzell, "precisely what the gentleman has said as to himself with respect to campaigning."

"I should not have suspected the gentleman," retorted Mr. Cockran, "but it has been my experience in life that no man is quick to accuse another of any infamy unless he has become intimate with it himself."

There was more applause and cheering on the democratic side.

"The gentleman better apply that logic to himself right now and let me say to him what I said I had been informed—"

"By whom, by whom?" shouted Mr. Cockran, "name him, name him!"

"By a democratic—" replied Mr. Dalzell, and was about to continue.

"Name him, name him," again shouted Mr. Cockran. "Name him now and here."

ALMOST UNPARLIAMENTARY.

There was a chorus of "Name him, name him," on the democratic side.

"Name him or admit that you are ——," Mr. Cockran said, and paused, adding, "what cannot be said in this house."

At this there was wild and tumultuous cheering and applause on the democratic side.

"Why, of course I will not name him," said Mr. Dalzell.

"Of course not; of course not," shouted a dozen democrats.

"Sir," thundered Mr. Cockran, turning to the speaker, "the man who makes confession cannot interrupt me here again or come voluntarily within the range of my vision."

So vociferous was the demonstration on the democratic side that it was some time before Mr. Cockran could resume.

He then continued discussion of the trusts.

Describing the long reign and mistakes of the republican party, Mr. Cockran predicted its reign would end and end now. It mattered not whether the man to lead the democracy to victory was the one named by the New York convention, Judge Parker, or whether the leader should be the officer who has suppressed boodle and crime in Missouri.

In any event he hoped the minority leader of the house (Mr. Williams of Mississippi) would be on the ticket.

This reference provoked prolonged applause, which was joined in by the republicans.

"How will you explain the closed factories of 1893, '94 and '95," demanded Mr. Lovering, (Mass.)

"Oh, go for two hours we'll wait for you," interjected Mr. Grosvenor.

"The gentleman will never have spent two hours better," retored Mr. Cockran, while his colleagues laughed and applaupded.

He thanked Mr. Lovering as he launched into a review of the administration from 1870. He did not concede democratic failure. The prosperity of the republicans, he said, was based on the plunder of one class of people for the benefit of another. "You believe in making prosperity by legislation. We believe in making it by labor," concluded Mr. Cockran, who had spoken for two hours.

REPUBLICANS DEMORALIZED.

A veteran republican describes the condition in which the party has found itself as that of soldiers during battle. As long as they are permitted to charge and shoot at the enemy they are all right, but the moment they are compelled to remain quiet with the enemy shooting at them they become uneasy and afraid.

The democrats are more elated over Bourke Cockran's speech of Saturday than over any event of the past four years. It was another indication of a return of the fighting spirit of the democracy. The democrats believe they have a fighting chance to defeat Roosevelt and are making the most of their opportunity. In order to add to the discomfiture of the republicans in the house, some of the more prominent democrats are talking of taking some action to compel Representative Dalzell to prove his statement that Mr. Cockran took money for his support of the republican ticket in 1896.

The attack on Mr. Cockran, Saturday by Mr. Dalzell has done more to re-establish the former in the good graces of his colleagues than years of work could have accomplished. Many of the southern and western democrats who had absolutely no use for Cockran are now praising him.

Democrats claim the attack on Mr. Cockran was inspired by Congressmen Payne, Dalzell and Grosvenor, the so-called republican leaders of the house. These three control practically every action of the republican members. According to democrats it was decided at a conference that if Mr. Cockran's denunciation of the republican policy of protection became too severe, reference was to be made to his having "profitably" supported McKinley.

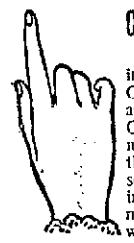
Both Payne and Grosvenor evaded making the interruption and reference, and voted that Mr. Dalzell could do it better than any one else. Dalzell's disastrous attempt is now being criticised by many of the leading republicans.

"No man with sense would tackle an Irishman when he's talking with the crowd behind him," declared one republican member Saturday. "It was suicidal for Dalzell to make the attempt; Payne would have been squashed like a big bug, Hepburn might have escaped with a mortal wound, but Dalzell committed hari-kari."

LAWRENCE MAN SUFFOCATED.

LAWRENCE, April 25—John J. Henry, a middle-aged man, was found suffocated from gas in his room at his home, 71 May street, yesterday. The gas burner was open and everything indicated that death was accidental. He was married.

SORE HANDS



One Night Treatment.

Soak the hands on retiring, in a hot solution of Cuticura Soap, dry, and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment. Wear during night old gloves or soft, thin, cotton bandage. For sore hands, itching, bleeding palms and shapeless nails this treatment is wonderful.

NOTICE

—TO—

WATER TAKERS

Attention is called that the 30-day limit on April account water bills expires Saturday, April 30. Bills must be paid on or before that date to secure the 10 per cent. discount.

WATER WORKS DEPT.

Welch Bros.

Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fixtures

SHOW ROOM

61 AND 63 MIDDLE ST.

CONGRESS' WORK

Cuban and Panama Affairs Had Call

REVIEW OF LEGISLATION THAT WAS PASSED

Eight Members of Congress Died

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The important legislative accomplishments of the first and second sessions of the fifty-eighth congress were confined to two subjects—Cuba and Panama. The reciprocity treaty between the new island republic and the United States, initiated by President McKinley, was made operative by a legislative enactment. The ratification of a treaty by the senate and the subsequent initiation of legislation for the government of the canal zone commit the United States to the construction of the Panama canal connecting the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. The special session, now denominated the first session, was called for the express purpose of carrying out the pledge of the nation to Cuba. The Panama development arose suddenly and received decisive and immediate action at the hands of President Roosevelt and the senate.

The senate ratified the treaty negotiated with Cuba to carry out the terms of the Platt amendment.

It also ratified the Chinese commercial treaty providing for two open ports in Manchuria.

Chairman Hemenway of the house committee on appropriations, in a statement compiled under his direction, gives the total of all supply bills (subject to slight changes in pending bills), as $597,802,324, to which must be added $84,971,820 for interest on the public debt. The estimated revenues are $704,472,050.

By these figures the expenses are $22,000,000 less than the revenues. The estimates of the various government departments on which the appropriation bills were based exceeded the total estimated revenues by $42,845,889.

While a total of over 1400 bills became laws during the two sessions, less than 150 of them were "public" bills and of this latter number one half simply authorized the bridging of rivers, the damming of streams, the regulation of federal courts, and the ordinances of the District of Columbia.

Several amendments have been made to facilitate the administration of the public land laws.

A step in the direction of "world peace" was taken through the formation of an American group affiliated with the inter-parliamentary union for international arbitration and the official recognition of this "group" by the passage of a joint resolution extending an invitation to the union to hold its next annual meeting at St. Louis, and appropriating $50,000 for expenses. A joint resolution was enacted providing for the transportation on a government vessel of six hundred public school teachers of Porto Rico to the United States during the coming summer, to broaden their views by travel in this country.

By the terms of a joint resolution, the president is authorized to negotiate a convention with Great Britain with the assent of Japan and Russia if possible, to protect the fur seals of the North Pacific ocean and Behring sea.

Provision was made to extend the coastwise shipping laws of the United States to the Philippine Islands after July 14, 1906.

Hawaii was granted the right to have a superintendent of public instruction and to have statistics compiled by the U. S. commissioner of labor regarding commercial, industrial, social, educational and sanitary conditions, beginning next year and every five years thereafter.

It was made a crime to "crimp" seamen of the United States by soliciting them as lodgers or charging a fee for shipping them.

The only general pension legislation which became a law makes the pension of those who totally lost their sight in the military or naval service $100 per month. It was decided that no action for a service pension bill should be taken at the present session, after which the general order making age an evidence of physical disability to perform manual labor was issued by the secretary of the interior and recognized by congress in a deficiency appropriation of $1,500,000.

The Louisiana Purchase exposition company received a loan of $4,600,000 from the government, of which $100,000 is to pay the expenses of the board of lady managers. An act was passed to protect foreign exhibitors at the exposition of literary, artistic and musical works, through the copyright laws of the country and provision was made for the withdrawal free of duty under bond from the exposition of articles or materials donated to incorporated religious, philosophical, educational or scientific institutions.

The government is to participate in the exposition to be held at Portland, Ore., in 1905, for the commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of the exploration of the Oregon country by the Lewis and Clarke expedition, with an exhibit costing $450,000 and an Alaskan exhibit to cost $25,000.

The only direct dealings which the congress had with the "postal scandals," was the investigation by the House of the connection of its members with clerk hire, increases in third and fourth class post offices and representations regarding leases. This investigation cleared every member from any improper conduct in the matter.

The House by independent action, directed an investigation of the alleged "beef trust" by the department of commerce and labor. The attorney general was given the benefit of the unexpended appropriation made by the last congress for the prosecution of the trusts, an amount aggregating $475,000.

The extension of the east front of the Capitol building was provided for in the sundry civil appropriation bill and provision was made for an office building for senators, to correspond with the proposed office building for representatives. These buildings will cost about $5,000,000 each.

Impeachment proceedings were begun in the House against Federal Judge Charles Swayne of the northern district of Florida, but after a majority report from the committee favoring impeachment, the matter was sent back to committee and made a special order for the next session.

The creation of two additional states in the union was provided for in a bill which passed the House, but not the Senate. Oklahoma and the Indian Territory were united as Oklahoma; Arizona and New Mexico as Arizona.

Labor legislation received consideration in committees of both houses, without final action. The eight hour bill was referred to the department of commerce and labor for investigation and report, and the anti-injunction bill was postponed until the next session. In the Senate, the confirmation of General Leonard Wood as major general was accomplished after much inquiry and objection.

The right of Senator Reed Smoot of Utah to his seat in the Senate resulted in an investigation, still in progress involving the Mormon religion and practices.

In the House there has been remarkable progress made in the despatch of business.

Senator Hanna and seven members of the House have died, namely: Representatives T. H. Tongue of Oregon; Vincent Boreing of Kentucky; B. H. Foerderer of Penna; Henry Burk of Penna; W. W. Skiles of Ohio; G. W. Craft of South Carolina and C. W. Thompson of Alabama. T. H. Ball of Texas, resigned. His place is filled by J. M. Pinckney. George B. McClellan of New York resigned and was succeeded by W. Bourke Cockran. Chas. Dick of Ohio resigned to succeed Senator Hanna in the Senate. George Powell of Penna was unseated in favor of William Connell, and J. F. Shafroth of Colorado resigned in favor of R. W. Bonynge, who contested his election.

In the House 15,398 bills, 340 resolutions, 162 joint resolutions and 61 concurrent resolutions were introduced. Of these 2,253 passed the House. In the Senate 5,645 bills were introduced.

HINDIPO

THE NEW NERVE TONIC

AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts **Flesh on thin people.** Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the **Vim, Vigor, Vitality** and **Strength of Youth,** in both weak Men and Women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.

Price, 50 cts.; 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefitted. Try it and be convinced.

For sale by Falls & Burkinshaw, 413 Middlesex street.

Karo

CORN SYRUP

Makes You EAT A Hearty Meal

TRADING STAMPS

$3 worth of any kind of Trading Stamps with 1 lb. of our 60c Tea, $6 worth with our 50c Tea, $3 worth with our 35c Coffee. Fresh butter and eggs every day. We also take orders to supply parties with ice cream, any flavor, at very low prices. 25c per quart in boxes to carry out. The Elwood Tea Co., Davis square.

DEAD MEN

Tell no tales, neither do dead newspapers. The Sun is alive and will tell your advertising tale to the masses. Have you an advertising tale to tell? Tell it in The Sun. The people will read it, and your success is certain.

The Sun leads all other local papers in circulation and is by far the cheapest and most effective advertising medium in Lowell. It is

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

MISUSE OF LAW

Condemned by Rev. C. T. Billings

REV. E. P. HERRICK ON SALVATION

Rev. Mr. Greene on Faith and Foundations

"The Unlawful Use of Law" was Rev. Charles T. Billings' sermon subject at the First Unitarian church Sunday morning. Early in his sermon Mr. Billings quotes a prominent educator who said to a Unitarian clergyman: "You ministers are continually preaching the law of love, but why do you not emphasize oftener the love of law?" Mr. Billings said in part:

"Few nations, if any, have within their borders such, and so many different peoples, whose racial and religious instincts are so strong and so diverse, and whose prejudices are so deep rooted.

"England rules people still more diverse, but rules them from afar. Within her borders, she has no such problem of mixed population as confronts us all the time. We harbor men and women of almost every nation.

"Our own city of Lowell well typifies the country at large. We have men of many nationalities, religions, languages, who have lived here for varying periods, who bring little or no loyalty to our institutions and traditions, who are unfamiliar with our laws, and who in many instances come here to escape their own.

"How shall we teach these men to love the law, and how shall we learn to love it more ourselves? One answer to this question must lie in the direction of law itself. Men can only love that which they respect. The law must be worthy of their love, and they are much hindered from respecting it at the present time by what we may well call the unlawful use of law.

"One example of this unlawful use can be found in the making. The theory is that legislators in the state, as in the congress of the nation make laws for the good of the people. But with the growth and combination of business interests, these interests have first watched, then influenced, and finally have come to share legislation for their own ends. Corruption and business have gone hand in hand. What legislation men have needed for the development of their trade, they have in many instances secured.

"A second element that makes men respect the law less is its non-enforcement. Every law not enforced makes men have less respect unto all law. The committee of 50 which has been making such careful study of the liquor problem makes report on the evils of prohibition when it is not enforced. The public has seen law defied, a whole generation of habitual law-breakers, schooled in evasion and shamelessness, courts ineffective through fluctuations of policy, delays, perjuries, negligence and other miscarriage of justice; officers of the law double-faced and mercenary; legislators timid and insincere, candidates for office hypocritical; truckling and office-holders unfaithful to pledges and to reasonable public expectation. Through an agitation which always has had a moral end, these immoralities have been developed and made conspicuous.

"The delays of law have been as harmful often as the non-enforcement.

"To teach men to respect the law, we must teach them to respect the government that makes and executes the law. For what discipline is to the army law is to the government.

"The law, to be respected and loved, must reveal their own love of order. An army enforcing law in time of peace, is suggestive to them of the weakness of the law itself.

"The love of law is found only in that love which is open to the highest suggestions of might and justice.

"Law, to be respected, must reveal the unselfish spirit—the spirit of religion. In the long run religion wins. Selfishness defeats itself, and it is true, as Cromwell believed, that the religious man makes the best soldier. It is not less true that the men of deep religious spirit or character make the best statesmen. The selfish policy is always fatal to itself.

GREATNESS OF SALVATION.

At the Worthen Street M. E. church Sunday morning the new pastor, Rev. E. P. Herrick, told of the greatness of salvation. First, its greatness in authorship; second, its greatness as a conception in the mind of God. He said in part:

"Many of the achievements of human skill amaze us, in that the mind of man could conceive of them. The Atlantic cable, for instance, or the great Brooklyn bridge. It was not alone the fact of the Atlantic cable completed that made the world wonder and admire, but the thought that the mind of man was capable of the great conception and of mastering the details necessary to bring it into completion. Yet how infinitely greater the distance that is spanned by the divine love of God. In none but the mind of God could the great scheme of salvation have originated.

"The theory of limited atonement is a horrible doctrine and has no place in God's great scheme. Yet that does not mean that all men will be saved. If a man will, he may live forever; but if he chooses, he may lose his soul. If any man is forever excluded from heaven it is not because of the will of God, but because of the willfulness and depravity of the man himself.

"Salvation is great viewed from the standpoint of its results to the whole world and its results to the individual sinner. To him who has this great salvation comes a great transformation. He is a new man in business life, perhaps, in his social life and in his family life."

THE LOUISIANA PURCHASE.

Sunday morning there was a patriotic service at the Kirk street church and the pastor, Rev. George E. Martin, preached an interesting sermon of a historical character. He had for his sermon subject "The Louisiana Purchase," with the scriptural theme, "A land which the Lord, thy God, careth for." He said in part:

"The Pilgrims who settled in the new land were separatists. The Puritans were those who thought that they could reform the church by remaining in it. Both held the principle that man had a right to himself and the fruit of his labors. They had not come to the country for ecclesiastical domination or martial glory; and so it happened that they became the real founders of the country.

"Other Protestants followed. The Dutch brought magnificent thrift. The Scotch-Irish Presbyterians and the Quakers settled in adjacent states. The sifted seeds of three mighty kingdoms fell upon this land and have brought forth a mighty harvest.

"By 1740 the Pilgrims and the Puritans had become mere names, and there began the history of the American church. All over New England there were independent Congregational churches. A rope of sand bound them, it is true, but fire was to fuse the sand. Jonathan Edwards led the controversy that drew the line between the Orthodox and the Unitarian faiths."

CHRIST'S LAST WORDS.

At St. Paul's church, Sunday morning, Rev. George R. Dean preached from Matt. 28, 20, "Lo, I am with you always even unto the end of the world." He said in part:

These were not the last words spoken by Jesus before his death, but before his resurrection.

The last words on the cross—"It is finished," applied not to himself, but to his earthly mission.

The words of the text are not those of a dying person. Jesus was most surely alive when he spoke them—at the zenith of his mental power.

One who realizes the actual presence of the Lord in his life may be termed a "mystic." Let him glory in the term. He knows that the soul experiences are very real. Paul was a mystic.

The light of the great sun floods ten thousand other little rooms, at the same time that it brightens your own. No one little flower or blade of grass that grows could receive more of it than it now does, were it the only one in existence. So with God's presence. He gives us each as much of Himself as we are willing to receive.

FAITH AND FOUNDATIONS.

At the Grace Universalist church, Rev. Ransom A. Greene preached on "Faith on Foundations." He said that faith is the great motive power. It seeks a "city with foundations, whose builder and maker is God." It is the mainspring of that never-dying determination to plant ourselves, at last, upon the solid rock of the eternal.

TAUNTED BY OTHERS

RACHAEL MACHETT KILLED HERSELF.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Taunted with being the daughter of a murderer, Miss Rachael Machett, a girl 20 years old, threw herself under the wheels of a train at the Tenth street and Maryland avenue crossing yesterday and was horribly injured before a horror-stricken crowd. Three cars passed over her before the train could be stopped. She was still alive when reached, but died soon after at the Emergency hospital. Less than two years ago the girl's father shot and killed an Italian, and is now in the St. Elizabeth's insane asylum. The girl had always been of a melancholy disposition.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

The Single Damper (patented) is the invention of the makers of

Crawford Cooking-Ranges

This is the greatest improvement ever made in cooking stoves and no other Range has it. One motion instantly regulates both the fire and oven. Two-Damper ranges are difficult and confusing.

Crawfords have more improvements than all other ranges combined. Improved Dock-Ash Grates; Improved Oven, with heat-saving, cup-joint flues and asbestos back; Reliable Heat-Indicator; Removable Nickeled Edge-Rails.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., Agents

I wish I could show you my gallery of children's photographs.

Over thirty-five hundred of them — all sent me voluntarily by their mamas.

I get quite a spell of extra sunniness every time I think of the thousands and thousands of little ones "FORCE" has made strong and plump and healthy.

Sunny Jim

"FORCE" is as ready to digest as it is to eat, because it combines the laxative qualities of Malted Wheat with its Phosphate and Nitrogen, the Brain and Muscle building constituents.

Feed children plenty of "FORCE" and they will grow up with sound stomachs and active minds.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5.42	6.50	6.00	7.04
6.32	7.40	6.30	7.26
a6.53	7.30	7.55	8.55
a6.49	7.55	8.25	9.01
c7.01	8.02	e9.00	9.57
a7.24	8.10	e10.00	10.57
a7.51	8.50	a10.17	11.34
7.45	8.35	e11.30	12.07
8.50	9.40	12.00	12.56
9.40	10.40	e1.00	1.37
11.50	12.52	2.00	3.01
a11.45	12.25	c3.00	3.37
a12.14	1.00	a3.47	5.00
1.40	2.30	4.14	5.20
e1.58	2.20	e5.00	5.37
a3.03	4.20	5.58	6.25
c3.47	4.30	a5.47	6.54
4.26	5.30	6.14	7.30
e4.22	6.13	c7.30	8.08
a5.44	7.00	e8.30	9.08
e10.22	7.05	10.30	11.34
e7.29	8.10	11.20	12.22

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
a8.39	7.30	9.00	10.00
a7.34	8.10	1.00	1.37
8.45	9.40	5.00	5.55
a9.30	10.15	c7.30	8.08
a4.35	6.30	c8.30	9.08
a5.58	7.00	8.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6.50	8.00	7.30	8.36
8.00	8.54	9.25	10.22
9.25	10.29	10.45	11.41
10.50	12.00	11.50	1.09
12.05	1.32	2.15	3.19
12.45	1.57	3.30	4.55
2.50	3.36	4.38	5.50
3.10	4.10	6.01	7.03
3.53	5.04	6.35	7.48
5.06	6.43	9.39	10.40
6.15	7.15	b11.15	12.15
7.00	8.06		
9.25	10.30		

SUNDAY TRAINS

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
8.15	9.27	8.00	9.17
12.05	1.24	12.00	1.09
4.05	5.18	5.00	6.27
5.30	6.55		
8.00	9.06		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

a Via Bedford.
e Express.
b From Middlesex Street Station only.
B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Stationery—F. A. M. Tobin's Printery.

T. A. D. Sullivan, wholesale grocer.

Best shave at Sullivan's, 300 Market St.

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

Hire your hacks at O'Donnell's stable. Tel. 439-4.

DRACUT LICENSES.

The Dracut selectmen have granted the three liquor licenses in that town to George Duggy, Joseph Mercier and M. H. Dinley.

FAMOUS STALLION DEAD.

LONDON, April 25.—The death is announced here of the famous American stallion Foxhall at Lord Rosebery's stud farm.

MARRIED TOO SOON

YOUNG WOMAN HELD FOR GRAND JURY.

BOSTON, April 25.—"Married in haste," in fact two days after she had been granted a decree nisi by Judge Hardy from her husband, Michael Roche, Miss Margaret McGuinness, a comely young woman whose antecedents are but little known, is having plenty of chance to "repent at leisure" in the Charles street jail.

On Jan. 29 this young woman secured a divorce from her husband on the grounds of abusive treatment and wanton neglect. Moved by her pitiful tale, Judge Hardy placed no obstacles in the young woman's way. Two days later she went to the altar with one Charles Rex of Leonard street, Dorchester.

Arraigned before the judge of the District Court she waived examination and was held in $800 for the grand jury.

Her case comes up for consideration by it next Saturday.

MANY VERDICTS

AGAINST BOSTON & NORTHERN ST. RAILWAY COMPANY.

LAWRENCE, April 25.—During the term of the superior civil court, which has been presided over by Judge Charles A. DeCourcy for the past seven weeks, there have been 37 cases tried before a jury, only six of which failed to be completed. There was a large number of cases settled, or disposed of in one way or another, so that the list is in fairly good shape.

In the 37 cases placed before the jury there were 21 in which verdicts for the plaintiff were returned.

These verdicts amounted to $25,293.57, of which $14,215 was against the Boston & Northern Street Railway company. Six verdicts for the defendant were returned. There were no disagreements.

The largest verdicts were in the case of Greenstein vs. Chicks, $1000; McKay vs. the Boston & Northern Street Railway company, $2475; Berry vs. Donovan, $1500; Murphy vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway company, $1500; Newcomb vs. Pillsbury, $2250; Norman vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway company, $5000; McQueeney vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway company, $1000.

LIKE PLAYING ALONE

Lowell Had an Easy Thing With Manchester

John Smith and his Manchester colts came here Saturday, and disappointed a large crowd, for good things were ever expected from Pocohontas, while this year he didn't have the goods.

Knau, the short stop, and Henri Cote, the catcher, were the only old men on the team and of the new ones only two, Cope on third base and our own "Billy It" McMahon, in right field, appeared to know how to play the game.

Three pitchers were tried and one was as bad as the other and all three rolled together could not pitch as good as Billy Connors. Bushey pitched for Lowell and for five minutes he made the Manchester outfit look like a lot of old junk. Then the Waterville wonder eased up a bit and even then they had to be coaxed to hit the ball. In the seventh inning Duffy relieved Bushey and the colts found his curves more to their liking.

Knau, Cope and McMahon played all the ball that Manchester played, except John Smith, who played an errorless game on the gate. Grant loosened up on this occasion and played in championship form and some of his running catches looked out of place amid such ordinary playing.

John Smith admitted that he did not expect to win, but hinted that he had something up his sleeve and would be on hand at the opening with a team that will do business with the best of them.

The score:

LOWELL.

	ab.	r.	bh.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Connors 3b, 2b	4	3	2	2	3	2	0
Burbank m	5	4	2	2	1	0	0
Hickey 2b	4	1	2	3	2	1	0
Murphy 5b	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
Lake 1b	4	0	2	3	8	0	0
McLaughlin, ss	5	2	2	2	3	3	2
Grant lf	4	1	1	1	4	0	0
Dwyer lf	3	1	1	1	0	2	1
McGovern c	5	2	2	2	6	0	0
Bushey p	4	2	2	3	0	2	0
Duffy p	1	0	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	40	18	16	18	27	12	3

MANCHESTER.

	ab.	r.	bh.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Foley 2b	5	2	1	1	3	4	1
McMahon lf	4	0	2	2	0	0	0
Cope 3b	5	0	2	2	4	3	0
Conroy 1b	5	1	1	1	7	0	0
Hardesty m	5	0	1	1	2	0	0
Martin lf	5	1	3	3	4	1	3
Knau s	4	2	3	7	2	2	0
Cote c	4	0	1	2	5	3	0
Chase p	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
Averell p	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wade p	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	42	6	11	19	27	15	4

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Lowell	0	0	2	1	0	8	4	0	3	18
Manchester	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	1	6

Summary: Two-base hits, Hickey, Lake, Knau, Cote. Home run, Knau. Stolen bases, Dwyer, McGovern. Double plays, by Cope, Knau, Conroy; Knau and Daley. Cote. Conroy Struck out, by Bushey 5, by Chase 3, by Wade. Bases on balls, by Bushey, by Averell 3, by Wade. Hit by pitched ball, Lowell 2. Time of game, 1.45. Umpire, McMahon. Attendance, 1000.

Lowell 18, Manchester 6.
Holyoke 5, Fall River 2.
Nashua 15, Beverly 2.
Concord 21, Lowell Independents 0.
New Bedford 17, Atlas Tack 0.
Springfield 8, Lawrence 2.
Worcester 10, Providence 7.

GAMES TODAY.

Lowell vs. Lawrence at Glen Forest.

AN EASY THING

Lowell High a Cinch for the Textiles

Haywood pitched for the Lowell Textile school against the Lowell High Saturday and held the High school boys down to one solitary hit, while to make matters worse the High school team played a rocky fielding game, making eight miserable errors. The Textile players acted as if they knew something about the game and bore out The Sun's prediction that they will show up strongly before the season is over. They fielded perfectly with the exception of Whirley at third who made two errors. Eleven put-outs for Edwards show that Haywood delivered the goods in good style.

Each team has now won a game and the rubber ought to be a corker.

The score:

LOWELL TEXTILE.

	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Jones 1b	4	1	1	9	1	0
Whirley 3b	5	0	1	0	1	2
Ferratt ss	5	0	0	3	1	0
Midwood 2b	5	2	1	0	2	0
Abbot cf	4	1	2	4	0	0
Baldwin lf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Julin rf	5	3	1	0	0	0
Edwards c	3	0	0	11	2	0
Haywood, p	3	2	1	0	4	0
Totals	38	10	9	27	11	2

LOWELL HIGH.

	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Mahoney c	2	1	0	10	2	1
Wilson lf	4	1	0	0	0	2
Mahoney 2b	3	0	0	4	2	0
Mirovitch ss	4	0	0	0	2	2
Watson rf	3	0	0	2	0	1
Campbell 1b	3	1	0	9	0	1
Field p	4	0	1	0	5	0
Teague 3b	3	0	0	0	0	1
Corcoran cf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	29	3	1	27	11	8

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Lowell Textile	0	1	0	4	1	1	0	2	1	10
Lowell High	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3

Summary: Two base hits, Baldwin, Field. Base on balls, by Haywood 3, by Field 6. Struck out, by Haywood 11, by Field 10. Passed ball, Edwards. Umpire, J. Baker. Time, 2 hrs.

AWFUL TROUNCING

CONCORD N. E. TEAM WALLOPS LOWELL INDEPENDENTS.

The Lowell Independents went to Concord, N. H., Saturday and were defeated by the league team by a score of 21 to 0.

STONY BROOK LEAGUE

CLOSE GAME AT WEST CHELMSFORD SATURDAY.

At West Chelmsford on Saturday afternoon in the presence of about 250 enthusiastic spectators, the home team defeated the Unions of North Chelmsford in a hard-fought ten-inning contest by a score of 6 to 5.

CRESCENTS WON

DEFEATED PEPPERELL IN WELL PLAYED GAME.

A large crowd went to Duffer's Field, off Duffer street, Saturday afternoon, when the Crescents of Lowell defeated the Pepperell Alumni team in the Stony Brook series in a close and hard fought game, the final score being 3 to 2 in favor of the Crescents.

Crescents—Phinney 1b, W. Hickey ss, Russell 3b, Dillon 2b, Coleman 2b, T. Hickey c, Duffy lf, Mullen cf, Kearns p.

Pepperells—Pike 2b, Bartlett p, Hill ss, Brainard c, Gorman 3b, Wright 1b, Dwyer lf, Jordan rf, Gilchrist cf.

Earned run—Crescents. Bases on balls—Phinney. First base on errors—Phinney, Pike. Base hits—Phinney, Russell, Coleman 2, Brainard, Jordan, Gilchrist, Gorman. Two base hit—Russell. Struck out—By Kearns 13, by Bartlett 6. Hit by pitched ball—Gorman. Umpire—Crawford. Attendance—700.

CENTRE TEAM WON.

On Saturday afternoon on Wotton's field, North Chelmsford, the Centre team defeated the North Chelmsford high school base ball team by a score of 23 to 12.

GRANITEVILLES WON.

At Middlesex Village on Saturday afternoon the Graniteville defeated the Middlesex team in a well-played game by a score of 12 to 6.

STONY BROOK LEAGUE.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Crescents	2	0	1.000
Unions	1	1	.500
West Chelmsford	1	1	.500
Graniteville	1	1	.500
Pepperell	1	1	.500
Middlesex	0	2	.000

CENTRALVILLE BLUES WON.

On the Lakeview avenue grounds, Saturday afternoon, the Centralville Blues defeated the Riversides by a score of 20 to 9. Batteries—Ganley and Daigle for the Blues, Manning, Flynn and Burns for the Riversides.

WONDERS LOST.

The Cowhills defeated Bill Shaw's Wonders at Billerica by a score of 8 to 6. Shaw's poor pitching lost the game for his team. A circus catch by McDermott was the feature of the game.

STATE CHAMPIONS

Lowell High Girls Won the Title

Girls of the Lowell high school defeated, 11 to 4, the girls of Springfield high school Saturday afternoon in a basketball contest and so won the championship of the state.

Among those at the game were Mayor and Mrs. Charles E. Howe, Judge Samuel P. Hadley, many members of the school committee, Supt. and Mrs. A. K. Whitcomb and a large delegation of school teachers and alumni.

The Springfield girls did not succeed in getting a basket from the floor. Miss Eaton of the Lowell team threw three for her team. Miss Bailey had hard luck Saturday. Her opponent, Miss C. Samble, was the best player against Miss Bailey seen here this season.

Miss Bailey scored five points for her team on throwing baskets on fouls. Miss Mary Samble scored all the points for the visitors on throwing baskets on fouls. The summary:

LOWELL H. S.	SPRINGFIELD H. S.
Miss Eaton rf	lb Miss Bango
Miss Bailey lf	rb Miss C. Samble
Miss Jewett c	c Miss Mourve
Miss Sweatt rb	lf Miss Allen
Miss Hunkling rb	rf Miss M. Samble
Miss Brown sc	sc Miss Piper
Miss Cooke sc	sc Miss Fuller

Score: Lowell H. S. 11 Springfield H. S. 4. Goals from floor, Miss Eaton 3. Goals from fouls, Lowell 5, Springfield 4. Referee, O. Martin, Springfield. Umpire, C. E. Burit, Lowell. Linesmen, Misses Walsh, Spalding, Hobbs and Mr. Allen. Timers, Misses Rivet, Wilson. Time, three 12m periods. Attendance, 1000.

HOUSES WRECKED

TORNADO STRUCK MOUNT VERNON, TEXAS.

MOUNT VERNON, Texas, April 25.—The worst tornado ever known in this section has struck Mount Vernon, wrecking 11 houses and injuring a number of persons. Trees, fences and telephone wires were blown down and other damage was done. The path of the storm was very narrow and it passed over a thinly populated part of the town, or the damage would have been much greater.

ARRESTS MADE

The Police Interfere at Brooklyn Sunday Game

NEW YORK, April 25.—At the outset of the baseball game between the Philadelphias and Brooklyn National league teams at Washington Park, Brooklyn, yesterday, the police arrested Pitcher Poole and Catcher Jacklitsche of the home team and Frank Roth of the Philadelphia nine, after the first named had pitched the second ball. They are charged with violating section 265 of the penal code, which prohibits racing, gaming and other public sports on the first day of the week.

Manager Hanlon of the Brooklyn club then substituted Thatcher and Ritter as the local battery and the game proceeded without further interruption.

The visitors had all the better of the early part of the contest, as the score stood six to nothing in their favor when they had completed their half of the fourth inning. The home team then made two runs, adding another in the fifth, and in the seventh the entire Brooklyn team went to the bat, hitting Duggleby freely for five runs, which won the game by a score of eight to six.

Score by innings:

Brooklyn	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	x	8	13	1
Philadelphia	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	9	1

Batteries—Thatcher and Ritter; Duggleby and Dooin. Umpire—Emslie. Time—1.50. Attendance—14,000.

At Chicago—St. Louis 4, Chicago 3. Attendance—11,000.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 6, Pittsburg 5. Attendance—14,264.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 8, Philadelphia 6. Attendance—14,000.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	6	1	.857
Cincinnati	6	4	.600
Brooklyn	5	4	.556
Chicago	4	4	.500
St. Louis	4	4	.500
Pittsburg	4	6	.400
Boston	3	5	.375
Philadelphia	2	6	.250

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Boston	7	1	.875
Philadelphia	4	3	.571
Chicago	5	4	.556
Cleveland	4	4	.500
New York	4	4	.500
St. Louis	4	4	.500
Detroit	3	4	.429
Washington	0	7	.000

At Chicago—Chicago 5, Cleveland 4. Attendance, 6250.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 4, Detroit 4, 12 innings. Attendance, 11,000.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Attendance
Boston 3, Philadelphia 1	15,051
Chicago 6, Cleveland 5	10,141
St. Louis 3, Detroit 1 (10 innings)	5,000
New York 4, Washington 3	2,000

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Attendance
Brooklyn 3, Boston 2	3,000
New York 10, Philadelphia 1	28,000
Pittsburg 6, Cincinnati 5 (10 innings)	6,520
St. Louis 2, Chicago 1	11,000

COLLEGE GAMES.

At West Point—Harvard 12, West Point 5.

At New Haven—Yale 2, Pennsylvania 0.

At Providence—Brown 7, Princeton 3.

At Worcester—Holy Cross 14, University of Maine 1.

At Amherst—Amherst 18, Trinity 3.

At Haverhill—Tufts 9, Haverhill (New England League) 6.

At Exeter—Phillips Exeter 8, Boston College 4.

At Brunswick—Bowdoin 7, Bates 6, (10 innings).

At Annapolis—Annapolis 2, Washington and Lee 1.

At Ithaca—Cornell 5, Syracuse (New York State League) 4.

At Medford—Tufts '07 12, M. I. T. '07 11; Boston Y. M. C. A. 11, Tufts '06 5.

At Tufts oval—Tufts 2d 3, Boston University 2.

At Pawtucket—Brown Independents 2, Pawtucket.

At Burlington, Vt.—University of Vermont 14, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute 1.

At Northfield, Vt.—Dartmouth Medical School 10, Norwich University 0.

At Middletown, Conn.—Wesleyan 13, Rutgers 3.

At Williamstown—Williamstown 4, Union 1.

SCHOOL GAMES.

At Groton—Groton school 7, Mechanic Arts H. S. of Boston 5.

At Southboro—St. Marks 2, Thayer Academy 1.

At Ayer—Groton H. S. 9, Ayer H. S. 7.

At Ashburnham—Cushing Academy 8, Orange H. S. 0.

At Augusta, Me.—Corry H. S. 11, North Vassalboro 1.

At Manchester, N. H.—Manchester H. S. 23, Goffstown H. S. 6.

At Westboro—Framingham Business College 10, Westboro H. S. 6.

At Easthampton—Williston 13, Pittsfield H. S. 0.

At Attleboro—New Bedford H. S. 9, Attleboro H. S. 5.

At New London, N. H.—Colby Academy 9, Concord, H. S. 5.

At Rockland—Rockland H. S. 9, Hingham H. S. 5.

At Athol—Gardner H. S. 5, Athol H. S. 4.

At Groton—Lawrence Academy 14, Littleton H. S. 10.

At Groton—Groton H. S. 11, Ayer H. S. 7.

At Milford—Worcester Classical H. S. 14, Milford H. S. 12.

At Farmington, N. H.—Farmington H. S. 11, Sullivan H. S. of Berwick 7.

At Lowell—Lowell T. S. 10, Lowell H. S. 3.

At Waterville, Me.—Edward Little H. S. 8, Waterville H. S. 5.

At Lawrence—Lawrence H. S. 27, Lynn Commercial school 1.

At Newport, N. H.—Richards H. S. 9, Simonds H. S. of Warner 8.

At Worcester—Burdock school of Winchendon 8, Highland Military Academy 0.

OTHER GAMES.

At Bennington, Vt.—Hoosic Falls 9, Bennington 5.

At Leominster—Leominster A., A. 11, Highland S. C. of Clinton 1.

At Taunton—Whittentons 6, Attleboro Athletics 3.

At First St. grounds, Boston—Crescents 9, Norfolks 5.

At Franklin Park—Hercules A. C. 7, Lewis school 5.

At Fitchburg—St. Matthews of Worcester 2, Fitchburg 1 (11 innings).

At Woonsocket, R. I.—Eagles 17, Valley Falls 0.

AUTO WRECKED

FOUR MEN INJURED, ONE PROBABLY FATALLY.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Edwin Gould's new 40-horse power automobile was wrecked and four men were injured, one of them probably fatally, in a collision early today between the automobile and a pile of building material on Seventh avenue.

The injured men are chauffeurs employed in an automobile warehouse and had taken the machine out to give it a trial. Antonio Isabelle, 35 years old, suffered concussion of the brain and may die. The others were badly hurt but will recover.

Louis Bergeron and Thomas Matte will spend their idle hours along the Merrimack this summer. They have purchased a new canoe named San Toy.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Letter to J. L. CHALIFOUX, Lowell, Mass.:

Dear Sir: Would you rather have your customers speak of your shoes as wearing well, as not running down at the heel, as turning water, and taking a shine; or wag their heads and say nothing?

We'd rather have ours, at long intervals, say: "We want some more paint, and we want Devoe." We know it isn't in human nature to paint very often; we don't expect them to come very often; don't want 'em to. All we want is to paint what they have to paint, whenever they paint it; the longer the time, the surer they are to come back. There's business enough in the world; there are houses enough to paint; let 'em take their time.

If we were a shoemaker, we'd make shoes to last half a lifetime, and shoe the whole town.

Yours truly
F. W. DEVOE & CO.

P. S.—The Adams Hardware and Paint Co. sell our paint.

There Are Good Qualities in all Paints

But all the good qualities are in Harrison Bros. & Co.'s "Town and Country" Paints

They Are Pure and Durable

Color Cards sent on application.

C. B. COBURN & CO.
63 Market Street

C. F. KEYES - Auctioneer
OFFICE, OLD BOSTON & MAINE STATION, GREEN STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Tomorrow Afternoon at 4 o'clock

BUSINESS SITE, NUMBERING 95 TO 101 MARKET STREET, AND ABOUT 4500 SQUARE FEET OF LAND WITH THE BUILDINGS THEREON.

Seldom is the opportunity given the business man, to secure a piece of realty such as we are about to offer, at the public price, and it would not be so but for the untimely death of Mr. Cahill.

The property in question consists of about 4500 square feet of land with buildings, situated on the northerly side of Market street, a street which is fast growing for business interests; two new firms have moved on this lower section recently, the F. M. Bill Co. and Smith & Lawrence, hardware dealers, and this is the next property to be improved, as it adjoins the Wier block, and all properties from this one to Central street are of brick or other hard material. The railroad facilities connected with this property is an exceptionally grand feature. There is a track, connecting with the main line which runs directly in the rear through a 16-foot passageway, that must be forever kept open and affords the best of accommodations. Shipping and receiving freight can be done quite handily, thereby saving considerable amount of help and teaming. This feature alone certainly adds much value to this property.

The lot contains about 4500 square feet of land with a frontage on Market street of about 50 feet and runs to the centre of a passageway in the rear, a depth of about 90 feet. It is of the right size, you are situated in the heart of the city, on a wide street of smooth paving, and it will certainly be increasing in value each year.

TERMS: $1000 must be paid or secured to the auctioneer at time and place of sale; other terms will be read at time of sale.

By order of
HENRY J. O'DOWD,
Executor of the will of Edward W. Cahill, Michael Cahill.

The Bon Marche

We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps

Underpriced Sale of

Cheney's Foulard Silks

In Short Lengths

We have purchased at a special price, from a large Boston Jobbing House, their entire stock of Cheney's Foulard Silks in short lengths. No pieces are less than 3 1-2 yards in length, and they run up to 17 yards long. They are

Perfect Goods in This Season's Patterns - -

Of the Most Desirable colors, with dots and figures, in 24 inch width. A glance at the window will give you an idea of the assortment. Cheney's goods are too well known to need further comment. The regular price is 59c yard. We place them

On Sale Tuesday

AT

39c Yd.

Is Any Sick One Left Without a Free Bottle of Liquozone?

We have purchased a million 50c bottles of Liquozone and given them to a million of the sick. Now we wish to ask if any sick one has been omitted. Is there any one left who needs Liquozone, and who has not yet had a bottle to try?

We buy the first bottle of Liquozone and give it free to every sick one we learn of, and we have spent over $500,000 in the past four months to announce and fulfill this offer. We have done this to convince the sick that Liquozone does what medicine cannot do. And we are willing to do the same with you if you need it.

What Liquozone Is

Liquozone is not a medicine. It is not made by compounding drugs, not made with alcohol. The virtues of Liquozone are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. To make one cubic inch of Liquozone we use 1,250 cubic inches of the gas. The process has, for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research.

The result is a product which does what oxygen does. Oxygen is the natural nerve food, the blood food, the scavenger of the blood. It is the very source of vitality, the most essential element of life. But oxygen is a gas, so unstable that an excess cannot be held in the blood. Liquozone is concentrated and stable. It carries its virtues into the blood to go wherever the blood goes. It brings to every nerve cent and to every tissue, a vitalizing tone, with which no other known product can compare.

Kills Inside Germs

But the great value of Liquozone lies in the fact that it kills germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. There is nothing else known which will do that. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. For that reason medicine is practically helpless in any germ disease. Liquozone is so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill.

The reason is that germs are vegetables, and an excess of oxygen—the very life of an animal—is deadly to vegetable matter. Liquozone acts in the blood like an excess of oxygen gas. No germ can escape it, and none can resist it; yet, to the human body it is more helpful and vitalizing than any other product known.

A germ disease must end when the germs are destroyed. And all the skill in the world cannot cure such a trouble while those germs exist.

We Paid $100,000

for the American rights to Liquozone—the highest price ever paid for similar rights on any scientific discovery. We did this after testing the product for two years through physicians and hospitals in this country and others. We tested it in thousands of the most difficult cases obtainable, and cured with it every disease which was considered incurable. The results of those tests, published everywhere as they were, altered the world's whole theory of disease.

We paid that price because Liquozone does what nothing else known can accomplish. It will cure more sickness, end more suffering and save more lives than all the drugs combined. And it is absolutely impossible, so far as any man knows, to directly destroy the cause of a germ disease without it.

Germ Diseases

The diseases in this list are known to be due to germs or their toxins. Every modern physician knows that to cure these diseases the germs must be destroyed and medicine cannot do that. Medicine sometimes acts as a tonic, aiding nature to overcome the germs. But those results are indirect and uncertain and they depend on the patient's condition.

Liquozone directly attacks the cause of these troubles and there is no other way. For that reason, diseases which have resisted medicine for years yield at once to this treatment and it cures diseases which medicine never cures. The results are inevitable. They are so certain that in any stage of any disease in this list we gladly send to any patient who asks it an absolute guaranty.

Abscess—Anemia	Hay Fever—Influenza
Bronchitis	Kidney Diseases
Blood Poison	La Grippe
Bright's Disease	Leucorrhea
Bowel Trouble	Liver Troubles
Coughs—Colds	Malaria—Neuralgia
Consumption	Many Heart Troubles
Colic—Croup	Piles—Pneumonia
Constipation	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Catarrh—Cancer	Rheumatism
Dysentery—Diarrhea	Skin Diseases
Dandruff—Dropsy	Scrofula
Dyspepsia	Syphilis
Eczema—Erysipelas	Stomach Troubles
Fevers—Gall stones	Throat Troubles
Goitre—Gout	Tuberculosis
Asthma	Tumors—Ulcers
Gonorrhea—Gleet	Women's Diseases

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisoned blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

First Bottle Free

If you need Liquozone and have never tried it, please send us the coupon below. We will then send you an order on your druggist for a 50c bottle, and will pay your druggist ourselves for it. This applies to any sick one who doesn't know what Liquozone is, but not to those who have used it.

The acceptance of this gift places you under no obligation whatever. Our object is to convince you; to let the product itself show you what it can do. This method seems to us better than testimonials, better than arguments.

This very offer should convince you that Liquozone does as we claim. We would certainly not buy a bottle and give it away if there was any doubt of results. If you want those results—if you want to be well—let us, at our expense, show you the way. Send the coupon today, for this offer will not be continued.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.00.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquid Ozone Co., 458-460 Wabash avenue, Chicago.

My disease is.....
I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

.....

.....

557 ..... Give full address—write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

THE WEATHER

The indications are that it will be generally cloudy, probably showers tonight and Tuesday morning; cooler, fresh westerly to northerly winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL MASS. MONDAY APRIL 25 1904 | 8 PAGES ONE CENT

DESERTED GIRLS

Returned to Nashua by Pauper Authorities

FATHER ABANDONED THEM HERE

Step-Mother Figured in the Case

The pauper authorities are looking for Charles Blanchard, a cripple, who deserted his two children, two girls, aged 11 and 12 years, in a lodging house in Bridge street a few weeks ago and who has not been heard from since. The children will be sent to Nashua, N. H., where they are said to have relatives.

Blanchard is a cripple carrying crutches and claims to be a silversmith by trade. He came here two weeks ago with the children and put up at the lodging house of Mrs. Shaw, 52 Bridge street. Shortly after his arrival a woman called, it is said, whom Blanchard appeared to know and a short time afterward he went away from the house leaving the children behind him and has not been seen since. The landlady after waiting a reasonable length of time for Blanchard to put in an appearance called upon Sec. Courtney at City hall and notified him of the case. Sec. Courtney spoke with the children and one of the latter told him that they had come from Lawrence, but after a sharp cross-questioning she admitted that they came from Nashua and that she has two aunts and a brother in Nashua. She states that the family lived together in Nashua, her father, a stepmother and the two girls. The stepmother, she said, abused her and showed scars on her limbs as the result of the treatment she had received from her stepmother.

About four weeks ago, she said, her stepmother left the house and a week later her father packed up and came to this city, taking the children with him.

Sec. Courtney decided to send the children back to Nashua today.

WELL BEHAVED

Dexter Boys Were Very Affectionate Too

DEDHAM, Mass., April 25—The trial of Harris E. Dexter, the 14-year-old Randolph boy charged with having shot his younger brother, Parker, was resumed in the district court today. The cross-examination of State Officer John H. Scott was concluded and Constable Frank H. Jaquith of Randolph was recalled to corroborate some of Officer Scott's statements. No new evidence developed during the forenoon session.

The government rested its case shortly before noon. Testimony in behalf of the defence was then offered and many witnesses were called. The evidence of all was in substance that the Dexter boys were always well behaved, that they were not quarrelsome and that an affectionate companionship seemed to have existed between them. Those who testified to this effect included Dr. William Gallagher, principal of Thayer Academy at South Braintree, where Harris was a pupil; Patrick Bignon of South Braintree, a street railway conductor, upon whose car the defendant frequently was a passenger; Miss Myra Hunt, a schoolteacher of Randolph, and Mrs. Lillian Paul, Mrs. Margaret M. Kelley, Mrs. Lena Eddy, Mrs. Hannah Alden and William R. Roberts, all neighbors living at Randolph.

BARNABY MILLS

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS.

FALL RIVER, Mass., April 25.—There was much interest today in a meeting of the stockholders of the Barnaby cotton mills, called for this afternoon, to consider plans of reorganization. The property is controlled by the relatives of the late William J. Harley. Mr. Harley had made arrangements for the development of the plant, but since his death the market conditions have been unfavorable and it was decided to readjust the finances.

The plan recommended by the directors to the stockholders provides for a reduction of the capital stock from $500,000 to $100,000 and the number of shares from 5000 to 1000 and thereafter an increase of the capital stock to $350,000 and the number of shares from 1000 to 3500. This plan has the support of a majority of the stockholders but was objected to by a number of small shareholders who feared that their holdings would mean losses to them. The company's assets amount to $1,186,604.

CLAIMS FORTUNE

HARRY RICHARDSON HAS GONE TO ENGLAND.

Harry Richardson, residing at 23 South Whipple street, has gone to England to claim a fortune of $100,000. Mr. Richardson recently received legal notice that he had fallen heir to the legacy by the death of a relative. He left Boston on the Cunard line for Liverpool Saturday.

As soon as the matter is settled up he intends to return to Lowell.

BILL REPORTED

FOR REGISTRATION OF INSIGNIA OF LABOR UNIONS.

BOSTON, April 25.—A bill was reported in the senate today by the legislative committee on probate and chancery providing for the registration of insignia of labor unions and naming a penalty for the wearing of the same by unauthorized persons.

SMALL-POX BILL

The National Government Owes City $400

The regular meeting of the board of health will be held tomorrow afternoon at City Hall, when it is expected action will be taken on the petition of Undertaker Archambeault for a license to keep two horses in his stable in Decatur avenue.

Agent Knapp and Dr. Johnson had an interesting discussion over the bills recently contracted by the health department on account of the two small-pox cases at the small-pox hospital, the victims of which were two Portugese, who have not been in the country one year and who, hence are charges of the national government. Had they been in the country over one year they would be charges of the state in which they were living and that state would have to compensate the city for their care, while in this case the national government must pay the city. It is the first time on record when the city authorities have had to look to the national government for compensation in such cases and Agent Knapp is somewhat doubtful as to how the nation will treat his bill, as it pays what it pleases and cannot be sued. The bill amounts to about $400. If will be sent to the State and the State in turn will forward it to the national authorities for final action.

The nearest thing to a similar case exists in Haverhill, where the city of Haverhill took care of two small-pox patients who had settled in Marlboro, and sent in a bill of $1500 ,which included the cost of quarantine for another family living in the same house with the two victims. Haverhill sued Marlboro and the superior court allowed damages for the care of the two persons suffering with the small-pox in the amount of $1000 in round numbers but would not allow for the care of the healthy persons placed in quarantine. The case is now before the supreme court.

Agent Knapp after considering that the court allowed Haverhill $1000 for two cases is of the opinion that he ought to get the full amount of his bill without trouble, his total being only $400.

GOVERNOR ODELL

TALKED NEW YORK POLITICS WITH PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, April 25—Gov. Odell of New York arrived here today from Old Point Comfort. He was joined soon after his arrival by Representative Littauer of York and William C. Warren, editor of the Buffalo Commercial. Gov. Odell declined to make any statement concerning his talk with the president. He did confer with the president about New York politics, but the nature of the discussion he declined to disclose.

VIRGINIA CASES

WERE DISMISSED BY THE SUPREME COURT.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The Virginia cases involving the validity of the suffrage provision of the new Virginia state constitution, were today dismissed by the United States supreme court on the ground that no relief was possible, the acts from which relief was sought having already been committed.

NARROW ESCAPE

LYNN PEOPLE GROPED THROUGH THE SMOKE.

LYNN, April 25—Three families in the tenement house 89 Shepard street narrowly escaped being burned to death at 3 o'clock yesterday by a fire which started in the second story.

Men and women, nearly overcome by smoke, were carried from the third story by firemen, and a woman carried her 8-months-old baby to the street through hallways filled with blinding smoke. William Black and his 6-year-old daughter were badly burned about the face and their hair scorched by the flames as they ran from the burning apartments.

The building is a three-story structure owned by A. J. Knower of Cliftondale. The fire started by the accidental upsetting of a lamp in the apartments of William Black on the second floor. The lamp set fire to the lace curtains and the carpet.

Mr. Black endeavored to extinguish the blaze and then seized his 6-year-old daughter, Mildred, who was asleep in the next room. Mrs. Black and another woman escaped injured.

On the third floor lived Ernest Carpenter and family and with them was John Seligman and his wife. They knew nothing about the fire until the arrival of the engines, and then Mrs. Carpenter took her 8-months child and groped her way through the hallways to the street. She was nearly overcome by smoke and was assisted to the house of a neighbor where she and the other women in the house were given clothing.

DEATHS

CALLAHAN—Nellie Callahan, aged 15 years and 8 months, daughter of John F and Annie, died this afternoon at her home in North Chelmsford. She leaves to mourn her loss three sisters, Annie, Nina and Jennie, and seven brothers, John, Arthur, Paul, Donald, Philip, Stephen and Alexander.

WORK RESUMED.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 25.—The plant of the American Bridge Co., known as the Fencoid iron works, resumed operations today after having been practically closed since last October. About 1000 hands returned to work.

WANTED—At once, a new milch cow not over six years old. Inquire or address B., Sun office.

FOR SALE—One Bailey pneumatic tired buggy, perfect order, and one second-hand runabout, steel tires. Address X., Sun office.

TO LET—At 65 Howard street, furnished rooms within three minutes' walk of Middlesex station.

WANTED—Girls at the N. E. Steam laundry, 20 Saunders street, opposite 456 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE Stanhope buggy with Victoria top in first class condition; cost $250; will sell cheap. Call at Dr. Farrington's, 407 Middlesex street.

NO MEDIATION

Russia Will Fight to the Bitter End

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25—7.30 p. m.—The Associated Press is enabled to announce authoritatively that the talk of mediation in the Russo-Japanese was founded on personal desires of King Edward and King Christian of Denmark to avoid further bloodshed and end the conflict, but that the steps initiated have utterly failed.

The emperor, with the full consent of the imperial family and his advisers, has firmly decided not only to reject all proposals looking to intervention, but to prosecute the war with all the resources of the empire until victory crowns the Russian arms and when the time comes for peace to make terms directly with the enemy. The interference of outside powers will not be tolerated. There is to be no repetition of the Berlin congress.

Furthermore, the Associated Press is authorized to state that Russia will in no wise consider herself bound by the propositions made to Japan prior to the war. The hostilities have wiped out the engagements Russia offered to make with Japan regarding Corea and Manchuria. Russia will consider herself free to impose such terms as she desires.

JAPANESE ATTACK IS NOT FEARED

PORT ARTHUR, April 24—(Delayed in transmission)—All weak points on both the land and sea sides here have been so strengthened in the past two months that the impregnability of Port Arthur is now regarded as absolutely assured. The garrison has been considerably strengthened and the forts are provided with all necessities for more than a year. Complete confidence prevails with the troops, sailors and inhabitants in the ability of the Russians to defeat any Japanese attack.

Remarkable indifference to the possibility of attack is shown by the people. In fact by day there is little to indicate that the town is in a state of siege. The band plays on the boulevard on which parades are held, finely dressed people stroll about and groups of children play. Restaurants and shops are well patronized by customers all day long. At night, however, the city is in profound darkness which is emphasized by the searchlights flashing across the roadstead.

The entrance of the harbor although studded with nine Japanese wrecks, remains pirfectly free.

The foundering of the Petropavlovsk is regarded as a tragic mischance without influence on the course of the campaign or preventing the Russian fleet still achieving brilliant results.

(Continued to Page Three.)

LESSON OF WAR

Sen. Hale Criticises the Modern Battleship

WASHINGTON, April 25.—On convening today the senate passed a bill to provide for a public building at Auburn, Me.

Senator Cullom gave notice that he would address the senate tomorrow on the subject of the foreign relations of the United States.

Gov. Odell of New York was a visitor in the senate chamber. He took a seat between Senators Platt and Depew.

Mr. Hale called up the conference report on the naval appropriation bill eliminating all differences between the two houses.

In making a statement on the report, Mr. Hale criticized the modern battleship. "Under the light of events that have transpired in the east," he began, "and the very remarkable developments in naval warfare that have been disclosed, if the matter had been open, I should certainly have been in favor of striking out of the bill the provision for the battleship, or that no steps be taken towards committing ourselves on this question until after the next session of congress. But, as it has been agreed to by both houses, it was out of the jurisdiction of the conference committee. I may say that if I were secretary of the navy, in the present condition, I should not dare go on and commit the government to the building of another immense battleship costing $8,000,000.

"The lesson of war between Russia and Japan thus far go to show the vulnerability and the unsafety of those immense and lofty battleships and the undesirability at present of committing ourselves to the further construction of them."

"The great and salient events of the war show how incomplete as an engine of war one of these enormous, high turretted battleships is. If she is struck below the waterline and the centre of gravity is disturbed she turns over like a turtle and everybody on board is drowned."

Mr. Spooner: "Is the language of the bill permissive or mandatory as to the construction of the battleship?"

Mr. Hale: "The language is permissive and undoubtedly the president and secretary can withhold action."

Mr. Bacon: "I desire to call attention that when this naval bill was under consideration I suggested that the improvement in submarine engines was such that it would be comparatively a short time before the battleship, however, it might be protected against the ordinary projectile, would be out of date and obselete."

Mr. Hale: "The senator was wise in his suggestion. Butever since then they have advanced with such a startling rapidity that the suggestion becomes more apparent. The trouble with the great, immense, lofty battleship, which, if senators have never seen, does not look like a ship, but a great fortification, is that when she is hurt she can fight no longer. Other structures may be hurt, may be splintered, may be damaged, but they keep on fighting.

"But if an explosion takes place through hurried firing in a turret, it is more than likely to ignite the magazine and the whole ship is blown into the air and everybody on board killed. Aside from the occurrences in the east where the large Russian battleships have been disabled and put out of service, we have had three explosions on our own battleships within a year, on the Iowa, the Massachusetts and later on the Missouri. And it is only the breadth of a hand that prevented the battleship Missouri, the latest of our battleships and the best in that design, from being entirely destroyed.

"If the magazine had been communicated with by the fire of the explosion, the whole ship would have gone. Just such an accident as that is likely to occur in any turret at any time during a battle."

Mr. Stewart expressed the opinion that the battleship will soon be an engine of the past and that submarine craft will take their place. Continuing, Mr. Hale said he would not be surprised if it turned out that we have a bad investment in the $150,000 we have paid for the larger battleships. He thought the incidents of the Japanese-Russian war, such as the destruction of big ships would have their effect in hastening naval experts to such a conclusion. He said he had no fault to find with the board which determined the character of vessels for other countries have made the same mistakes. He thought congress should legislate on the character of battleships for the navy and not leave it to the department.

Mr. Allison said the discretion given to the president to defer action for a year was a wise one because of the fact that a test of battleships was going on in a pretty lively way in the far east.

Mr. Gorman said he wanted to repeat what he had said on a former occasion, that the appropriation was too great. He said we were going too fast, due to the pressure brought to bear by the administration.

"I hope the president will refrain from using the appropriation now in the interest of the country," he said, "but that is not the way to legislate. Congress should say what the expenditures should be and should specify what battleships should be built."

The conference report was agreed to.

SEVEN KILLED

A TORNADO SWEPT THROUGH PRYER CREEK.

PRYER CREEK, I. T., April 25—Seven persons were killed by a tornado which swept through the country about four miles south of here last night.

NEARLY ASPHYXIATED

THREE LAWRENCE MEN HAD CLOSE CALL.

LAWRENCE, April 25—The police ambulance was summoned to 132 Valley street at 10 minutes past 10 o'clock Sunday morning to remove to the Cottage hospital, Sky Twanogoshe, who was unconscious from inhaling illuminating gas.

Sky, with two friends, visited at 132 Valley street Saturday night, and the host assigned the three visitors to the back parlor bedroom for the night. Just before retiring, one of the three blew out the gas and then retired to sleep.

Early in the morning the host detected the odor of gas, and going to the room which was occupied by his guests, he found them all unconscious.

The gas was turned off, the windows thrown open, and Dr. Schwartz summoned. Upon the arrival of the physician the work of resuscitation began and soon Sky's two friends were out of danger, but Sky remained unconscious despite the efforts of the physician, and it was deemed best to remove him to the hospital, where he now lies, slowly recovering.

STREAMS RISING

WATER SPREADING OVER VALUABLE LANDS.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 25—A steady rain is still falling in western Missouri and in Kansas as far west as Manhattan, and many small streams which had overflowed their banks yesterday are still rising and spreading out over valuable farm lands. While the Kaw river is rising slowly no fear of the outcome is felt as yet. At Lawrence and Topeka the river rose five feet since Saturday night, but no alarm is felt.

PANAMA MONEY

ARRANGEMENTS FOR ITS PAYMENT NOT COMPLETED.

NEW YORK, April 25—The banking interests which will transfer the $40,000,000 of government money to the Panama Canal Co., of France, state that all arrangements for payment have not yet been completed.

It is believed, however, that from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000 gold will be shipped to Paris.

FOR SALE—Boston terrier male pup with perfect white markings and kinky tail; from registered stock; sell cheap. Dr. Farrington, 407 Middlesex street.

AN INJUNCTION

In Connection With City Beef Contract

Because, it is alleged, that the beef contract for the city of Lowell was awarded the Lowell Packing and Provision company in Market street and then taken away for reasons unsatisfactory to the company, such action as will restrain the mayor from signing any other contract will be taken by the Lowell Packing and Provision company tomorrow morning. The action will be in the nature of an injunction.

When asked this afternoon what reasons Purchasing Agent Donnelly gave for rescinding the contract, Mr. Davis of the Lowell Packing and Provision company said:

"Mr. Donnelly said that the price was too cheap. You will agree with me that the reason is as silly as it is groundless. It may be that other dealers told him the price was too cheap, but our company is a responsible one and our grade of goods is second to none. It is very evident that Mr. Donnelly doesn't understand the situation. Restrictions as to where and how they buy are placed on other dealers in the city. There's a certain mart that they must patronize, but it is not so with our company. We go out and buy without restraint. The market is full of bargains and we are after them all the time. We can give meat away if we want to; it is nobody's business but our own.

"We have placed the matter in the hands of D. J. Donahue, Esq., and he will proceed in the matter as he thinks best. I presume that something in the nature of an injunction will be sought tomorrow morning."

WILL GET PENSION

The Sun Aids a Poor Widow

On Saturday The Sun published a letter sent to Mayor Howe by a Pittsburg, Pa., lady inquiring for the whereabouts of anyone who remembered the marriage of Mrs. Mary Tynan, a poor, old woman, who was married in this city nearly half a century ago. It seems that Mrs. Tynan, now about 70 years of age, and living with the Little Sisters of the Poor in Allegheny, Pa., recently applied for a widow's pension, her husband long since deceased, having served in the war of the Rebellion. She was informed by the pension authorities that her papers would have to be signed by some one who witnessed her marriage. Being old, infirm and hundreds of miles from Lowell, the poor old lady was about to give up her quest when a kind friend, Mrs. Chas. Donohue, of 2 Welch's Row, West Carson street, Pittsburg, Pa., volunteered to write to Lowell and ascertain if anyone remembered the parties. The letter was published in Saturday's issues and The Sun today is pleased to state that the necessary information is forthcoming and that the old lady will be able to get her pension after all. The Sun has heard from several parties who remembered Mrs. Tynan, but the best information comes from Miss Maria Lennon of Stackpole street, who was able to furnish the address of a daughter of Mrs. Brophy from whose home the wedding took place. The daughter is Mrs. Mary O'Connor of 1515 Tremont street, Roxbury district, Boston, Mass., and the necessary information has been forwarded to Mrs. Donohue.

RYAN ARRESTED

Accused of Fraudulently Obtaining Money

BOSTON, April 25—M. J. Ryan was arrested at the post office here today charged with fraudulently obtaining possession of money intended for the publication of the Knights of Labor year book. It is alleged that Ryan, who is an authorized solicitor of funds for the Knights of Labor, arranged that incoming mails should be sent to his home, where he misappropriated the money. The arrest was brought about by the use of a decoy letter. Ryan was also known as M. J. Maher of Hartford, Conn.

The post office inspectors intimated that other arrests would soon follow. Ryan is 29 years of age and gives his address as the South end, this city.

WORSTED MILLS

Will be Removed From Chelmsford

FITCHBURG, Mass., April 25.—The Shirreffs worsted company, which operates a mill at Chelmsford, is preparing to remove to South Fitchburg. A mill will be erected at once. The payroll will amount to more than $100,000 a year, divided among 300 employes. The head of the company is John Shirreffs, formerly agent of the American Woolen Co.'s mills here.

GIBSON INQUEST

RESUMED BEFORE JUDGE FISHER THIS AFTERNOON.

The inquest into the death of Fire Captain Albert H. Gibson, whose death resulted from an injury received in Lawrence street while on his way to a fire, was resumed before Judge Fisher in the police court this afternoon. Maps of Lawrence street, upon which were marked the spots prominent in the accident, were introduced and consulted at considerable length.

In reply to The Sun reporter's question Judge Fisher said he would probably submit his finding in the course of a week or 10 days.

CHINESE CASES

Supreme Court Upholds Inspector's Action

WASHINGTON, April 25—In the supreme court of the United States today an opinion was delivered in the case of Sing Tuck and 31 other Chinese persons held for deportation on the order of an inspector. The men claimed to be citizens of the United States and sued out writs of habeas corpus, claiming that they were entitled to a review of their cases by the courts before exhausting the remedies prescribed by the exclusion treaty of 1894. The court did not take this view, but held that Chinamen must pursue the course outlined in the law, exhausting the remedies there provided before applying to the courts. The opinion was by Justice Holmes.

Justice Brewer rendered a dissenting opinion, in which he characterized the proceedings of the inspectors as a star chamber process and said that a Chinaman claiming to be a citizen of the United States is entitled to as much protection as an Anglo-Saxon, who makes that claim. Justice Brewer said he did not consider it strange that China had denounced the treaty and said that with the growing importance of China that country could be counted upon to show increasing resentment against this country. Having sown the wind he predicted that the United States would reap the whirlwind. Justice Peckham concurred in the dissenting opinion.

The Chinese involved sought to enter the county at Malone, N. Y.

The effect of the decision is to sustain the action of the inspector.

WEDDING ANNOUNCED

BRIDGEPORT SOCIETY GIVEN A SURPRISE.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 25.—Society here received a surprise yesterday when the announcement was made of the marriage of Marie Russell and James B. Gregory, Jr., in New York city at the Little Church Around the Corner, Jan. 2 of this year. The bride has just turned 19. The groom is the favorite son of James B. Gregory, one of the wealthy coal merchants of this city.

When seen at the home of her brother last night Mrs. Gregory said: "Yes, we are married, and have been since Jan. 2. Mr. Gregory's father objected to his marrying so young, for he is just 22 now, and his father thought that I was too young to be married.

"I have just had a talk with my husband, and while things may look a little stormy about his home tonight, we both think everything will be all right in the end. Jim said he thought he would sleep home tonight, but if he can't he has another home where I live. So he will not be homeless."

Mrs. Gregory is an accomplished young woman, being a graduate of St. Margaret's school of Waterbury. She is a talented musician. She has been receiving congratulations all day from friends.

GOVERNOR MURPHY

TRYING TO SAVE A WOMAN'S LIFE.

NEW YORK, April 25—"If any effort of mine can prevent it, my administration shall not be stained with the hanging of a woman. I trust the board of pardons will be able, after weighing the testimony in the case of Anna Valentine, who killed her rival, Rosa Salza, at Lodi, to commute her sentence of death to imprisonment for life."

Thus spoke Gov. Murphy of New Jersey, who is head of the board of pardons, before starting for Europe Saturday.

"It is not necessary for me to say whether I have conscientious scruples against hanging a woman," he continued. "It may be considered remarkable for a governor to start a movement in favor of extending clemency to one guilty of taking a life, but, if I am setting a precedent to save a state the disgrace of hanging a woman, I feel that it is one worthy of being followed."

The governor will be abroad until June 1. Attorney Milton Demarest presented the case of his client fully at the recent meeting of the pardon board in Trenton, and its decision will be handed down June 8.

GERMAN DYERS

ACCUSED OF VIOLATING CONTRACT LABOR LAW.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., April 25—United States Inspector Samuel Eppler, today arrested three Germans, expert dyers, employed at the mills of the Muller Gloria Silk Co., in Norwalk.

The charge against the three men is violation of the alien contract law. The allegation is that the three men were brought here under contract by the Muller company.

LAST RECITAL

GIVEN BY LOWELL ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY YESTERDAY.

The Lowell Orchestral society gave the sixth and last of this season's concerts yesterday and the attendance was large.

The concert was in aid of St. John's hospital and the program was made up of the selections that were most favored at preceding concerts.

TOWN TREASURER DEAD.

BOSTON, April 25.—The death of Abraham H. Tower, for 42 years town treasurer of Cohasset, was announced here today. Mr. Tower was 75 years of age. He died at Cohasset suddenly from heart failure.

TWENTY NEW LOCOMOTIVES.

BOSTON, April 25—The Boston & Maine Railroad company has placed orders for 20 additional locomotives to be delivered in October and November. Ten of these will be mogul freight engines and the rest will be six-wheel locomotives.

M. U. O. F. MEETING.

The 25th annual meeting of the grand lodge of Manchester Unity Odd Fellows will be held in West Fitchburg on Wednesday, April 27. It is understood that James A. Smith will be elected provincial grand master, and that J. W. Greeg of this city will be re-elected provincial corresponding secretary. Mr. Smith is a member of Wamesit lodge of this city, and Mr. Gregg of Excelsior lodge.

IN POLICE COURT

So Called Spotter Cases Continued

MEN BEHIND THE GUNS NOT IN COURT

Many Drunken Offenders Disposed of

Four liquor cases of the so-called spotter denomination were called in police court this forenoon. Two of the cases came up on continuance and were re-continued. The other two were new cases and were continued. The spotters, so called, were not in court and James H. Carmichael, counsel for the defendants in one of the cases, was in Boston.

The Waverly House case, Charles Fitzsimmons, John McLaughlin and Dennis Landry, defendants, was continued to May 2.

John Sheehy and James Carson, the former charged with sale on two counts, and the latter with sale, keeping liquor and maintaining a liquor nuisance had their cases continued to May 3. The premises are described in the complaints as being located in Central street beyond and nearby the opera house. The defendants were ordered to recognize in the sum of $300 each and John J. Higgins went surety for them.

James F. Lyons and James Griffin who were charged with sales, keeping liquor and maintaining a liquor nuisance, had their cases continued to Wednesday, May 4. John J. Pickman appeared for them and William J. Hardy was accepted as surety.

James F. Finucane had four counts to answer to. He is charged with selling; the second complaint alleges sales, two counts, and he is also charged with maintaining a liquor nuisance. His case was continued to Thursday, May 5, and he was ordered in $300 for his appearance before the court on that day. Peter F. Davey was accepted as surety. Finucane was without counsel. The premises in this complaint were described as those formerly occupied by John O'Connell in Kinsman street.

Maud Belile pleaded guilty to fornication and was ordered to pay a fine of $15, to be paid in five days, with an alternative of two months in jail. The man in the case was Peter Meron. In this case probable cause was found and he was ordered in $300 for the superior court.

Frank Carley pleaded guilty to a complaint charging him with the larceny of $12.85, the property of John Brady. He was ordered to pay a fine of $20, to be paid within five days, with an alternative of three months in jail.

Edward McManus was charged with drunkenness and obstructing the street. He pleaded guilty and two fines, $5 and $5, were imposed.

Alexander Cameron, a baker, called at the police station about a week ago. He said he was on the verge of delirium tremens and he wanted police protection while the snakes were doing their horrible strunt. He was removed to the city farm and fought his battle in a padded cell. Today he appeared in police court. He has been in Lowell about eight months and it was his second appearance before the court. He was ordered to pay a fine of $6.

Other drunken offenders were disposed of as follows: Patrick H. Fallon was fined $10; Norah Harrington was sent to the workhouse for eight days; James F. Mulhern, John Chamberlain, Michael Champagne, Israel Labelle and John J. Clancy were fined $5 each. John J. Fox, a parole man, was ordered in $200 for his appearance before the court tomorrow morning for sentence. Six, whose first offence it was within a year, were fined $2 each and three were released.

STRIKING MINERS

TAKEN BY SURPRISE BY SHERIFF'S POSSE.

SALT LAKE, Utah, April 25—A wholesale capture of striking miners in Carbon county is reported in special dispatches from Price, Utah. Sheriff Wilcox and 40 deputies armed with rifles marched upon the camp of the strikers in the canyon, took them by surprise and arrested 120 Italians. The charge against them is resisting an officer. The men were loaded into box cars and taken to the jail at Price. In the strikers' camp were found several guns and revolvers and about a half bushel of knives.

TO REMOVE HEADQUARTERS.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., April 25—Arrangements have been completed for the removal of the headquarters of the sisterhood of the Holy Nativity (Episcopal) from Providence, R. I., to Fond Du Lac. The order was founded in 1882 by Right Rev. Charles C. Grafton, D. D., bishop of this diocese, while he was rector of the Church of the Advent, Boston.

The sisterhood has maintained branches at Fond Du Lac and Oneida, Wis., and in the parishes of St. Mary, the Virgin, New York city, and the Church of the Holy Cross, Kingston, N. Y.

WANTED
COAT MAKERS

J. J. SULLIVAN
Lowell's Leading Tailor
25 PALMER STREET

"Dowd's Honest Teq"
CIGAR
A PERFECT SMOKE.

SEANCE RAIDED

Police Gather in Alleged "Spirits"

WOMEN CHARGED WITH BEING DISORDERLY

Police Officers Took in the Show

BOSTON, April 25.—There were manifestations never anticipated at the "spiritualist" meeting held at 16 Union park street last evening at the customary hour of 8.15. The unexpected appeared before the interested audience of 16, and at the end they were all glad to get out and be allowed to go home unmolested.

Nearly every night and Sunday also seances have been held at this place, and the patrons have been perfectly satisfied, as have the proprietors. Last evening among those present were officers Brauer and Curran of the East Dedham street station. For the fourth time they took in all that happened, and at 9 o'clock, just as a "spirit" was spiriting about in a filmsy garb of gauze covered with phosphorus, causing a very spirituous effect upon the nerves, the illusion was dispelled and Capt. O'Lalor and Sergts. Driscoll and Munning jumped in at the signal of the two officers inside. The moment they came in the lights were turned on and the "spirit" that had been tripping about as lightly as her thin raiment and 250 pounds would let her, stood revealed in the flesh. The audience was aghast, until those who weren't "on to the game" were told of it. Some knew the game and didn't have to be told.

The "spirit" and her "sister spirits" were told to dress and were taken to the station and locked up on a charge of being idle and disorderly.

A short time ago the police came to the conclusion there must be a lot of alleged spiritualist parlors doing business from what they heard and decided that they should be put out of the way. Capt. O'Lalor detailed special officers Brauer and Curran to the work and they located the one at 16 Union Park street. They experienced much difficulty in getting in as the place was run very secretly. Once inside the secrets of the place were revealed to them fully. It was run by two women, who gave their names as May French and Neva Murlvale Jeanneau, living at 16 Union Park street, and who have owned up to the police that the manifestation end of their business was a "fake."

The service was held in a room that wouldn't seat more than 16, and last night the "standing room only" sign was out. The audience was seated about three sides of the room, and the meeting was opened with prayer. Then May French made a few remarks and disappeared. Her companion then asked for the wish of any person as to a spirit they would like to see, and the lights were put out. Miss French in the darkness stepped to the middle of the floor with a gown and cross covered with phosphorus. The gown would shimmer with a supernatural glow in the eyes of believers, and then she would pick out the party who had expressed a wish and lead him off to the corner of the room. Everybody else waited in suspense until they came back. Meantime Neva Murlvale Jeanneau would do the same trick.

The women would carry off any spirit requested, man, woman or child. Miss French appeared as Bishop Brooks frequently to please an especially devout man. One attendant at the meetings, a woman, used to hold converse with her as an Indian doctor.

All the paraphernalia was seized last evening, which included a bishop's surplice, covered with phosphorus, Indian feathers, etc. A big German insisted that Miss French was his mother, and in the corner of the room in the dark held lengthy converse about old family affairs. Among other things seized last evening was a couch and a large easy chair.

Whatever of a confidential nature passed between "spook" and mortal in the corner of the room was more or less drowned by the creaky strains of "The Last Rose of Summer," which struggled out of a quondam music box that was started immediately after the prayer was concluded. This was kept going during the whole seance. When the meeting was over, everyone who felt so moved put $1 on the music box when going out. The women would not take the money themselves nor would they ask for any.

This made the work of the officers difficult, for they had no case against the women unless they took money. Accordingly, one night one of the officers suggested to Miss French that he had no small bill, but if she would change a $10 bill he would fix it up. Sh eagreed, and also took out a dollar for the other officer. This was repeated at the next meeting, and on the strength of that a warrant was issued for the arrest of the woman.

IOWA HORSES.

C. H. Clapp & Co. have just received 28 head of Iowa horses weighing from 1600 to 1900 lbs. each, among which are matched pairs for driving and draught. Call and see them, Cushing street.

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE

WILL MEET NEXT SUNDAY IN JACKSON HALL.

The United Irish league held another important meeting in Shattuck hall last evening and transacted considerable business. Vice President Miss Delia A. Conway occupied the chair. It was voted to secure Jackson hall for the meeting next Sunday evening, when a prominent speaker will be present. The league is showing a steady growth in membership, having admitted 36 during the month. A very enjoyable musical program was carried out. Patrick Skeffington and M. A. Lee sang several selections in the Gaelic tongue. Miss Elizabeth Honan and Miss Katie Connee, favorites with the league, sang Irish melodies in English.

Steps were taken to run a sociable before the end of May as a suitable windup of the season's work. Secretary Connolly made a final report on the recent home rule demonstration, showing the proceeds to have been $169. The Gaelic class is awaiting the receipt of textbooks.

KICKED BY HORSE

ACCIDENT IN WARD STREET THIS MORNING.

Joseph Belleaun, residing at 34 Ward street, was kicked by a horse in a wood yard in Ward street and received a bad gash over the left eye. He was taken to St. John's hospital in the ambulance.

ITALIAN LUMPERS

DECIDE TO GO OUT ON STRIKE AT QUINCY.

QUINCY, Mass., April 25—The Italian lumpers and laborers employed at the Fore River Ship and Engine company's works were organized yesterday by a labor delegate from Boston and will go out on strike today.

Notwithstanding this action, it was asserted last night that there is a prospect that the strike of the boilermakers, shipwrights, joiners and caulkers, which was inaugurated last Friday, will be settled at an early date and that the men will return to work on a 54-hour basis, working nine hours a day, six days in the week.

CATHOLIC ORDER OF FORESTERS

The regular meeting of the Catholic Order of Foresters was held yesterday afternoon in St. Joseph's college hall, for the purpose of forming a military guard within the organization. The project was successfully carried out and the guard organized with 17 initial members, all recruited from Court St. Antoine. Officers will be elected in the near future.

MEMORIAL SERVICE HELD.

LONDON, April 25.—There was a memorial service today at St. Andrew's church, Ashley gardens, for Miss Cicely Northcote, granddaughter of the late Hamilton Fish, secretary of war in President Grant's administration, who died suddenly last week while traveling in France.

IN RECEIVER'S HANDS.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 25.—The Brunswick and Birmingham railroad has been placed in the hands of a temporary receiver upon petition of E. C. Machen, formerly president of the road who alleges that the company owes him $5,000 for services. The road was recently purchased by the Atlantic and Birmingham.

VERMONT COWS.

C. H. Clapp & Co. will receive 15 head of fresh Vermont cows Tuesday, April 26, which will be sold at private sale at their stable, Cushing street.

Get the Spring Habit

It is a fact, generally conceded by physicians, pharmacists, and even by competitors, that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most effective medicine ever devised for the complete purification of the blood, and the complete renovation of the whole system.

Get Hood's today.
Sold everywhere.

A Tactful Housewife Will make the duties of the "maid of all work" as easy and pleasant as possible.

DO YOU APPRECIATE THE VALUE OF

Pure Chemicals

in daily life? In the work of the house we mean.

Ammonia, Alcohol, Borax, Potash, Camphor, Naphthaline.

(In Flake or Balls.)

All have their places and uses. Anything you want in the line of chemicals.

BOTTLES, GRADUATES, FUNNELS, CORKS.

TALBOT DYE & CHEMICAL CO.
38 to 44 Middle Street

KEMP STURGEON

A Well Known Boston Character Dead

BOSTON, April 25—Charles Henry Kemp Sturgeon, colored orator and politician, and one of the picturesque characters of Boston, died yesterday afternoon at his home, 4 Alexander street, Roxbury, aged 74. He had suffered from a complication of ills since last November. He left a wife and one daughter. The funeral will take place Tuesday at 10 o'clock at St. Peter's church, Meeting House Hill, where high mass will be celebrated.

For years "Judge" C. H. Kemp Sturgeon, as he was more commonly called, had been a familiar figure on the streets. He was interested in politics, especially national and municipal, and used to call often at the newspaper offices to express his views on various matters. He was tall and of striking bearing, which was accentuated by a silk hat, spectacles, cane and usually a green bag.

Mr. Sturgeon was a native of Jamaica, and is reputed to have held a judicial office in the West Indies, where he spent a large portion of his life. He was not a member of the bar here, however.

He was the first colored man to hold the office of justice of the peace in Massachusetts, having been appointed by Gov. Greenhalge June 14, 1895. He was also for some years a notary public, and took much pride in these distinctions.

Mr. Sturgeon came into prominence in the summer of 1897 through political work he had done for the republican party among the colored people of Boston. But he was sorely disappointed at the little, if any, recognition he received for his services.

For some time in the summer of 1897 the aged colored man was a daily visitor at the executive mansion in Washington in the hope that he would be given a consular appointment to Jamaica. He became discouraged, however, and on July 12 created a dramatic scene on the portico as he left the building, grief-stricken and broken-hearted.

Senators Hoar, Lodge and nearly all the Massachusetts republican representatives indorsed his candidacy for a position. The failure to more speedily realize his ambition reduced the buoyancy of his spirits to the verge of desperation.

Slowly descending the steps the old man paused and looked at the upper windows of the executive mansion. "I spent all I had," he said, "for McKinley. I received letters at the time signed 'Mark Hanna,' commending my services and promising reward. Since then I have found out that Hanna never wrote a letter, and that Sec. Dick had signed Hanna's name to all of them.

"Senator Hanna had repeatedly turned me down and I have had little encouragement at the White House. I am heart-broken and I know not what to do."

CATHOLIC NOTES

High mass was celebrated at 11 o'clock at St. Patrick's church, yesterday by Rev. Fr. Callahan and was largely attended. The sermon on the text "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself" was preached by Rev. Fr. McHugh. The musical feature of the service was a duet at the offertory by Messrs. John J. McNabb and Daniel S. O'Brien.

MARRIED MEN'S MISSION.

The married men's mission at St. Louis' church came to a successful close yesterday afternoon. During the mission a Sacred Heart league was organized and many of the men joined. A mission of three days for the school children was inaugurated yesterday afternoon, the exercises being held at one o'clock previous to the closing exercises of the men's mission. Sermons for the children will be given every day after four o'clock.

The mission for the young men of the parish opened last night with a very large attendance. The missionaries, Rev. Frs. Trudel and Parc, have been doing splendid work in the parish and have been highly successful in the last two missions preached. Their fame as preachers has spread, and every day sees the church crowded with larger audiences, eager to listen to them.

FORTY HOURS' DEVOTION.

A forty hours' devotion was started at St. Peter's church after the 10.30 o'clock solemn high mass yesterday morning. The officiating clergyman was Rev. W. George Mullin and he was assisted by Rev. Daniel Hefferman as deacon, Rev. Hugh J. McDermod as sub deacon and Thomas A. Ginty of Boston college, master of ceremonies. Rev. Fr. Hefferman preached the sermon.

Following the celebration of the mass benediction was given by Rev. Fr. Ronan.

The forty hours' devotion will be brought to a close Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock when a high mass will be celebrated.

The priests connected with the Sacred Heart church are engaged in taking the census of the parish.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.

The high mass yesterday morning at 10.30 at the Immaculate Conception church was celebrated by Rev. Lawrence J. Tighe, O. M. I., and the sermon on the gospel of the day was delivered by Rev. Fr. Lawrence, O. M. I.

In the evening vespers and benediction of the Blessed Sacrament was held, the celebrant being Rev. Fr. Smith, O. M. I.

The fathers of the Immaculate Conception church opened a week's mission at St. Andrew's church in North Billerica last evening. Services will be held morning and evening during the remainder of the week, the mission closing next Sunday evening with vespers, sermon and benediction.

BANKS WILL BE MERGED.

BOSTON, April 25—It was announced today that the First National bank of this city will soon absorb the National Bank of Redemption and that Daniel G. Wing, president of the First National, will serve as president of the merged institutions. The plan of combination calls for the liquidation of the Redemption bank. The consolidation will represent an institution with $2,000,000 capital, a surplus of $2,000,000 and deposits aggregating about $35,000,000. The stockholders of the Bank of Redemption will be asked to ratify the proposition for a merger on May 31.

Tea and Butterine

at wholesale. Old-fashioned dark yellow at half price of butter. Formosa, oolong, Ceylon, Assam, green, best that grows, 30 cents per lb., 4 lbs $1.00. Good tea, 2 lbs. 25c. Choice potatoes and apples.

Flynn's Market, 137 Gorham St.

FOUR FIRE ALARMS

FALSE ALARM SOUNDED SATURDAY NIGHT.

A still alarm at 9.05 this morning summoned a portion of the fire apparatus at the central fire station in Middle street to a fire in a pile of oakum in the basement of Carroll Bros., plumbers, in Middle street. The damage was slight.

T. C. Lee had the insurance.

A false alarm from box 26 at the corner of Pawtucket and Fletcher streets was pulled in shortly after 9 p. m. Saturday. When the fire apparatus arrived at the box there was no one who knew anything about the fire, but several people in the vicinity said they saw a man pull in the box and then hurry away. The matter will be investigated and an arrest may follow.

At 1 o'clock yesterday morning an alarm from box 51 was for a fire in a house in Chambers street belonging to the Wamesit Power Co. A defective chimney set fire to the partition of the house and when the fire department arrived there was a lively blaze in progress. It was necessary to tear away a good portion of the flooring on the first and second floors to extinguish the fire. The insurance on the building is held by Fred C. Church.

A telephone alarm yesterday morning was for a chimney fire in a house in Charles street owned by Charles McEvoy.

NEW SEWERS

COMMITTEE WILL GIVE HEARINGS TONIGHT.

The sewere committee will go out on a tour of inspection this afternoon at 4 o'clock and this evening at 7.30 will give hearings. Work was started on the Short street sewer this morning.

SCHOOL BOARD

WILL HOLD REGULAR MEETING THIS EVENING.

The school board will hold its regular monthly meeting at City hall this evening.

WORK HELD UP

UNTIL COMMON COUNCIL HOLDS A REGULAR MEETING.

The board of aldermen will hold their regular meeting tomorrow evening at City hall, but there will be no meeting of the lower branch although there was some talk of it. Meanwhile 100 men are kept from going to work on the Locks and Canals water main job because of the holding up of the petition to open the street in the common council. The company instead of asking the permission of the city council should have done business with the superintendent of streets who could have granted the necessary permission.

PRES. LOUBET

PLACED WREATHS ON KINGS' TOMBS.

ROME, April 25—President Loubet of France, who arrived in Rome yesterday to repay the visit of King Victor Emmanuel to Paris last October, went with a royal cortege to the Pantheon today to lay wreaths on the tombs of King Victor Emmanuel II and King Humbert. He was received by veterans of the Italian army.

The function was of the most impressive nature, President Loubet speaking to each veteran, some of whom wore medals gained while fighting in 1859 with the French against Austria. With the same cortege President Loubet then drove to the palazzo Margherite to pay a visit to the queen's mother, Margherita. He remained a half hour.

Those surrounding the pope assert that he has expressed his intention to protest against the visit of President Loubet to Rome on the ground that it is the first occasion on which the head of a Catholic country has visited the quirinal since the fall of the temporal power of the popes, but it is not known when or under what form the protest will be issued.

TRAIN WRECKED

ONE SOLDIER KILLED AND A DOZEN INJURED.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 25—A westbound special train carrying several carloads of soldiers bound for the Presidio at San Francisco has been wrecked at Harilum station, the first station west of Needles, Cal., on the Santa Fe railroad. One soldier, James M. Powers, was killed and about a dozen injured.

According to the meagre information obtainable here the wreck was caused by the colliding of a light engine eastbound with the troop train. The engine had helped a train over the heavy grade just west of the Needles and was returning to that point, presumably without the knowledge of the troop train. The crews of both engines escaped by jumping. The locomotives were completely wrecked.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Max Schneider, the manager of a large manufacturing company in New Haven, Conn., and Miss Ella M. Sprague, also of that city, were united in marriage on Thursday at the home of a relative, Mrs. O. D. Simmons, 81 Howard street. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Ralph Gillam of the First Congregational church, in the presence of a few friends.

HAMLIN—HAYNES.

A very quiet wedding took place on Wednesday evening, April 20, at St. Anne's rectory. The contracting parties were Royal L. Hamlin and Mrs. Lucy E. Haynes, both of this city. Rev. Dr. St. John Chambre performed the ceremony. They were unattended except by Arnold P. Haynes, a son, and Lillian R. Wallace, a niece of the bride. The occasion was unusually quiet on account of the recent death of the bride's mother.

CLARK—SIMMONEAUX.

Miss Helen B. Simmoneaux and Marvin W. Clark of Chicago, representing large business firms as salesman, were married last Wednesday. Rev. Ralph Gillam performing the ceremony.

PERSONALS

Rev. Leon E. Bell, of the New England conference, formerly pastor of Centralville M. E. church of this city, after closing a very successful year as acting or associate president of Vashon college, Burton, Washington, was elected to complete a term of five years' service in the same position.

Rev. P. M. Griffin of Neponset, is the guest of Rev. and Mrs. R. F. True at their home, 153 Westford street.

Mrs. William P. Lawler of Nesmith street is entertaining her sister, Mrs. John H. Schrieber of Kingston, N. Y.

The many friends of Mr. John J. Manchester, Jr., the popular and well-known young clerk at Pearson's drug store, will be pained to learn of his illness at the home of his parents in Livermore street.

AN HEIRESS TO BE

Lowell Woman Expects to be Very Rich

Mrs. L. A. Edwards, who lives in an unpretentious cottage house numbered 313, in Moody street, expects to receive between $300,000 and $400,000 from the estate of Robert Edwards, who was once a shining light in the King of England's navy. Not only did he render active service characterized by bravery, but he also sent his own ships against the French and Spaniards when those nations were at war with England. In recognition of such unprecedented service the king gave him a tract of land in what is now New York. Centuries have been rounded out since Edwards died and it is claimed that more than 400 heirs are waiting for their parts and parcels of the estate.

Edwards, it is stated, had thousands of dollars in the bank of England when he died, and if so the fellow who has time to reckon compound might take an imaginary amount and reckon the interest for three hundred years and then ask himself if he wouldn't like to be one of the Edwards heirs.

Mrs. Edwards who lives in the little white house in Moody street, says that a Baltimore lawyer has the matter in hand. It puzzled three or four Philadelphia lawyers but Mrs. Edwards believes that the Baltimore lawyer, unless he was burned out by the recent conflagration in that city, will succeed in settling the affair.

KING AND QUEEN

START ON A VISIT TO IRELAND.

LONDON, April 25.—King Edward, Queen Alexandra, the Princess Victoria and their suites started today on their visit to Ireland.

GREGORIAN CHANT

ACTION OF THE CATHOLIC ARCHBISHOPS.

BALTIMORE, April 25—In connection with rumors that at the meeting of the Catholic archbishops in Washington two weeks ago, Cardinal Gibbons had been requested to inform the pope that it would be impracticable at the present ime to enfore the decree concerning the restoration of the Gregorian chant as the only music to be employed in the churches of this country and the banishment of women from the choirs, the cardinal says no definite request of the kind was made. An extract as follows from resolutions adopted at the Washington conference and bearing upon the subject of the church music and women choirs would clearly explain, he said, the position in which the prelates were placed in regard to the edict of Pius X. "The letter of the holy father was carefully considered; attention was called to the prudent tolerations of the views of the holy father who while giving special approval and encouragement to the use of the Gregorian chant wherever practicable, is far from insisting upon it exclusively but deals at length on the excellence of the sacred composition of the school of Palestrina and praises likewise such works of modern music as have in like manner aimed at expressing the divine worship in a religious and worthy manner.

"It was also noted that while encouraging formation of male choirs, he (the pope) does not condemn congregational singing of divine service in which the voices of women are included. It was urged that measures everywhere should be taken to comply as far as possible with the commands of the holy father."

SOLDIER'S LETTER

WILLIAM E. GOLDEN WRITES FROM NEW MEXICO.

Several weeks ago The Sun reported the fact that the members of Gen. Adelbert Ames command, Spanish War Veterans, and the Ladies' Auxiliary, intended sending Comrade William E. Golden to the military sanitarium at Fort Bayard, New Mexico, in the hope that his health might be restored.

Golden sends a letter to Commander Harrington of the Gen. Adelbert Ames command, S. W. V., stating that he is improved in health. He says with the appliances here for the treatment of tuberculosis, I feel sure that I will speedily recover.

"I will now try and give you a partial description of my new home. There are over 700 buildings on the post, including officers' row, which is set apart for the treatment of invalid officers. One of the largest of the buildings is called the Solarium, which is made almost entirely of glass, is 150 feet long and 50 feet wide, and as its name implies, issued for the purpose of taking sun baths.

At the present time there are 250 patients here all in the regular service. I believe I am the only discharged volunteer in the whole post. The rules are very stringent against letting any other than regular service men in here and it speaks volumes for the perseverance and also for the influence of the Spanish War Veterans, that they have been successful in my case.

A residence of but short duration here is sufficient to convince anyone that Uncle Sam takes good care of his soldiers who are so unfortunate as to have lung trouble. There is a dairy of 50 cows, and the table is supplied with everything that money can buy, plenty of fresh milk, butter, eggs, chicken, turkey—in fact everything one could possibly desire.

I sleep out in a tent with the flaps wide open, drinking in God's fresh air, which is the only medicine we have here. You would never take this place for a sanatorium; there is such a fine looking lot of men here—men who fought with Dewey and Chaffee, with Miles and with Merritt, in every branch of the service, from Santiago to Manila, from Samar to Peking. We have a soldiers' theatre, a dance hall, pool and billiards, and everything to make the sick soldiers well and happy.

We also have a crack base ball team composed of the men of the medical corps, and have ball games every Sunday."

RESUME WORK

ORDER SENT OUT BY STRIKE LEADERS.

BUDAPEST, April 25.—The strike committee has issued a proclamation to the strikers on the state railroads, instructing them to resume work immediately and so avert further and more stringent action by the government against them.

ROBBER KILLED

AFTER HOLDING UP MEN IN CLUB ROOM.

SAN JOSE, Cal., April 25—A masked man armed with two revolvers entered the rooms of the Delmonte social club and after lining up against the wall six men who were in the room, took a diamond ring valued at $900 from one of the men, grabbed $350 or $400 from the table and then backed out of the room. After pursuit by citizens lasting over an hour, during which over 30 shots were exchanged, the robber was finally killed. Upon investigation the dead man was found to be Bert Thorndyke, one of the best known young men in this city. His mother-in-law is Mrs. G. M. Bruce, a wealthy widow with whom Thorndyke, his wife and little child lived. Thorndyke's mother is a wealthy widow of Stockton. It is said his brother is an artist on a New York newspaper.

REV. THOMAS CUSACK

CONSECRATED AUXILIARY BISHOP OF NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 25—With all the simplicity except the usual ceremonial of the Roman Catholic church, the Rev. Thomas Francis Cusack, auxiliary bishop-elect of the archdiocese of New York, was consecrated in St. Patrick's cathedral today. Contrary to the custom in such consecrations, where a pontifical high mass is usually celebrated, a low mass was celebrated.

For seven years Bishop-elect Cusack has been the superior of the apostolic mission band, a band travelling from place to place without a parish. He is now the pastor of St. Stephen's church, succeeding the Right Rev. Bishop Charles H. Coulton of Buffalo.

Among the prelates attending the services were Bishops Gabriels of Ogdensburg, Burke of Albany and Gautier of Kingston, Ont., Monsignors McCready, John F. Kearney, McSweeney, McGann, McNamara, Edwards, McKenna and Money, vicar general.

At the chancel Fr. Cusack knelt before the Most Rev. Archbishop Farley in front of the altar. He was examined as to his calling and answering satisfactorily, the Rev. William J. Guinan read the papal bull.

Bishop Cusack was invested with the crozier and ring, symbols of authority, and with the mitre and purple glove, worn during the celebration of mass. At the side gospal altar Bishop Cusack was anointed with the holy oils, Archbishop Farley consecrating him.

The mass was celebrated afterward, Bishop Cusack returning to the main altar. Archbishop Farley was the celebrant in conjunction with Bishop Cusack.

NEW ELECTRIC RAILROAD.

ROCKLAND, Me., April 25.—Work was begun today on the construction of the Rockland, South Muston and Owl's Head electric railroad, which will cost $115,000. A crew of 100 men put on today will be increased to 300 and it is expected the road will be completed to Crescent beach, a distance of six miles, before June 10. It is the intention to eventually extend the road to St. George, giving 35 miles of electric road in Knox county.

MONEY ON CALL.

NEW YORK, April 25—Noon—Money on call nominally at 1¾ per cent.; prime mercantile paper 4 @ 4½ per cent.

Exchanges, $123,275,500; balances, $7,816,952.

GOING TO ROME.

NAPLES, April 25.—A. A. Adee, second assistant secretary of state, of the United States, arrived here today and went to Pompeii. Mr. Adee will go to Rome tomorrow.

PRETTY ENTERTAINMENT.

A pretty soiree was held in St. Joseph's college hall last night by the members of the college, the features of the evening being the presentation of "Vildac," and "The Little Musketeers." The casts of characters were as follows:

VILDAC.

Le Comte De Vildac .....A. Desmarls
Vildac .....L. Boule
Adolphe ..... M. Cornellier
Ricardo .....W. Trottier
Brule-Moustache .....J. Lamoureux
Zozo .....L. Lamoureux
Guillaume ..... E. Gagne
Dandinet .....J. Perrault

Recruits—A. Racicot, A. Bourk, W. Cognac, E. Gagnon, A. Noel, E. Perrault, Ros. Fontaine, A. Brunelle, A. Eno, H. Lareau, E. Vignault, T. Blanchette.

LE PETIT MOUSQUETAIRE.

A child .....A. Boudreau
A captain .....Jos. Lamoureaux

A Troop of Soldiers.

Both pieces were ably presented by the boys and much applause was given during the presentations. The chorus consisted of 100 male voices. Rev. Brother Herbert, director of the Marist house of Lawrence, and Rev. Brother Louis Raphael, also of Lawrence, were present during the entertainment, as were a number of the Oblate Fathers of St. Joseph rectory.

PREPARING A DRAMA.

The Cercle Dramatique, under the direction of Rev. Lewis V. Lewis, O. M. I., is rehearsing for the presentation of a thrilling drama to be given in St. Joseph's college hall.

JUDGE KIRKPATRICK ILL.

TRENTON, N. J., April 25.—Judge Kirkpatrick is ill at his home in Newark and will not sit in the United States circuit court here today. The Northern Securities case will be probably heard before Judge Kirkpatrick at his chambers in Newark tomorrow.

McKAY WILL ALLOWED.

BOSTON, April 25.—The will of the late Gordon McKay, of Newport, which provides for a bequest of over $1,000,000 for Harvard university, was allowed today by Judge Grant, of the Suffolk county probate court. The document had been contested by distant relatives of the deceased.

GLIDDEN'S TRIP

CALLS FOR A DRIVE OF 20,000 MILES.

Charles J. Glidden, the local automobilist, who travelled nearly 7000 miles through Europe last year and who was the first to steer an auto over the Arctic circle, has issued an itinerary of his proposed tour of the world to begin in September. The itinerary calls for a total drive of 20,000 miles, through 20 different countries, including Turkey. Since issuing his itinerary, however, Mr. Glidden has learned that it will be impossible for him to cross the Ottoman empire on account of insurrections that are now in progress in certain parts of it, and he will be obliged to travel around the sultan's turbulent country.

The mileage to be covered in each country will be as follows: Algeria 1000, China 100, Ceylon 500, East Indies 300, Egypt 450, England 261, France 812, Greece 500, Hawaii 300, Hungary 588, India 5000, Italy 970, Japan 2500, Palestine 300, Portugal 500, Sicily 364, Spain 800, Tunis 460, United States 4000.

In 1901 Mr. Glidden toured 2000 miles in Europe and in 1902, 5125 miles, making, with his 1903 trip, a grand total of 13,705 miles. His drives in the United States aggregate about 13,000 miles.

On account of important business matters, Mr. Glidden, who has been giving a series of illustrated lectures hereabouts on his 1903 trip, has been suddenly called to Europe, and sailed from New York a week ago.

SULLY HEARING

HAS BEEN ADJOURNED UNTIL NEXT MONDAY.

NEW YORK, April 25.—In the case of D. J. Sully & Co., argument on the motion by counsel for Messrs. Hawley and Ray, requiring the plaintiffs to show cause why they should not be released from further examination as to their connection with the suspended firm which was scheduled for hearing before U. S. Dist. Judge Holt today, was adjourned until next Monday.

The motion on the Bank of North America proceeding to surrender $50,000 in cotton certificates which is an offshoot of the Sully failure, was likewise adjourned. The hearing in that case was set for May 9.

GRANITE CUTTERS

DECIDED TO RETURN TO WORK TODAY.

MILFORD, Mass., April 25.—One hundred and fifty of the 300 granite cutters who have been on strike at the local sheds returned to work today, a satisfactory agreement having been reached last week. The remainder of the men will be taken on as soon as the work can be laid out for them.

Got a Constant Headache?—Ten chances to one the secret of your suffering is that "white man's burden," Catarrh. Here's a sentence from one man's evidence for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—"One application gave me instant relief, cleared the nasal passages and stopped the pain in my head." It's a quick, safe and sure treatment and it never fails to cure. Sold by Ellingwood & Co. and Falls & Burkinshaw.—6.

JOHN W. McEVOY
Counsellor-at-law
And Public Administrator.
187 Central Street. Telephone 639-4.

May
IS QUARTER MONTH AT THE
Washington Savings Institution
—4—
Per Cent. Interest
265 Central St., Towers Corner

Maple Candies
MADE FROM
New Maple Sugar
AT
HARRY RICHARDSON'S
FRESH EVERY DAY

Wall Paper
—AT—
97 Appleton, Street

GEO. E. METCALF & CO.
FIRE INSURANCE
159 Middlesex St.

ONE PAIR OF EYES
MUST LAST THROUGH LIFE.
Expert examination is always needed.
Optician George G. Rogers,
145 MERRIMACK STREET.
Opposite Pollard's.

Special For this Week A fancy 2-quart Jug with one pound of 50 or 60c Tea
This is one of the best presents we have ever offered.
O'Brien Bros TEA DEALERS.
257 CENTRAL STREET. Telephone 679-6.

NINE HOUR DAY

Is Demanded by the Car Workers

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 25.—Interest in the strike of the boilermakers of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad system was overshadowed today by speculation as to the probable action of the machinists and car workers. The demands of these craftsmen are practically the same as those of the boilermakers—a nine-hour day and a fifteen per cent. increase in pay. At a conference of the machinists' grievance committee with the railroad officials, held last week, it was understood that a final answer to the men's demand would be given today. On that answer will depend the action of the machinists in reference to a strike, the men having intimated their intention of following the example of the boilermakers if the demand is not granted. The number of machinists employed by the railroad is said to be 1000.

An answer to the demands of the car workers, who number 3000, is also looked for early this week.

Men brought here to take the places of the striking boilermakers were at work today in the railroad shops while detectives in the service of the company patrolled the yards to prevent the approach of strike pickets. The steamer C. H. Northam, which is used as living quarters for the strike breakers, was also guarded by railroad policemen as it lay at one of the coal docks. No trouble due to attempted interference with the new men was reported.

WENT TO WORK.

NORWOOD, Mass., April 25.—The 100 machinists and carpenters employed here at the shops of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, who said, last night, that they would join the striking boilermakers today unless their demands were granted, went to work as usual this morning. Inquiries at the offices of the company here were met with the response that any settlement of the situation would be reached at New Haven. The men want a 9-hour day at a 10-hour rate of remuneration.

During the day a delegation from the machinists and carpenters went to New Haven to consult with the railroad officials. The men will remain at work here pending the action of their committee.

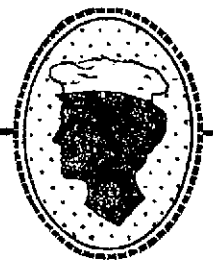
Railroad officials declined to say whether any of the strike breakers had been sent to other points on the system where boilermakers are out. Beyond the statement that work was going on as usual in the railroad shops here, nothing was given out officially during the morning.

At the headquarters of the boilermakers' union, there was the usual meeting of the strikers early in the day. Members of the union said afterward that they were prepared to remain out of the shops five months if necessary, but they expressed great confidence that they would win their fight before many days. They declared that the necessity of making repairs on locomotives would force the company to call them back to the shops in a short time. Grand President McNeil of the boilermakers' union has returned here from a visit to other places along the railroad lines. He is said to have issued a warning characterizing all locomotive repair work sent out from New Haven during the strike as "unfair."

SILVER JUBILEE

OBSERVED BY REV. P. J. LYNCH OF LAWRENCE.

LAWRENCE, Mass., April 25—Rev. Fr. P. J. Lynch observed the silver jubilee of his ordination to the priesthood in this city today. The jubilee sermon was preached by Rev. James T. O'Reilly, O. S. A. Clergymen from all over New England attended service in St. Laurence's church. Fr. Lynch was presented a check and a silver token and has been granted three months' leave of absence, which he will spend in Ireland. He left there 40 years ago and has never been back.



The more home baking you do, the more you will appreciate

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Using it in your biscuit and cake, you need not be an expert cook to get good results.

It never fails when used as directed.

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J. J. O'CONNELL & CO.
Funeral Directors
1010 Central St. Davis Sq.
Telephone Connection.

BACK TO WORK

ARLINGTON MILL WORKERS RETURN TO THEIR JOBS.

LAWRENCE, Mass., April 25—All but a few of the 500 Arlington mill strikers who went out March 25 because of the announcement that wages would be reduced, returned to work today and most of them were given their old places back under the reduction.

The management claims that the operatives are now receiving as much pay as elsewhere for the same class of work.

STOVE EXPLODED

TWO MEN INJURED ABOUT THE HEAD.

BOSTON, April 25—William Soch and George McConnell were injured about the head and face by flying glass today as a result of an explosion of a gas stove in the establishment of Sampson, Soch & Co., on Boylston street, in the south end. The force of the shock wrecked the building and blew out all the window glass.

CREW RESCUED

THE HAVERFORD TURNED UP JUST IN TIME.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.—Capt. Carrow and the crew of 27 men of the French barkentine Union were brought to this port today on the steamship Haverford from Liverpool for Philadelphia. Capt. Carrow had almost abandoned hope of being rescued when the Haverford was sighted. The Union sailed from Fecamp on a fishing trip early in April. April 3 the vessel sprung a leak and became waterlogged. Night and day the men worked at the pumps and had about given up hope of being rescued when on April 19 a tramp steamship hove in sight. The captain says that the tramp steamer refused to answer their signals of distress, but that a few hours later the Haverford was sighted. Before leaving the vessel Capt. Carrow set it on fire. The barkentine was abandoned in latitude 44.30 north and longitude 40.33 west.

ABEEL'S CONVENTION

WILL BE INVESTIGATED BY THE COURT.

NEW YORK, April 25—Recorder Goff today adjourned sentence until Friday of this week of James N. Abeel, who was convicted last week of forgery in the third degree.

The adjourned sentence was because of a motion of the prisoner's counsel for arrest of judgment on legal grounds. The recorder said it was important that the legal points raised should be fully investigated. He remarked that Abeel's was the first conviction under the section of the law and should be and would be considered at length.

DEATHS

PENDER—Miss Sarah Pender, a lifelong resident of Lowell and a much esteemed member of St. Michael's church, died this morning at her home, 163 West Sixth street, aged 45 years. She is survived by five sisters. The time of funeral will be announced later.

FLYNN—Thomas P. Flynn, aged 30 years, died yesterday morning at the home of his parents, Patrick and Julia, 1268 Bridge street. He leaves to mourn his loss besides his father and mother, two brothers, Edwin and Owen, and one sister, Mrs. Christopher Broadbent of Philadelphia.

WAIN—Miss Annie Wain, daughter of Mr. John Wain of Lowell street, North Billerica, died at the Lowell General hospital Saturday of appendicitis. Miss Wain was employed in the designing department of the Talbot mills, and was a member of St. Anne's Mission choir.

LADUE—Viola Lillian, child of William and Margaret Ladue, died Saturday afternoon at the home of her parents, 29 Dutton street.

PAISLEY—Miss Maud Paisley, formerly of Lowell, died of pneumonia in Seattle, Wash., Friday, April 8, at the home of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Rushton, 21 Galer street.

BROWN—Elizabeth Brown, aged 8 months, daughter of Morris and Annie, died yesterday at the home of her parents, 34 First street.

HAPGOOD—Harriet A. Hapgood, an old resident of this city, died yesterday at her home, 221 High street. She was the widow of Ephraim Hapgood and is survived by one son, Edgar.

INSPECTING RAILROAD WORK.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 25—President E. H. Harriman of the Southern Pacific railroad company and his party of New York financiers, have left for the east by the Ogden route with the intention of inspecting the recent work of straightening the Central Pacific and making a trip over the Lucien cut off.

COTTON FUTURES.

NEW YORK, April 25—Cotton futures opened weak. April 13.55; May 13.50; June 13.59; July 13.70; Aug. 13.25; Sept. 11.90; Oct. 11.38; Nov. —; Dec. 11.24; Jan. 11.18.

BIG GOLD SHIPMENT.

NEW YORK, April 25—Goldman, Sachs & Co. today increased their engagement of gold for Paris on Tuesday's steamer to $7,000,000, the Royal Bank of Canada announced the engagement of $1,000,000, and the engagement of $500,000 was announced by Barin & Magoun.

R. W. & B.

DIVIDEND DAY

Next Tuesday

Dividends may be had at either of Cook, Taylor & Co's stores, The Central Cash Market, Normandin's, Aiken street, or at the company's office.

Red, White and Blue Trading Stamp Co.

ASSOCIATE BUILDING

WAS AN APOSTLE

Thatcher Testified at Smoot Hearing

TOLD OF CONTROVERSY WITH MORMON CHURCH

He Had Criticised the Republicans

WASHINGTON, April 25—Judge O. W. Peters was on the stand again at the opening of the Smoot investigation before the senate committee on privileges today and Attorney Van Cott resumed cross examination. He questioned the witness in regard to Mormon interest in educational affairs. Judge Powers praised the people highly for their application to trades, professions, art and the sciences.

Mining schools and other scientific institutions were praised by the witness, who said that Mormon schools easily rank with the best institutions of learning in the country.

In regard to the disinclination of Mormons to inform on polygamists, Judge Powers said that no person likes to be called or considered an informer. Reference was made to the attitude of democrats who were Gentiles, in nominating Brigham H. Roberts, a Mormon, for congress.

"Well," said Mr. Powers, "we thought Roberts was going to be the Moses who would lead us out of our political difficulties. We thought he would take us away from church domination in politics."

While Judge Powers commended much of the educational policy in Utah, he said the admirable system was inaugurated before statehood.

In answer to a question by Senator Bailey, the witness said he understood that in some sections tht public schools were dismissed early for religious instruction. The Mormons found much to complain of in regard to that, said the witness.

Chairman Burrows ascertained from the witness that he knew Apostle Heber J. Grant, who was now in Germany attending an international kindergarten convention and asked:

"Apostle Grant is a great educator, is he not?"

"In some lines," said the witness laughingly.

He then detailed a speech before a Utah university made by Grant, at which he contributed $150 for the school. According to the witness, Grant said $50 was for himself and $50 for each of his two wives and said that he was only sorry that the law would not permit him to have more wives.

Chairman Burrows desired to ascertain where Grant was now. A subpoena has been issued for him, but he has not been reached.

Mr. Van Cott asked Judge Powers if it was not well known that Grant was going to Germany before the warrant was issued.

"Oh, yes," was the answer. "I do not mean that he went to Germany on account of the warrant, but that he left town in the night on that account."

Moses Thatcher was then called to the stand. He was an apostle at the time of his candidacy for political office and a great deal of testimony has been given in regard to his differences with the church on account of politics. Mr. Thatcher said the controversy with the church was in 1895 and 1896, and gave an explanation of his study of politics before he became active in any campaign. He also spoke of his duties as an apostle of the church. Thatcher minimized his troubles with the church and said he always recognized the power of a majority. The first friction according to his story, followed a speech which he made in 1892, in which he criticized the republicans and a letter was issued by Joseph F. Smith and Henry F. Smith, protesting against his remark. Mr. Thatcher read from letters and speeches which appear in pamphlets and other records. Among the speeches was one at Salt Lake in 1891 in which Thatcher declined to take part in politics on account of his ecclesiastical position, but in which he counselled the democrats to instruct the people so they would be understood in their position in favor of divorcing the state and the church in political affairs.

The committee adjourned until tomorrow when Mr. Thatcher will continue his story.

HAS RECEIPTS

DISTRICT ATTORNEY JEROME ON DUKE CASE.

NEW YORK, April 25.—District Attorney Jerome today said his office would not be embarrassed by what might seem to have been a premature exposure of alleged police appointment graft through the arrest of Duke. Duke was last week brought into court on a charge of having secured money for procuring a police appointment and then failing to carry out his agreement.

Mr. Jerome said that his office has receipts for about $100,000 issued to applicants for civil service and other public positions but so far no political leader or prominent man has been involved.

"There is a special statute," he continued, "which makes it a crime to accept pay for an effort to procure or to procure a public position for another person. Under this statute we will conduct the prosecution.

"On Tuesday the district attorney's office will be represented at the Duke hearing."

ONE MAN DEAD

ANOTHER UNCONSCIOUS AS RESULT OF AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT.

TRENTON, N. J., April 25.—George Holcombe, a well-known Trenton newspaper man, died today and Capt. E. Y. Breeze of the second regiment, New Jersey national guard, is still unconscious at the Moyer hospital, as the result of an automobile accident, which occurred about midnight. Breeze lost control of the machine by reason of a break in the machinery which ran into a ditch. Holcombe and Breeze both sustained concussions of the brain.

NOTED JAPANESE LAWYER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 25—Ijo Kawamura, representing the emperor of Japan, has arrived here on his way to The Hague, where he will attend the congress on international civil laws next month.

Delegates from all the civilized countries of the world will be present. He is the director of the civil and criminal bureau in the department of justice of Japan. He is one of the most distinguished of Japanese authorities on law.

RUSSIAN-JAPANESE WAR

(Continued.)

ADMIRAL ROJESTVEN HAS BEEN PROMOTED

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25.—As a mark of confidence and in order that his work may be in keeping with the size of his fleet, the emperor has determined to promote Rear Admiral Rojestvenski, recently appointed to the command of the Baltic fleet, to be a vice admiral.

ADMIRAL SKRYDLOFF WANTS A COMMANDER

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25.—During his audience with the emperor, Vice Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the naval forces in the Far East, requested that a squadron commander be assigned to Port Arthur as he may find it necessary to temporarily join the Vladivostok division on the Pacific squadron. The emperor consented, but an officer has not yet been chosen.

SHARP BATTLE SOUTH OF POMAKUA

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25—Official dispatches regarding the fighting south of the river Pomakua, reported Friday last, in which a Russian detachment had three men killed and two officers and 18 men wounded, say that a Japanese troop-laden barge and other boats emerged from the mouth of the Pomakua and attempted to cut off the Russian retreat. The barge was sunk by the Russian guns. Capt. Smelzin, who commanded the detachment, died of his wounds. Lieut. Pushkin was the other officer wounded.

Further details concerning the skirmish say that in following up the general plan to harass and impede the Japanese crossing the Yalu, the Russian outposts on the river sent a detachment of volunteers in boats on the night of April 21 for the purpose of setting fire to the Japanese pontoons and other bridges material. The boat grounded on a sand bar near the Korean side and drew the fire of the Japanese outposts. There was a sharp fusillade at close range. The position of the boats was highly critical owing to the appearance of a number of light barges filled with Japanese coming out from a small tributary stream called the Pomakua, which is unmarked even on the maps of Russian general staff.

The intention of the barges was to cut off the retreat of the Russians. This was noticed from the other bank, two miles distant, and a couple of field guns opened fire. A lucky shot sank one of the barges and the other withdrew.

The Japanese casualties are not known.

CORRESPONDENT WAS ARRESTED BY RUSSIANS

PORT ARTHUR, April 25.—The Chicago Daily News dispatch boat, which approached Friday night last, was boarded by Russian officers. The correspondent was arrested, but was liberated on condition that he avoid the Kwang Tung peninsular in future.

All is quiet and there is no change in the situation here.

ALEXIEFF'S REQUEST HAS BEEN REFUSED

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25.—3.16 p. m.—The draft of the treaty whereby American and Russian firms can sue in their respective countries over which Ambassador McCormick has been negotiating, has been received from Washington and laid before the foreign office. As it is no longer possible to become in gratification during this session of congress, Mr. McCormick will probably allow the treaty to take its normal course.

It is said that the emperor, replying to Viceroy Alexieff's application for leave, has telegraphed his refusal, adding that he hoped the viceroy would be able to send good news soon.

Feigner, the celebrated tenor of the Imperial opera, who is an officer of the naval reserves, has been called to the colors.

YALU RIVER NOT CROSSED YET

ST. PETERSBURG, April 25.—Major General Pilug in a telegram from Port Arthur formally denied the reports that the Japanese have crossed the Yalu river.

30,000 JAPANESE GOING NORTH

LONDON, April 25.—The far eastern despatches this morning are chiefly concerned with reports and speculations concerning Japanese landings and the plan of campaign.

The Morning Post's Shanghai correspondent says that spies have informed the Russians at Kin Chau that Japanese warships convoying transports with thirty thousand troops are steaming northward.

According to the Daily Mail's New Chwang correspondent, it is generally thought possible in naval and military circles to arrange a peaceful settlement of the far eastern trouble through the mediation of the powers.

The correspondent of the Standard at Chefoo says he hears that Japan has again protested to the Pekin government against Russian troops being permitted to occupy places near the Liao river.

The Daily Telegraph's Shanghai correspondent cables that a second Japanese army will sail shortly and will land on the island of Diawalo, near Yongampho.

STEAMER SAILINGS BEING CANCELLED

TOKIO, April 25—The Japanese lines operating steamers on the Yellow Sea and Gulf of Chili are cancelling their sailings beyond Chemulpo, Korea, on account of the mechanical mines adrift from Port Arthur and Port Dalny.

It is known that the storms and currents have detached many mines. Several of them have been discovered and destroyed, but it is feared many are still being carried southward by the currents.

RUSSIAN SQUADRON MAKES APPEARANCE

TOKIO, April 25—6 p.m.—The Russian Vladivostok squadron, after a long period of inactivity, suddenly appeared off Gensan, on the east coast of Korea, this morning and sank the Goyo Maru, a Japanese merchant steamer of 600 tons.

A brief telegram received from Gensan today says three Russian cruisers had entered the harbor and that they were still there when the telegram was sent. Their arrival created consternation in the unprotected Japanese colony at Gensan.

It is thought in Tokio that this Russian naval movement was made in the hope of intercepting some unprotected Japanese troop ships. It is not believed the squadron will remain at Gensan long.

JAPANESE SHIP SENT TO BOTTOM

LONDON, April 25—5.44 p. m.—The Japanese legation today gave out the following dispatch received today from Tokio:

"The Japanese consul at Wonsan (Gensan, Korea) reports under today's date that two Russian torpedo boats entered that port and sank a small Japanese steamer, the Goyo Maru. Her gross tonnage was 600 and she was built in 1881. The Russians immediately left."

This dispatch is taken at the legation here to mean that the Vladivostok fleet is active.

STRIKERS DID NOT MEET.

QUINCY, Mass., April 25.—No meetings of striking mechanics of the Fore River Ship & Engine Co. were held this forenoon and most of the men assembled at various points near the railroad station to await developments. A visit from National President McNeil of the boilermakers' union was expected today. The feeling prevails that the differences in the management and their employes will be adjusted in a few days, but as yet no official announcement has been made by either side.

F. G. McGregor, the auctioneer, sold on Saturday the property of S. H. Fish, to Timothy Dunlon for $2260. Also the Peter Stanhope property to Michael McDermott for $955. Both parcels brought more than the assessed value.

FUNERALS

DONNELLY—The funeral of William Donnelly took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of his parents, James and Catherine, 9 L street, Centralville. The interment was in the Catholic cemetery and was under the direction of Funeral Director Charles H. Molloy.

O'HEARN—The funeral of Miss Annie O'Hearn was held from her home, 120 Lewis street, Saturday afternoon, and was largely attended. The floral offerings were profuse. The bearers were John O'Hearn of Lynn, James and Peter Kelley and James P. and John D. O'Hearn of Lowell, and Frank Morgan of Waltham, Mass. Burial was in St. Patrick's cemetery, where Rev. Fr. Walsh officiated at the grave. Undertaker Davey had charge of the arrangements.

STEADY—The funeral of William H. Steady was held yesterday afternoon from the rooms of Undertaker Molloy. Rev. Mr. Jenkins was the officiating clergyman. The bearers were a delegation present from the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. The floral offerings were numerous, including a large pillow inscribed "Brother," from sisters of deceased; pillow from the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. The bearers were Michael Murray, Charles Paine, Napoleon Crook, Charles Oakes, all of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, in charge of Undertaker C. H. Molloy.

ANASTASIADES—The funeral of Nicholas Anastasiades was held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the rooms of Undertaker Molloy and at 3.15 o'clock services were conducted at the Greek church. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, in charge of Undertaker Molloy.

FOX—The funeral of Mrs. Flora E. Fox took place yesterday afternoon. After prayers at the house, services were held at the Drexel Centre church and were largely attended by relatives and friends. Rev. F. L. Kelley was the officiating clergyman and appropriate hymns were sung. The bearers were Steadman, Frank and Daniel D. Fox, and Granville Coburn, all relatives. Undertaker Brooks was in charge of the arrangements and burial was in the cemetery at New Boston.

KERRIGAN—The funeral of Margaret Kerrigan took place yesterday afternoon at the home of her nephew, Martin Carey, 83 Crosby street, and Rev. Fr. McDermod had charge of the service at St. Peter's church, at 4 o'clock. The bearers were Messrs. Martin Carey, Charles Schloss, Samuel Kelley, Durkin Kelley, Joseph Reed and James Walsh. Undertaker Molloy had charge of the arrangements and burial was in St. Peter's cemetery.

BALL PLAYERS HELD.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The three ball players in the National league who were arrested at the opening of the Sunday game in Brooklyn yesterday, were arraigned in court today but the case was continued until Wednesday, the players being held in the same bond given yesterday.

A Great Sensation.

There was a big sensation in Leesville, Ind., when W. H. Brown of that place, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. He writes: "I endured insufferable agonies from Asthma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure." Similar cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Grip are numerous. It's the peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed by Goodale's drug store, 217 Central street, Lowell. Trial bottles free.

Cure for Asthma and Hay Fever

The statements published below confirm the claim of Dr. Schiffmann that his remedy is an absolute cure for Asthma and Hay Fever.

Mrs. Mary Zachary, Pleasant Hill, La., says: "I have found your Asthma Cure a permanent cure for Asthma, for which I used it 7 years ago. I have never had the slightest return of the trouble since. I have also found your remedy excellent in Bronchial affections."

A Hay Fever sufferer writes: "I have had Hay Fever for 14 years. I bought a package of your remedy (Schiffmann's Asthma Cure), of our druggist and due to its use this is the first summer that I have not been troubled." Mrs. Frank Guilfogle, 6237 Ridge avenue, Roxboro, Philadelphia.

Sold by druggists at 50c and $1.00.

Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 890, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

Dr. Bonneville, DENTIST
Crowns.
Bridge Work a specialty.
109 MERRIMACK STREET
Lowell Dental Parlors

WHEN YOU ARE READY

To pack away your winter garments we are ready to supply you with Camphor Gum, Lavender Camphor, Cedar Camphor, Crystalline Camphor, Cedar Shavings, Cedar Bars, Camphor Balls, Tar Bags, in fact we carry in stock everything required to protect clothing from moths and other insects. Low prices.

FALLS & BURKINSHAW
RELIABLE DRUGGISTS
418 MIDDLESEX STREET
Opposite Northern Station, Cor. Thorndike St.
Open from 6 a. m. to 11.30 p. m.

SCHOONER FREED

BOAT WAS NOT INJURED AT ALL.

CHATHAM, Mass., April 25—The Gloucester fishing schooner, Mary P. Mosquita, which went aground yesterday on the east end of Handkerchief shoal, came off today uninjured.

The Boston schooner Buena which went ashore at the same time, remains fast and is leaking badly. The wind is freshening and unless the little vessel can be pulled off soon it is feared she will be a total loss.

The Monomoy life savers aided the crew of the Mosquita in lightering about eight tons of ice during the night and this morning on the high tide the increasing winds drove the vessel across the shoal into deep water. She went up into Chatham Bay to get some bait when she will leave again for the fishing grounds. The Monomoy life savers and the tug Pallas were at work during the day in an attempt to save the Buena.

HER HAND LACERATED.

Ida Richardson while at work in the Collinsville mills this morning had her right hand badly lacerated while operating a loom. She was removed to the Emergency hospital, where her injury was dressed.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful **Marvel** Whirling Spray **Douche**

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.

MARVEL CO., 41 Park Row, New York.

Curse of DRINK

CURED TO STAY CURED BY

White Ribbon Remedy

No taste. No odor. Any woman can give it in glass of water, tea, coffee or food without patient's knowledge.

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for all alcoholic drinks, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. INDORSED BY MEMBERS OF A. W. C. T. U. Impossible for any one to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy. It has made many thousands of permanent cures, and in addition restores the victim to normal health, steadying the nerves, increasing the will power and determination to resist temptation. Sold by druggists everywhere and by mail. Price 50c and $1.00.

Also a Special Size guaranteed to cure or money refunded by the druggist.

Trial package free by writing or calling on MRS. A. M. TOWNSEND (for years Secretary of a Woman's Christian Temperance Union), 313 Tremont street, Boston, Mass. All letters destroyed as soon as answered. Everything private. Sold and recommended by special agent in Boston, Mass.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.,
Cor. Merrimack and Central Sts.

7-20-4

10c CIGAR

Londres and Perfecto shapes, are now on sale by all the Waldorf-Astoria Segar Co.'s stores, and more than 1000 other retailers in New York and Brooklyn. R. G. Sullivan, Manchester, N. H.

DOUBLE DARK BLUE STAMPS

ALL THIS WEEK

On the following articles

—AT—

JOHN F. SHUNDERS

159 Gorham St., Cor. Summer.

120 with 2 lb. 50c Baking Powder.
70 with 1 lb. 50c Formosa Tea.
100 with 1 lb. of 60c Assam Tea.
150 with 1 lb. 70c English Breakfast Tea.
12 with 1 can 12c Peas.
20 with 1 lb. 20c and 25c Coffee.
20 with 14c package Cerq Fruto.
10 with 1 lb. 15c Butterine.
10 with 1 can 12c Tomatoes.
10 with 1 bottle 10c Blue.
10 with 1 package 10c Pancake Flour.
10 with 1 package 10c Mince Meat.
10 with 1 package 14c Force.
5 with 1 package 10c Presto.

TEAS OF ALL KINDS

New Cabbage	4c lb.
Smoked Shoulders	8c lb.
Hams	10c and 12c lb.
Best Sirloin and Rump	18c lb.
Best Round Steak,	2 lbs. 25c
Corned Beef	3c to 6c lb.
Fresh Eggs	20c. doz
Challenge Milk, 3 cans	25c

BEST BUTTERINE

Prints	15c
Tubs	11c lb. and up

CLEAN OUT YOUR FURNACE.

Your furnace will last longer and give better results if it is thoroughly cleaned every spring. This is the best and cheapest time to have it done. We have a furnace man that understands his business from A to Z. Agents for the Gray State and Columbia furnaces.

O. F. HOLDINGTON & SON,
(Successor to M. O'Flaherty.)
147 MARKET STREET. Tel. [illegible]

Get Ready for Summer

In other words come to my new quarters in Post Office Square, and get yourself a *TRIBUNE* or *READING BICYCLE*, and have something that will give you satisfaction.

Crown Bicycles $25.00 | **Motor Cycles** | **Cyrus Bicycles $20.00**

TERMS TO SUIT

Indian, Crouch and Marsh Motor Cycles, sturdy little Automobiles on two wheels, the best in their respective classes. Motor Cycle and Bicycle Repairing in charge of Henry Brunette, which is a guarantee of good work and prompt service.

GEO. H. BACHELDER

P. O. SQUARE Tel. 649-5

85TH ANNIVERSARY

Observed by the Lowell Odd Fellows Yesterday

REV. B. F. KINGSLEY, ORATOR OF THE DAY.

Exercises in Odd Fellows' Temple Prefaced by Street Parade—Addresses by Rev. B. F. Kingsley and Ex-Alderman George H. Taylor

The 85th anniversary of Odd Fellowship was observed yesterday by the eight lodges, three encampments and one canton and the three lodges of Rebekahs in Lowell with appropriate exercises in Odd Fellows' Temple, Middlesex street, prefaced by a street parade of the uniformed ranks of the order, Billerica and Chelmsford sent delegations to assist in the observance and the temple was filled to the doors when the exercises opened.

The street parade started at 2 o'clock when headed by the National band the members of Wannalancit and Monomake encampments and Canton Pawtucket marched to the headquarters of Lowell encampment and the encampment of Centralville lodge in Bridge street where the members of these two lodges joined the procession. Then the parade in charge of Chief Marshal David Haskell repaired to the temple where the marchers were reviewed by the chief marshal as they entered the auditorium.

The hall was prettily draped with the standards of the eight lodges with the national colors as a background while palms and other tropical plants and flowers lent beauty to the scene. The Rebekahs occupied seats reserved for them in the gallery.

The band rendered a processional as the marchers entered the hall and all remained standing as the invocation was offered by Rev. Mr. Matthews of the First Primitive Methodist church and a past grand of Mineral lodge, 265 of the jurisdiction of Pennsylvania.

"It is the Lord's Own Day," was sung by the Apollo quartet composed of Osmond Long, John Wibberley, Arthur Munn and William Foster. George H. Taylor, past grand of Centralville lodge, was master of exercises and he then made the opening remarks.

Mr. Taylor spoke of the call of the grand sire of Odd Fellowship and the response for the celebration by 13 grand lodges; 13,377 subordinate lodges with a membership of 1,100,000; 2862 encampments with a membership of 156,000; 6027 Rebekah lodges with a membership of 412,000, a total membership accounting for all duplication of 1,350,000.

The total taxable valuation, real and personal, of the city of Lowell, he said, is $72,000,000. Suppose we had all this property turned into immediate cash. Raze all these beautiful buildings, this magnificent temple among them, all these homes of the well-to-do and the poor, these great manufactories, which sing and sing the song of intense industry, and gather their value into one great treasury; convert every foot of land on which these structures stand into coin, and add to it the sum; divest your citizens of all the gold, jewelry and gems they possess and sell them in the marts of the world; market all the stocks, bonds and mortgages which constitute the personal taxable property of your people; and when this has all been done and the entire proceeds have been gathered together, you will even then be $38,000,000 short of the amount which this order has expended since 1830 in brotherly relief. You will need to increase your valuation by nearly 50 per cent. to equal the round $100,000,000 expended by our order in the past 74 years in relieving the sick, burying the dead, educating the orphans and taking care of the aged. At the present rates of charitable expenditure we distribute, for such purposes, the wealth of a Lowell every 18 years; a distribution in which there is no expense account and in which every dollar finds the pocket of the beneficiary.

"It is not my intention to burden you with statistics; you hear them often. But these few facts have appealed to me and I felt they would also interest you. These important material things constitute the basis upon which this order claims a right to live; this great record of the past is its support in the present and its guarantee for the future.

"We do not need to look far to find the real origin of this great humanitarian movement. Its apparent birth 85 years since was one of the results of the lofty teaching and the sublime example of Him who came to this earth 1900 years ago, we hasten to confess that the genius of Odd Fellowship came from the teachings of Christ, and the pillars which support its structure rest upon the Bible. It was Jesus who enriched the world's vocabulary for all time by giving to it the sublime idea expressed in the comprehensive sentence, 'The fatherhood of God and brotherhood of Man.'"

Rev. C. E. Fisher of the First Universalist church, read the Scripture lesson from the 15th chapter of St. John. "Beautiful Isle of Some where" was sung by the quartet, followed by prayer delivered by Rev. J. M. Craig, of the First Presbyterian church, and a past grand master of the district of Wisconsin. "America" sung by the quartet and congregation, G. M. Willey accompanying on the piano.

REV. MR. KINGSLEY'S ADDRESS.

The address of the day was given by Rev. B. F. Kingsley, of the Highland M. E. church, a member of Hampton lodge of Springfield, also a member of the canton and encampment. He said in part:

"The words of my text will be found in the three verses of Luke X., 25-28, for I am glad to hear this is to be a religious service, and I am to preach a sermon.

"First of all there comes to us the thought that we must love our God supremely, above all things with all our heart and soul.

"There are some Odd Fellows, I am sorry to say who love their lodge more than they do that divine institution, the church.

"In the year 1819, on the 26th of April, Thomas Wildey and others met in a room in Baltimore, and formed the famous lodge, Washington, No. 1. Later came the patriarchal degree. And the organization kept growing.

"Since that time, however, there have been trials sore, and during the '60's every civic organization was threatened with dismemberment, owing to the great clash between North and South.

"But the two parts of the country were made one again and so Odd Fellowship was saved. From that reunion in 1865, steady has been the growth of the order."

The speaker referred to the great work being done in the Odd Fellows' home in Worcester, of the noble relief meted out to aged brothers and sisters. The land on which is situated the building was donated by Thomas Dodge, himself not an Odd Fellow. Members of the order throughout the state responded to the call for money, $150,000 being raised in all.

"Evening Song" was sung by the quartet. The closing ode "Brothers," We Thank You All," was sung by the lodges and congregation. Benediction was pronounced by Rev. F. M. Pickles, of the Centralville M. E. church, member of a lodge in the state of Washington.

The committee on arrangements were as follows:

Executive committee—Lieut. F. G. Baldwin, Canton Pawtucket, P. M., chairman; Isaac B. Romaine, Monomake Encampment, secretary; Asa B. Hilliard, Lowell Lodge, treasurer.

Reception committee—E. M. Hill, chairman, Highland lodge; H. C. Sweetsir, P. G., Chelmsford lodge; L. C. Durrell, V. G., Highland lodge, J. H. Collins, V. G., Merrimack lodge; George H. Taylor, P. G., Centralville lodge; Carl Noyes, Oberlin lodge; F. P. Brown, P. G., Mechanics lodge; David McKinley, P. G. Lincoln lodge; J. J. DeVine, N. G., Veritas lodge; A. B. Hilliard, P. G., Lowell lodge; Capt. A. E. Lyford, Canton Pawtucket; Geo. H. Frye, P. C. P., Lowell Encampment; Charles A. Marshall, P. C. Wannalancit Encampment; William F. Brown, C. P., Monomake Encampment; Mrs. Lora E. Shipley, N. G., Highland Union, Rebekah lodge; Mrs. Rachael O. Hill, P. N. G., Evening Star; Abbie M. Batchelder, Centralville.

Committee on speakers—David A. Haskell, Lowell Encampment; E. M. Hill, Highland lodge; Carl Noyes, Oberlin lodge.

Committee on music—Capt. A. E. Lyford, Canton Pawtucket; C. E. Worden, N. G., Centralville lodge; Emory Smith, P. G., Shawsheen lodge, Billerica.

Committee on printing and program—E. M. Hill, Robert S. Curran, N. G., Highland lodge; Charles A. Marshall, P. C. P., Wannalancit Encampment.

Committee on decorations—J. H. Collins, V. G., Daniel Ryan, P. G., Merrimack lodge; Rachel O. Hill, Hallie D. Whitney, Lizzie M. Adams, P. N. G., Evening Star, Rebekah lodge; Lora D. Shipley, Grace E. Lawrence, P. N. G., and Ada J. Foss, N. G., Highland Union lodge; Abbie M. Batchelder, V. G., Harriet F. Roberts, Alice Westgate, Centralville lodge.

Chairman of exercises—George H. Taylor, P. G., Centralville lodge.

Chief Marshal—David A. Haskell, P. C. P., Lowell Encampment.

ODD FELLOWSHIP IN LOWELL.

The order was established in Lowell in July, 1839. A few citizens of the town of Lowell petitioned the grand lodge for a charter in that year and on the nineteenth day of November following Merrimack lodge was instituted. As the records of the lodge were destroyed by fire a few years later no accurate list of the first officers is obtainable. But the early meetings of the lodge were held for a long time in the old stone house on Pawtucket street, now the Ayer Home, this place also being the home of the Masonic body in the early years.

But not long after the formation of Merrimack lodge there was no grand lodge to report to. In 1839 Past Grand Thomas Barr came to Lowell and the charter of Merrimack lodge was reframed and February 3, 1842, the grand lodge granted a new one. That year seven members of the lodge withdrew to form Mechanics lodge and the next year fourteen more to form Oberlin lodge. The increase of lodges thus made resulted in the formation of Monomake Encampment, of which Thomas Barr was the first chief patriarch.

Veritas lodge was instituted in 1841 and Lowell lodge in 1845. The charters of both these lodges later became dormant, but were revived at a still later period.

The civil war so depleted the Lowell lodges that in 1863 only two hundred members were left. Only the efforts of Bros. Fairgrieve and Ashworth, Clifton and Peabody, Rodgers and Kingsley saved the order from disruption.

The organizers of Mechanics lodge were Hargreave Lord, Poiney L. Emerson, Thomas E. Gilman, L. S. Davis, W. H. Clement, Charles F. Dickinson, Solon D. Emerson, Samuel Taylor and Solomon Washington.

Veritas lodge instituted in 1841, gave up its charter in 1860 and August 15, 1871, was reinstituted with Joseph Field as noble grand. Lowell lodge instituted in 1845, was reinstituted Feb. 20, 1874.

August 31, 1874, Highland lodge was instituted. A. L. Russell, the late Francis Carll and A. P. Bateman with George L. Walker and Stephen B. Puffer were the principal projectors and the matter had been previously talked over. For many years the lodge occupied the building which they created and now known as old Highland hall. But about sixteen years ago came the present large and more pretentious building which has become the home of other societies.

Lincoln lodge was instituted March 4, 1878, and a number of years elapsed before there was another new lodge. Then came Centralville lodge which was instituted March 10, 1892, and has become the largest lodge in the city. Since then there have been no new lodges in Lowell, although Chelmsford lodge is a comparatively young lodge. From Merrimack lodge, the pioneer, have grown seven other lodges, three encampments, a canton of Patriarchs Militant, and three Rebekah lodges, and there are now over two thousand members of the order in this city, though there has been a time when the figures were much larger than that.

It was in 1891 that the lodges left the old hall in Merrimack street for the new temple in Middlesex street, and the dedication took place in the following year. The lot cost about $30,000 and the building about $100,000.

With the exception of Highland lodge of Odd Fellows, Highland Union lodge of Rebekahs, Centralville lodges of Odd Fellows and Rebekahs and Lowell encampment, the bodies of the order meet in the temple. The others have their own buildings in the localities mentioned.

BROWN GONE

DIAMOND RINGS ALSO SAID TO BE MISSING.

BOSTON, April 25.—Miss Minnie Morrill, a Boston department store bundle girl in the most romantic part of her teens, has had her feelings lacerated and her confidence in man shaken, and the Bigelow, Kennard & Co. is out about $250 by the misdoing and disappearance of Bertram R. Brown.

Brown was employed in a Boston department store at $8 a week. It was expected that he and Miss Morrill would be married yesterday. For some time, until April 15, he lodged at 79 Shawmut avenue, but since then he had resided at Miss Morrill's home, 45 Broadway extension, pending the wedding.

Brown, who is about 34 years old, and of pleasing personality, is said to have made his wardrobe quite complete, with the exception of choice jewelry, and this he sought at the above-mentioned store. He looked at a number of expensive rings, but did not decide on any. Soon after leaving the store, however, he sent back word that he would like to have the rings he had been looking at sent over and he would then choose the one he would buy. It is said that the rings were entrusted to a messenger boy, with instructions not to let one of them go out of his possession without the proper amount of money in return.

The messenger says that Brown took the box of rings out of his hand, saying he would make a selection, but added, "Wait here a minute and I will run upstairs and get a check." The boy loked on a check proposition as the same as getting the money, but Brown did not return. The police were notified and are looking for him.

DR. JEFFERSON

BROUGHT INTO THE PILLSBURY CASE.

Ex-Congressman Knox went to Salem Saturday before a master in chancery, a bill in equity brought by George Pillsbury of Ballardvale, who figured in the recent Newcombe-Pillsbury breach of promise case, against Miss Fitch of Boston, assignee of a contract from Dr. Jefferson of Millis. The bill is brought to secure an accounting of money expended under a contract which Pillsbury signed with Dr. Jefferson to build and equip a sanitarium at Millis, and furnish money for its maintenance forever, Dr. Jefferson to realize all the benefits therefrom.

J. W. BRUCE & Co. - Auctioneers

OFFICE - - - - - - - 29 CENTRAL STREET

A $2000 STOCK OF GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION ON THURSDAY, APRIL 28, COMMENCING AT 10 O'CLOCK SHARP, AT 42 TUCKER STREET, LITTLE CANADA.

The stock consists of 12 chests of different grades of tea, 20 bushels of Canada peas, 1 barrel Molasses, 5 barrels of Flour (in sacks), large lot of coffee, pickles, sugar, spices, potatoes, all kinds of canned goods, tobacco, in fact everything that can be found in a first-class grocery store. One set computation scales, 1 set platform scales, 4 sets of counter and hanging scales, large butter case, marble slabs, meat block, all tools; also one good horse, two covered butcher carts, one has a set of runners, three light wagons and three harnesses.

All these goods and personal property are first-class and should be seen to be appreciated. Will be sold without reserve or limit for cash. Horse and teams to be sold at 3 o'clock p.m.

Per order

VINCENT BROS.

WOOD

WOOD FOR KINDLING. WOOD FOR STEADY FIRE
WOOD FOR FIRE PLACE. HARD WOOD. SOFT WOOD

12 BUSHELS FINE BOBBIN WOOD	$1.00
10 BUSHELS COARSE BOBBIN WOOD	$1.00
10 BUSHELS HARD SAWED AND SPLIT WOOD	$1.00
10 BUSHELS SOFT SAWED AND SPLIT WOOD	$1.00
20 BUSHELS MILL KINDLINGS	$1.00

Order by Telephone or Call at Office.

Lowell Coal Co.

W. THORNDIKE STREET. 48 CENTRAL STREET.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—In Centralville, cottage house of 5 rooms in good repair, No. 7 Devlin avenue (off Fulton street) by James J. Conroy, Old Washington tavern.

FOR SALE—Finest ocean view hotel on New England coast; cost $155,000, with 49 acres land; dining hall a "perfect dream," 50 by 80 feet; no pillars; magnificent piazzas; barn, 50 stalls; 100-barrel cranberry meadow; 114 large airy rooms; observatory seats 50 people; can see ocean 50 miles; price $20,000, $15,000 cash and will take the balance of $5000 in exchange for other property; any person with money will buy this property in 15 minutes after seeing it; no license to pay. Address box 235, Lowell, Mass.

FOR SALE—Must be sold at once as the party is going to leave city, in Centralville, near mills, 3 cottage houses in good repair; prices $900, $1100, $1200. G. L. Hubbard, 6 Central street.

FARM FOR SALE—Farm of six acres near city limits. Price $5500. Call or address Mrs. J. D. Sullivan, 204 French Street, Suite No. 5.

MONEY TO LOAN

PAWNBROKER—Money to loan; money loaned on all valuable articles, clothing; rates reasonable. A. Stein, 343 Middlesex street, Lowell, Mass.

MONEY TO LOAN on furniture, pianos and all personal property. Private office. (Strictly confidential.) Room 5, Swan building, 26 Central street.

MONEY ON CREDIT without security. Boarding houses, retail merchants and salaried people; easy payments; lowest rates in the city. Merrimack Loan Co., 25 Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN salaried people, retail merchants, teamsters, boarding houses, without security; easy payments; largest business in 42 principal cities. Tolman, room 26, Associate building.

MONEY TO LOAN at short notice on furniture, pianos, etc. Leases paid off and more money advanced. All business strictly confidential. Address W. E. Leinhas, room 9, Barristers hall.

SPECIAL NOTICES

THE SUN IN BOSTON—The Sun is on sale every day at both news-stands of the Union Station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

DOUBLE STAMPS—Today and tomorrow you can have Dark Blue, Green, Light Blue or Red, White and Blue; the quality of our teas is unsurpassed and our coffees are fresh roasted. Dickson's Tea Store, 68 Merrimack street.

WANTED

376 BRIDGE STREET—Dressmakers, attention—Come and see our special fast and light running rotary machine; it excels all others; second-hand machines in stock; give us a call.

WANTED—Children to board in country home; terms reasonable. Address box 163, Billerica Centre.

BOARDERS WANTED—At 72 Cabot street; board and room.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE—Wepay the highest price. Reliable Furniture Co., 165-167 Middlesex street.

QUINCY HOUSE, 53 Lee street—Boarders wanted; three square 20c meals for 25c a day, 7 days in the week. James McGregor, prop.

FILL YOUR BOOK—Double trading stamps given away with all purchases of 50 cents and over, meats and groceries, Saturday, the 16th, at No. 90 Bridge street.

IF YOU WANT your mattresses made over at your home, call at 940 Central St.

WANTED—1000 men in Lowell and vicinity who are good judges of cigars to try the Northern Spy 5-cent cigar; warranted Sumatra wrapper and strictly long filler, Union Made. Manufactured by Alfred H. Johnson & Co., 6 Central St., Lowell, Mass.

WANTED—Boarders and roomers; will use you all right; come and try us. Mrs. Wisted, 131½ Colburn street.

STOVES—New and second-hand bought, sold and exchanged. Reliable Furniture Co., 165 Middlesex street.

WANTED—A position as nurse girl by a New Brunswick girl who has had considerable experience with children. Address Z. A., Sun office.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

CASH REGISTER

Easy Payments. No interest. A liberal allowance for old registers. International Mfg. Co., Room 45, Donovan building.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching from thoroughbred barred Plymouth rocks, I. K. Felch's strain, 50c per 13; $3.50 per 100. E. Vincent, Amesbury street, Elsmere.

FOR SALE—A boarding house cheap, ill health the reason for selling. Address S. B., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Two new milch cows, one horse, one calf and wagons at Galbraith's, Willowdale road, Tyngsboro, Mass.

FOR SALE—A cheap work horse and two square wagons. 377 Walker street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—A family horse, sound and kind; suitable for a woman to drive; good saddle horse. 213 Park View avenue.

FOR SALE—A bicycle in good condition will be sold cheap at Joseph McCann's, 297 Girard street, off Lakeview avenue.

FOR SALE—Roll top oak desk and chair, large size; oak bookcase; chiffonlere bed, as good as new; gocart; 47 yards all wool carpet in web. Apply 746 Broadway.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Farm, 34 acres, five miles from Lowell, two from Tyngsboro village, one mile to electrics; good buildings. Address T. G. S., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Building lumber, spruce studding, joists, covering boards and shingles, some good as new; also splendid bargains in square wagons, light or heavy, open or covered; carriage ash, steam boiler, about 20 horse; steam and gas piping and radiators, forges, anvils, vises, Stoddard upsetter, drill, thread cutter, lathe, circular and band saws, buzz planer, boxing machines, general tools, stock of rivets, bolts, screws, iron, etc., of the George E. Brown Wagon Works, Andover street, near city line; going out of business; if you want real bargains now is your time; my necessity your opportunity; come quick and be the first to pick.

FOR SALE 60 singing birds ranging in price from 25c up. Inquire at 69 Worthen street.

FOR SALE—Farm, 13 acres, fruit and wood for home use, 6-room house and barn, 7 miles out, $950. Room 6, 26 Central street.

FOR SALE—100 barred Plymouth rock chicks 12½c each if taken at once. 24 Epping street, Wigginville.

FOR SALE—Top buggy, cheap; good chamber sets. Call forenoons at 88 First street.

FOR SALE—A baby carriage and ice chest. Apply 373 Central street.

FOR SALE—Bay pacer, Dick W., 2¾, handsome, sound, clever horse, at 44 West Adams street. Tel. 95-12. Call evenings.

FOR SALE—A lady's Pierce bicycle cheap. Inquire at 38 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—A boarding house cheap, ill health the reason for selling. Address S. B., Sun office.

FOR SALE—Stock and fixtures of a well established meat and grocery store in Belvidere; owner has been doing a successful business at this stand for more than eight years; price and terms at Smith & Cavanaugh's, room 31, Donovan building, 267 Central street.

FOR SALE—Naphtha launch; first class condition; will be sold cheap if sold this week; can be seen at Whitworth's boat house, opposite Wigginville station.

FOR SALE—A square top wagon, nearly new, suitable for grocery man; also a large coffee mill and small ice chest. Inquire 21 Coral street.

FOR SALE—A Stanley automobile in good order. Inquire at G. H. Wood'r jewelry store.

FOR SALE—Wire dovecot or hen pen, size 12 feet high, 18 wide, 25 long; good as new; for half price. 142 Riverside street.

WOOD GIVEN AWAY—2¼ miles out. Apply to depot master, Wamesit station. Must be cut and taken away at once.

FOR SALE—A boarding house, rooms all occupied at present, at 238 Appleton street; if sold at once will let it go at $150; there are 12 rooms in the house and all furnished; sickness the only cause for wanting to sell. Inquire at 238 Appleton street.

FOR SALE—To mend your stove bricks use Eagle Stove Clay. Hardware and stove dealers sell it in three size packages.

FOR SALE—A variety store situated in a good business neighborhood, established trade of seven years; an exceptionally fine place for one who dressmakes; poor health of owner reason for selling. For all particulars, terms, etc., inquire of E. R. Donovan, room 1, Swan block, 26 Central street. It may be your opportunity.

RUBBER STAMPS at wholesale prices: 1-in. one line stamps, 15c; 1¼ in., 20c; 35c ink pads, 25c; 25c ink pads, 15c; 50c linen markers, 25c; business stamps, 15c per line. J. M. Fellows, 153 Merrimack St.

COAL, LIME, CEMENT, BRICKS

OF ALL KINDS

E. A. WILSON & CO.

4 Merrimack Sq.
700 Broadway

HELP WANTED

WANTED—A good ad. man. Apply at once Sun-American, Lawrence, Mass.

WANTED—Middle-aged woman for general housework in small family; references required. Address J., Sun office.

WANTED—An experienced girl at 203 Dutton street.

GIRL wanted. 599 Market street.

WANTED—A cook in private family. Apply at 41 Butterfield street.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply 37 Varney street.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to keep house for a small family. Inquire 128 Fayette street evenings.

WANTED—A house girl, 159 Appleton street.

WANTED—A situation in this city by a respectable middle-aged woman in small family, or would mind child a year old. Inquire for Mrs. McKenna, corner of Fayette and East Merrimack streets, Baker store.

WANTED—A good, steady man who understands farm work. Apply J. W. Flemings, North Tewksbury.

WANTED—A young lady for office work, high school graduate preferred, to be paid by complete course in shorthand. Inquire at Miss Hard's Shorthand school after 4 p. m.

"LADIES AND GENTLEMEN"—We pay $15 per 1000 cash copying, at home; send stamp. Standard Supply Co., box 228, Worcester, Mass.

REFINED New York lady would like position as housekeeper. Address M., Sun office.

ANY intelligent person may earn $50 to $100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; send for particulars. Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N.Y.

WANTED—Drug clerk having had four or five years' experience. Address Drugs, Sun office.

STITCHERS WANTED—Experienced stitchers on power machines to work on shirt waists; operators who have had experience on muslin underwear preferred; apply today. Max M. Israel Co., 245 Market street.

WANTED—Middle-aged woman to take care of a baby. Apply 133 Fayette street.

WANTED—A chamber girl at 123 Prince street.

SALESMEN—Calling on paint, hardware, drug, lumber, general store trade to sell staple article; liberal commission; excellent side line. Diamond White Lead and Oil Co., 403 22d street, Chicago.

WANTED—A French-American collector for Lowell and vicinity; must be married and between the ages of 25 and 35; only those that have had experience and can furnish best of references and bond need apply. Address L. M. Grant, 23 Penacook street, Manchester, N. H.

WANTED—Male accountant, experienced in correspondence, for permanent evening employment, residence or office; references. Address "Accountant," Sun office.

WANTED—One of the oldest and strongest financial institutions desires clean, energetic salesmen to handle their investment bonds in Lowell and vicinity; experience not necessary to right party; references required. Address N., Sun office.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound gives positive relief; powerful combination; used by 200,000 women; price 25 cents; druggists or by mail. Address LaFranco & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS

WE have all the new spring and summer styles in hats at Delorme's, the hatter; old hats made over. 261 Middlesex St.

SHIRT WAIST SUITS of chambray and cotton goods, material furnished and made for $4; brilliantine shirt waist suits, material furnished and made for $6; at Mrs. Della Mack's, dressmaker, room 16, Barristers hall.

MADAM DeFOREST—First visit to Lowell of this great clairvoyant and card reader, successful where others fail; give her a trial and be convinced; here for a short time only; fee within the reach of all; hours, 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. 16 John street.

WORK done at home. Call at 67 First street. Mrs. S. O. Sanderson.

PRUNING, grading, turfing and all kinds of gardening done in the best manner by John Oliver, 179 Varnum avenue. Tel. 1619-5

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS are held in several places in each state; full information and questions used by the government free. Columbian Correspondence college, Washington, D. C.

GENUINE GLORIA has printed cap and label on each bottle; look out for freak imitators; we are sole agents for Gloria. Boyle Bros. Telephone.

STORAGE—First class storage room for furniture; private rooms from $1 to $ a month, according to size, at 255 Hildreth street. Call there or at 597 Merrimack street.

LAWN MOWERS sharpened and repaired, 75c and $1. James Moulton, 24 Davis street.

LIMBURG—Chimney expert; chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge street. Telephone.

MOTHERS—Bent's Destroyer kills lice on children and all insects; cures dandruff and itching scalp; prevents falling hair; harmless. 25c. Only at Falls & Burkinshaw's, 418 Middlesex street.

MADAME LENORE—Clairvoyant card reader; also gifted with drawing power. 71 Tyler street.

MME. WATSON EMERSON—Clairvoyant and psychological readings at 474 Central street; also instruction in elocution and physical culture.

DRESS GOODS REMNANTS, cheap, from the Merrimack woolen mills. Corner store, Lakeview avenue and Pleasant street, Navy Yard.

HORSEMEN, ATTENTION!—We are now prepared to shoe your horses in the most satisfactory and scientific manner, especially horses lamed by incorrect shoeing, at the reasonable low price of 4 new shoes for $1.00; we also keep in stock a line of hand-made shoes turned by L. J. Padien, at the Fair Grounds shoeing forge, 1051 Gorham street Lowell, Mass.

PIANO OR ORGAN LESSONS at your home; special pains taken with children or advanced pupils; will accompany any instrument for entertainments; years of experience. Mabel Randall, Chelmsford Centre.

SAVE MONEY by buying your wall papers and having your paperhanging done at D. Baker & Co.'s, 150 Gorham St. We will paper your room with gilt paper for $2. Good workmanship guaranteed; send postal, will call with samples.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE bought and sold; also furniture moving done in a careful manner; always big bargains at our store. McGauvran Bros., Merrimack St., opp. City hall.

POULTRY

POULTRYMEN—To make hens lay feed green cut bone; nothing like it; cut fresh daily. Adams Supply Co., 40 Middlesex street, room 13, Lowell.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, April 22, 1904. The Committee on Relations between Employers and Employes will give a hearing to parties interested in that part of its report relating to the increase of salaries and tenure of office of the State Board of Conciliation and Arbitration, at room No. 441, State House, on Tuesday, April 26, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. George R. Wallace, Chairman. E. C. Stone, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, April 23, 1904. The Committee on Public Service will give a hearing to parties interested in the report of the joint special committee on compensation of state and county officials; an act to fix the salaries of the Board of Bar Examiners; an act to abolish fees for rules to auditors, masters, referees and assessors, and for aliases, or renewed executions; and an act as to the salaries of district attorneys and assistants, at room No. 438, State House, on Tuesday, April 26, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. A. A. Brackett, Chairman. Frank P. Bennett, Jr., Clerk of the Committee.

TO LET

TO LET—Nice sunny tenements of 5, 6 and 7 rooms each, Lakeview avenue, near Aiken street bridge, rent reasonable. Apply to H. A. Wright, 10 Barristers hall, 6 Central street.

TO LET—Cottage, suitable for summer camp, desirable location, five minutes' walk to Concord river, three to electrics. Box 163 Billerica Centre.

TO LET—Cottage house and barn, Varnum avenue, $8 per month. Apply 468 Central street.

TO LET—Cottage and barn one and one-half miles from post office. Apply 468 Central street.

STABLE TO LET—Stable of 9 stalls and ample carriage space near Broadway; low rent to responsible party. Apply 468 Central street.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms at 56 Franklin street.

TO LET—A four-room tenement, $7 a month, at 103 High street. Apply J. W. Henry, 55 Merrimack street.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address or call at 19 Dutton street, after 6 o'clock.

TO LET—Tenement of 5 rooms, besides bath and pantry, all separate, $8 per month. Apply 4 Sutherland street.

TO LET—One furnished front and side rooms suitable for small family at 98 John street.

TO LET—Nine room cottage on Gold street. Inquire 152 School street.

TO LET—A paint shop at 560 Middlesex street, formerly occupied by T. David, painter. Apply to C. J. Connell, 564 Middlesex street.

TO LET—A first class boarding house in good repair, all furnished with curtains, 21 rooms; 512 Central street. Inquire 34 Jackson or 795 Bridge street.

TO LET—Nicely furnished room with all modern conveniences and privileges of a home. 105 Chestnut street.

TO RENT—Nice 4-room tenement, $8, in good neighborhood. Call at 964 Middlesex street. G. P. Walker.

FOR FIRST CLASS ROOMS call at 84 Bridge street; steam heat, electric lights, hot and cold water in each room and nice bath; transients accommodated.

TENEMENTS—Two room and four room tenements, Chestnut square. Inquire 51 Chestnut street.

TO LET—Centralville, 5 rooms, $6.50 per month; Centralville, 3 rooms, $3.50 per month; Concord street, 5 rooms, $8 per month; Highlands, 3 rooms, $7 per month; Highlands, 4 rooms, $7.50 per month; Middlesex street, 3 rooms, $7.50 per month; off Chelmsford street, 4 rooms, $8.50 per month; cottage and barn and 5 acres of land on Chelmsford street, $10; cottage, 6 rooms, on Main street, $8; tenement of 9 rooms, all modern, on Phillips street, $16. T. H. Elliott, 64 Central street.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOM—With board if desired, near city hall. Inquire at Sun office.

TO LET—Very pleasant furnished room, with board if desired, near new city hall. Inquire Sun office.

TO LET—Near Dracut navy mill, comfortable tenements, 75 cents per week. Inquire 246 Varnum avenue.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—On Chelmsford street Sunday afternoon, a bull terrier pup, 3 months old. Return to T. E. Sheehan, 809 Stevens street and receive reward.

LOST—Sum of money between Prince and Market street. Finder will be rewarded by returning same to N. Panaretos, 398 Market street.

LOST—A pair of gold-rimmed glasses between Eliot, Powell and Gorham Sts. Finder please leave at 37 C street.

FOUND—A pocketbook on Merrimack street. Owner can have by calling at 136 South street, between 5 and 6 o'clock evenings.

FOUND—A boy's bicycle. Owner can have by calling at 48 Hastings street and paying for adv.

LOST—In vicinity of Normal school, an all black pup; answers to name of Nigger. Return to room 6, 9 Coburn street.

LOST—Between Normal school and So. Walker street, pocketbook containing rosary beads. Return to Sun office.

LOST—A female brindle Boston terrier with screw tail. Liberal reward at 55 Bartlett street.

FOUND—A pocketbook near 5 and 10 cent store. Apply to Margaret McCarthy, 5 Lagrange street.

LOST—A female Boston terrier, screw tail and brindle color, about one year old; last about one week ago on Chelmsford street, near the City farm. Finder will be rewarded by leaving dog at T. H. Kelley's, 392 Middlesex street.

LOST—On Stevens or Princeton streets, plush robe, black on one side, light on inside, with black border. Please return to Auto station, 195 and 199 Moody street. Reward.

LOST—Between Branch, Loring and School streets, a garnet necklace. Finder will be rewarded by returning to 1016 Branch street.

SITUATIONS WANTED

WANTED—A situation on a farm by a good reliable man. Inquire at 430 Lakeview avenue.

WANTED—To do washing and housecleaning. Call at 67 First street.

WANTED—To take care of one or two children, good home, no family. Call at Sun office.

WANTED—A situation by a bright young man as clerk, bookkeeper or office assistant. Address C. D., Sun office.

ALL AROUND FEMALE COOK wants situation; experience in hotels and restaurants. Call at rear of 317 Middlesex street.

WANTED—House cleaning by the hour. M. S., 26 Mammoth road.

WANTED—Situation by a pastry cook; can give references. Address O. P., Sun office.

A GREAT GRAFT

Duke Confessed to Working Pulls

NEW YORK, April 25—District Attorney Jerome hurried to this city last night from his country home in Lakeville, Ct., to assume personal charge of the investigation into the wholesale barter and sale of places and promotions in the police, fire and other departments admitted by William Duke, who says he took $200,000 from applicants in the last two years and passed it along to persons "higher up."

There is every reason to believe that Duke has confessed his part in the work of the "promotion syndicate" and relies on the district attorney's office for immunity in return for his evidence against one man, now under heavy bail, and at least one other man to whom Duke says he turned over every cent he received and took their receipts.

It is known that there are in the possession of District Attorney Jerome receipts for money paid to Duke and men in his band aggregating $70,000. Last week a formal demand was made upon the district attorney by a lawyer for the receipts and it was ignored. Duke, in his frank and breezy talks, said that, through the influence of certain employes of the municipal civil service commission and of the police and fire departments, he has been able to secure appointments and promotions.

While cautious not to name the men, he has hinted broadly that persons having to do with the marking of examination papers and men connected with the board of police surgeons were under his control.

More then a year ago, when the Low administration was in office, the district attorney's office first learned of Duke's operations and tried to trap him. They were informed by William Leary, secretary of the fire department, that Luke Clayton, then an engineer in the company stationed on Blackwell's island, had been told that William Duke for $1000 would make him an assistant foreman.

District Attorney Jerome put the matter in the hands of George W. Morgan, then on his staff, and now the state superintendent of elections. Marked bills to the amount of $1000 were given Clayton and he was told to enter into arrangements with Duke. In some way the "tip" was given and Duke refused to be trapped. Fire Commissioner Hays said last night:

"I'll bet $10,000 to $1000 this man Duke can't get an appointment or a promotion in this department, as he boasts, and I am just confident enough to bet the same way that there's no man who can deliver me, with or without my knowledge. These things are more easily done under a reform administration than under ours."

INSTANTLY KILLED

MAN WAS CAUGHT UNDER FALLING TIMBERS.

MIDLAND, Ont., April 25.—The Grand Trunk elevator here was struck by lightning and totally destroyed yesterday. It had a capacity of 500,000 bushels. L. F. Trembly was caught under the falling timbers of the elevator and instantly killed.

GIRL STABBED

POLICE ARE AFTER THREE LAWRENCE MEN.

LAWRENCE, April 25.—Frank, Augustine and Joseph Rosso, alleged to have been implicated in the trouble in the house, 47 Common street, Saturday afternoon, during which Mary Tuso, a 16-year-old Italian girl, was stabbed in the back, are still at large. Descriptions of the men have been sent to the police in other cities.

Frank is described as 35 years old, height 5 feet 7 or 8 inches, light complexioned, and with a sandy full beard. Augustine is 23 years of age, an inch or two shorter than Frank, medium complexioned, and with a small black mustache. Joseph Rosso, who is believed to have stabbed the girl, is 16 years old, 5 feet 3 inches, and dark complexioned. He has a scar on the right side of his neck.

The girl was resting fairly comfortable at the Cottage hospital yesterday and will doubtless recover.

JUDGE BURKE DEAD.

WASHINGTON, April 25—Former Judge Stevenson Burke of Cleveland, O., died at the Shoreham hotel in this city yesterday from the effects of a paralytic stroke, suffered nearly 24 hours previously. He remained unconscious from the time he was stricken until death. The body was taken to Cleveland last evening.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

PARDON FOR PARKS

EFFORTS BEING MADE BY LABOR MEN.

NEW YORK, April 25.—It became known yesterday that a strong effort is being made to obtain the pardon of Sam Parks, the walking delegate, who is serving a sentence of four years and six months for extortion.

Delegates of the various labor organizations have been asked to sign a petition which is to be presented to Gov. Odell. Many have signed, but others refused to do so. They hold Parks responsible for the building tie up last summer, when 100,000 men were idle for six months at a loss of $30,000,000 in wages.

The matter of Parks' pardon came up yesterday before the central federated union. Chairman Oberwager put the motion of signing the application for pardon before the house and it was carried, but one delegate voting in the negative.

It was denied at Sing Sing that Parks is critically ill. He is working in the brush shop making door mats.

SERIOUS CHARGE

OWENS ACCUSED OF TRYING TO KILL A WOMAN.

PORTLAND, Me., April 25.—George P. Owens, aged 43, is under arrest, charged with assault with intent to kill, his alleged victim being Mrs. Annie E. Kimball, who has had charge of a lodging house on Free street, where Owens has made his home. Tonight Owens is alleged to have fired four shots from a 32-calibre revolver, two of the bullets taking effect in the woman's person, but not striking a vital spot and she is expected to recover. The circumstances point to jealousy and trouble over money matters as the motive. Owens formerly lived in Boston.

PASTOR RESIGNS.

MANCHESTER, N. H., April 25.—The Rev. Charles J. Staples, for the past nine years pastor of the First Unitarian church of this city, surprised his parishioners yesterday by reading his resignation, he having received a renewal of the call which he recently declined from the First Congregational (Unitarian) church at Burlington, Vt.

Mr. Staples stated that the former call had not bee nunanimous. This call, however, comes from the entire congregation, and he has decided to accept.

WHAT CITY NEEDS

In Line of a Contagious Hospital

EXPLAINED BY DR. J. J. McCARTY

Detention Hospital Needed for Small-Pox

For the past five years, perhaps if not longer, there has been annually introduced into city council an order for the appointment of a joint special committee to examine into the advisability and cost of establishing a contagious disease hospital for the city of Lowell, and this year was no exception, the order having recently been acted upon by the city council.

Up to date these several orders have resulted in nothing more beneficial than a junket to Worcester and other cities by the special committee, until Agent Knapp of the health department has felt ashamed to notify the Worcester authorities that still another committee is about to make the annual trespass upon their hospitality.

The greatest demand for such a hospital was made a few years ago when an epidemic of diphtheria caused considerable alarm throughout the city, though even then the epidemic was suppressed by the health department before it had affected the city generally. It was thought that if ever the city would get a contagious hospital it would get it during that epidemic, but as yet the city is without one because the committee appointed by the city council and the board of health could not agree upon the character and the cost of the building to be constructed. Most elaborate plans were conceived and a permanent corps of physicians and attendants were talked of together with operating room and other side issues which were as unnecessary as they were expensive and the result was no contagious hospital was built that year. Last year other plans of an elaborate nature were discussed and the year closed without the accomplishment of anything along the desired direction.

This year it has been suggested that the special committee get the physicians interested in the matter and get their views in regard to the kind of hospital to be erected in order that they may talk intelligently with the board of health when in conference with them on this subject and with the suggestion is given the assurance that out of such a move will come more real knowledge as to what is needed than can be acquired by a series of junketing visits to other cities.

The Sun reporter desiring to obtain the views of a physician who has had more than ordinary amount of experience with contagious diseases called on Dr. J. J. McCarty of Central street last evening, Dr. McCarty having been a member of the board of health during a great small-pox epidemic when the city was shown in no uncertain manner the necessity for at least a suitable place to keep small-pox patients.

In response to the inquiry as to what kind of a contagious disease hospital would be best in this city, Dr. McCarty said: "The first thing to be considered in speaking of such an institution is where the greatest need lies and then the cost. Lowell is not a rich city and cannot maintain such an institution as may be found in larger or wealthier cities and to get the best within our means should be the desire of all. In the first place this city needs a proper hospital for the treatment of small pox cases.

"The present building is not at all adequate. In location alone is it satisfactory. Now this cry for a contagious disease hospital for diseases other than small-pox came up a few years ago when we had an epidemic of diphtheria. It was the first time that there was ever a crying necessity for a contagious disease hospital outside of a small-pox hospital. Fortunately this epidemic passed over without affecting the entire city and today there are not over three cases of diphtheria in the city. The number of cases of contagious diseases that the city would have the opportunity to send to such a hospital is very small as a rule.

"I do not think that there should be erected at once a moderate priced building fitted up with separate wards to be used at times when necessary for the treatment of small-pox. The treatment of small-pox is regulated by law, but no other contagious disease is so regulated. If a patient is taken down by small-pox the law requires that he must be taken to the small-pox hospital at once. But with other contagious diseases people may refuse to go to the contagious disease hospital, and they are at liberty to do so and the board of health cannot remove them against their wishes.

"But even small-pox cases only come infrequently and so with other contagious diseases and thus if there isn't to be any use for a contagious disease hospital at times why should there be any need for any expensive outfit with its costly nurses, physicians and appointments such I believe as were suggested once before when this matter came up.

"In diphtheria cases the use of antitoxin brings speedy results and hence there would be no need for an expensive building in which to keep a diphtheria patient a couple of weeks. I believe in a house of detention adjacent to the small-pox hospital, some kind of an ordinary dwelling house, where suspects can be kept and properly watched, and I am opposed to submitting whole families to the danger of contagion by detaining them in the same building with the small-pox patient, as is now done. The greatest need is for a suitable and inexpensive small-pox hospital and its accompanying house of detention and then if desirable a moderate priced contagious disease hospital near one of our local hospitals, if possible, might be erected to be used when necessity required it, for this city would not keep an hospital of this nature going the year round. The present location for the small-pox hospital, I believe to be all right, but the building in its present condition is unfit for the purpose which it serves. Thus far the city of Lowell has been fortunate in having small-pox patients among people who could not afford the treatment given them at the city's expense in the small-pox hospital, and who were satisfied to accept it, but when small-pox gets going in a community it respects neither wealth nor station and the time may come when the city will be involved in litigation unless it remedies the conditions under which it now treats its small-pox patients. The suspects may not have caught the disease before being placed under detention, but it would be strange indeed, if after being kept in the same building with the patients they should escape."

SHE TRIED SUICIDE

Swedish Girl Disappointed and Despondent

DOVER, N. H., April 25—General sympathy is felt here for Miss Olga Hellstrom, a comely Swedish girl of about 25 years, who came to this country last fall only to meet disappointment from the man who had promised to marry her. She was taken to the New Hampshire insane asylum Saturday after spending one night at the Strafford county almshouse, where she attempted suicide.

Miss Hellstrom's case came to the notice of the authorities Thursday night, when she called at the police station and asked for a physician, as she said she was sick. City Physician Young found that she was demented, and on the following day had the county authorities remove her to the county farm, where County Physician Keay of Rochester attended her.

She appeared to have sane moments, and during one of these told Mrs. Handy, wife of Supt. Handy, a pitiful story. She said, in substance, that she came from her native home in Sweden last November, being induced to come here by a fellow-countryman, who was a widower with two children. He came to America in advance and afterward sent her tickets for herself and his children. He was at Concord, Mass., on her arrival with the children, she said, but instead of marrying her as he had promised, he threw her over and married another woman. This nearly broke her heart. She was, besides, left penniless in a strange land among people whose language she was totally ignorant of.

Miss Hellstrom came to this city last February and obtained employment in a family living on 6th street. She came because she learned that there were people of her nationality living here. A short time ago she complained that she was not well and wanted a doctor. The people she was with did not get one for her, but instead told her that if she did not leave their house she would drive them all crazy. Her only recourse was to apply at the police station for medical aid, which she did with the result above stated.

At the county farm Miss Hellstrom appeared quite composed and was left alone in her room during the evening. Shortly before 10 Supt. and Mrs. Handy went to her room. Her light was out, and on lighting the lamp they found the woman lying on the bed bleeding profusely at the wrists, which she had gashed with a piece of earthenware. She had broken the top of a pin tray on the bureau to obtain a weapon of self-destruction. She was weak from loss of blood, but the flow was checked and it is now believed that the wounds will not prove serious.

It is reported from the state asylum that the prospect of Miss Hellstrom's recovery is good.

CONSPIRATORS HANGED

WERE CONNECTED WITH POLISH REVOLUTIONARY PLOT.

WARSAW, April 25.—It is reported that eighteen conspirators have been hanged after their trial in connection with a Polish revolutionary plot.

SAVED IN TIME

Racing Dory Capsized Off Revere Beach

REVERE, April 25—A racing dory, owned by Commodore Thomas Murphy of the Bay State Yacht club, was capsized in a squall off Revere beach yesterday afternoon, throwing Mr. Murphy and three companions into the water. The men clung to the boat until rescued by a party of clubmates, who saw their peril.

Commodore Murphy's party consisted of Walter and Edward Stackhouse and Bertrand A. Smalley. They were returning from a visit to the Lynn Yacht club, in company with another yachting dory, belonging to Gordon Foster, which carried, in addition to its owner, Sec. Hugh M. McKay, William Kelley and John Black of the Bay State Yacht club.

Commodore Murphy's dory was off the Point of Pines when it capsized, in the vicinity where a boat containing John Black and William Collins was capsized last Sunday.

After Commodore Murphy's boat overturned it filled with water. Some of the party climbed up out of the water on to the gunwale, but they were unable to get Mr. Smalley on the overturned boat, and he remained in the icy water clinging to the stern of the boat.

The party in the other dory saw the accident and put back at once to the rescue. The accident was also witnessed by several thousand people on Revere beach, and the work of rescue was watched with interest.

It was nearly 20 minutes before Mr. Foster's boat reached the spot, and by that time Mr. Smalley was almost exhausted.

The rescuers worked under much difficulty on account of the heavy sea running, which made it hard for them to approach, and they had a hard job getting Mr. Smalley out of the water before his strength failed.

After the four men had been pulled into the boat it was headed for the beach and landed near Oak Island grove. The rescued men were cared for by Joseph Dano at his cottage, Grand View.

DR. LEE KILLED

HE FELL FROM NINTH STORY OF BUILDING.

CHICAGO, April 25.—Dr. Edward Henry Lee, a prominent surgeon and clubman, was almost instantly killed yesterday morning by falling from the stairway on the ninth floor of the building to the marble floor beneath.

Dr. Lee rose early with the intention of playing golf with several friends.

His mother, Mrs. E. W. Lee, and his sister, Miss May Lee, are traveling in Italy. One brother, Alfred O. Lee, lives in Springfield, Mass., and another, Edgar Lee, is a student at Rush medical college.

MISS ROOSEVELT.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Miss Roosevelt is suffering from a slight attack of german measles.

As she is isolated from the rest of the household, her physician does not think it is necessary for Mrs. Roosevelt to recall her invitations for Monday afternoon's musicale.

HORRIBLE CRIMES

WERE COMMITTED BY ARMENIAN MALEFACTORS.

LONDON, April 25—The Turkish embassy here issued a report yesterday that Armenian malefactors had attacked the Mohammedan village of Latchghelan, in the Sanjak of Mush, Asiatic Turkey, and had committed horrible crimes on the inhabitants, men, women and children alike.

JEFFRIES MARRIED

BECOMES HUSBAND OF MISS FREDA MAYER.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—James J. Jeffries, champion heavyweight pugilist of the world, was married here Saturday night to Miss Freda Mayer, who has been known in Chicago for several years as Carrie Stuart.

The ceremony was performed by Judge Mortimer Smith of Oakland at the Adams house. Friends of Jeffries in Chicago have known for at least two years that he and Miss Mayer were infatuated with each other.

TEAMSTERS MAY STRIKE.

OSTON, April 25—At a meeting of the union last night it was voted that if the new wage and hour schedule presented by Market and Commission House Teamsters' union 631 is not accepted and signed by the employing teamsters by Monday, May 2, the men will go on a strike.

The latter ask that their hours be from 4.45 a. m. to 5.45 p. m. and that they shall receive $14 per week from April to October and $15 from October to April.

For a long time they have been obliged to work from 4.30 a. m. to 6.30 p. m., and often until midnight in the busiest seasons at an average wage of $12 or less weekly.

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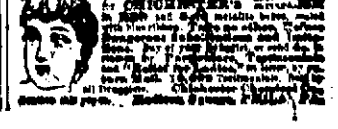

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SWORN CIRCULATION OF THE SUN

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1903, was **14,590**

A gain of 1083 copies per day over the average for the year of 1902.

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1904. JOHN J. HOGAN, Notary Public.

15,138 The sworn daily average circulation for three months of 1904 was: **15,138**

☞This is a larger circulation than the combined circulation of all the other daily papers in Lowell.

☞An advertisement placed in The Sun is of more value to the advertiser than if it were inserted in all the other newspapers in Lowell, and the cost of inserting it in The Sun is about ONE THIRD the price charged by the other papers.

Still the spring halts bashfully in her approach.

Intervention is talked of in the Japanese-Russian war, but the belligerents have not yet suffered sufficiently to listen to any appeal for peace. That time will probably arrive next winter if not before.

William J. Bryan says he has no choice as to presidential candidates. He stands for principles alone. It had been generally supposed that he was with Hearst.

REVOLUTION IN NAVAL WARFARE AT HAND.

The recent experience of Russia in her naval conflict with Japan has caused a change of sentiment in regard to the efficacy and the supposed invulnerability of the ironclad battleship.

Capt. Ericsson, of Monitor fame, long ago prophesied that the day would yet come when heavily armored battleships would be superseded by smaller craft, chiefly of the torpedo and submarine kind.

The disasters to Russian battleships at Port Arthur have verified that prophecy. The sinking of the Petropaplovsk alone has shown that against the torpedo or the submarine boat a battleship is utterly helpless.

Besides, the battleship has the additional disadvantage of requiring a large number of men on board, all of whom, in case of disaster, usually go to the bottom. Admiral Makaroff, who according to all accounts, was a brave and skilful naval commander, said he did not like the idea of risking so many lives upon a single ship. It was a repetition of the old error of putting all your eggs in one basket.

Japan, it seems, in preparing to encounter a vastly superior naval force, invested largely in torpedo boats and in that she has won a signal triumph, which will in all probability bring about a revolution in naval warfare that will cause an abandonment of the heavy battleship, which is yearly becoming more destructive and proportionately more expensive.

The United States has authorized very large appropriations for the construction of battleships and cruisers, all of which in the course of a few years may be sold for scrap iron.

The policy of the United States is strongly set in one direction which is for more battleships, bigger and faster battleships. The men who have been shouting this policy all over the country, such as Hobson and President Roosevelt, will be slow to yield their opinions to the onset of the new order of things by which the torpedo will supersede the majestic battleships and naval warfare will be bereft of much of its spectacular and perhaps of its destructive character as the craft though equally destructive will be less expensive and the number of men involved will be very much less.

The genius of the Japanese, a small country, preparing to battle with one very much larger, both on sea and on land, has made this clear to the world and may perhaps make it still more apparent before the war is over. Japan has put her faith and her money in the machine provided for an attack below the waterline and against such an attack the vast ironclads are powerless to defend themselves. The Japanese are also peculiarly adapted to the use of these fighting machines as they are active, quick and daring.

War is a great eye opener to the world. It was the Spanish-American war that informed the world of the formidable character of the United States navy, and now it is the far eastern war that demonstrates the superiority in naval contests of submarine attack. The whole armament of huge and heavily armored battleships, each of which costs many million dollars, is powerless before a little fleet of torpedo boats and submarine craft bobbing up and down and sending forth deadly explosives that lift the heaviest battleship out of the water, break it in the middle and send it flying in shattered fragments to the bottom of the ocean.

MISTAKES MADE BY OVER ZEALOUS PARENTS.

Some parents pursue a rather unwise course in regard to the progress of their children at school. In the first place, they are prone to send their little ones to school too soon. This mistake is very natural, inasmuch as school officials boast of the transcendant merits of the kindergarten and urge parents to send their children to these infant nurseries at the age of three and a half years. We hear much of the wonderful cuteness of these little ones in the kindergartens. It is all play they say. Well if it is, the place for play is in the open air, in the gardens or the fields, not pent up in a school room for several hours at a time. It will be noticed that when the larger children get a recess in the middle of the forenoon the kindergarteners are kept in. They are too small to be trusted outside the building, but do not the small children require the fresh air and exercise, as well as the larger?

Besides, if your child is in any hurry to catch whooping cough, scarlet fever or diphtheria the kindergarten is the place to get it. Many of these schools are maintained at considerable expense to the city and it would be a great benefit if they were all closed up. It would benefit the children mentally and physically. At that age it is positively injurious to the minds of the children to teach or attempt to teach them anything. We understand full well that kindergarten teachers say they teach them nothing; but young teachers, ambitious to show results, urge them, it may be unconsciously, to learn. Furthermore the exhibition given by the little ones shows that they must have been taught. To discriminate between a hexagon, an octagon, a square and a triangle, may seem easy to the adult mind but to infants it requires a mental effort too great for their tender minds. While the mind is worked the body suffers. This may explain the greater number of nervous diseases among school children. Do not send the children to school until they are five years old or over and they will be stronger physically and mentally and will make more progress in the primary school than those who passed through the kindergarten under five years.

Another mistake which parents make is the insistence that their children shall pass through the school in the regulation order. If a boy falls behind the teacher is blamed. The boy may be weak. He may be dull and to urge him too much would injure him. It does not help a boy to put him in a class higher than that for which he is adapted. It is safer to keep him in a class below his stage of advancement.

Parents should not imagine that if a child falls behind at school his future is blighted. It is better to miss a year or two or even three years at school than to injure the health. Let it be remembered that most of what is learned at school or even at college is forgotten ten years later. The chief thing that remains is the mental development so that a year's schooling is of slight importance compared with the health of a child. Children are not all of equal capacity. It is a mistake to suppose that the dull can keep pace with the bright either in school or outside. But let it be understood also that because a boy is dull at school it does not prove that he will be always dull. Some dull boys have turned out to be very able men. Parents should be satisfied with what their children can do without extraordinary effort. Goading is the most dangerous practice of school life or indeed of life in later years and it prevails so much in later life that children should be protected from it while at school. They will all too soon be thrust into the arena of life where goading is the rule, where none but those born wealthy can escape it and not always even these.

SEEN AND HEARD

The training school was established in 1889, at a cost of $28,000.

One week from today the doors of every liquor saloon will be thrown wide open.

Probation Officer Slattery has been an active worker in Catholic temperance societies since 1883.

A rolling stone gathers no moss, but its extensive travels make it a smooth article.

Fully 75 per cent. of the machinery in the local mills can now be run by steam.

Daniel Swan, our well known citizen, has sold a valuable home in Brookline to P. J. Kiley of that town.

Despite the unfavorable weather, peas have appeared above ground in the Gen. Butler estate, off Andover street.

In preparing lists of the ten greatest books of the century, all the judges seem to have overlooked the bank book.

Those law squabbles between semi-private libraries and their patrons are quite unnecessary; you can get almost any book from the city library, free of charge.

The Grand Army posts are making arrangements for Memorial day—the next legal holiday, which comes a month hence. The first procession in Lowell on "Decoration Day" as it was then known, took place May 31, 1868.

In 1846 there were two municipal elections in Lowell—one in March and the other in December—the legislature having changed the date. The same man, Jefferson Bancroft, afterwards deputy sheriff, was elected both times.

Lowell may not be growing in population as rapidly as other cities in the state, but if savings banks are any criterion of a city's progress, then Lowell is all right, for she has seven savings banks to five in Worcester and four each in Fall River and Cambridge.

The youngsters are now in their glory, and every day after school a crowd of members of the rising generation may be seen wending their way to one of the commons or vacant lots where a game of base ball can be played. It matters not whether the game consists of two picked nines, a scrub game, or three roll-a-cat, the fact that there is a base ball and a bat and several youngsters is enough to raise enthusiasm.

The big fire in Toronto is another heavy blow to the insurance companies, which have met with seven during the past six months. It is not generally known that the big fire in Boston, in 1872, wiped out a Lowell insurance company, the Howard. That company was controlled by prominent Lowell men and paid handsome dividends, from 10 to 20 per cent. In 1866 the Portland fire caught the company for $19,000, while the loss by the Boston fire was $640,000, which swept all its capital, and it ceased to exist.

James J. Corbett, who was giving a turn at the Casto theatre last week, had a heart to heart talk on old times with Martin Flaherty, the well known local pugilist, the other day. While Corbett was training at Carson City, Flaherty was sent to his quarters to train, but to quote Martin "it was like a circus grounds, throngs of people coming daily to see Corbett." As Martin likes to train in a desolate spot with only his trainers at hand, he went 13 miles up the road and trained at Genoa. Flaherty and Corbett are very intimately acquainted and are firm friends.

How many of my readers could give, off hand, the origin of the dollar mark, ($)?

The Spanish dollar that was taken as the basis of the United States coinage was chiefly coined in the Spanish-American colonies. The best known variety was the pillar dollar, so called from the two pillars on its reverse, representing the "Pillars of Hercules," the ancient name of the opposite promontories of the Straits of Gibraltar. The rude imitation of these pillars in writing, connecting them by a scroll, is said to have been the origin of the dollar mark ($). Another explanation is that, as the dollar consisted of 8 reals (8 it being stamped upon it) the mark was designed to stand for the "piece of eight," as the dollar was commonly called, the two vertical lines being employed to distinguish it from the figure 8.

ENGLISH LIFE

HAS LOST A NOBLE AND UNIQUE FIGURE.

The following, from "The Woman's Column," will be read with interest by those who knew Frances Power Cobbe personally or by her works:

The death of Frances Power Cobbe, in her eighty-second year, removes a noble and unique figure from English life.

In her delightful biography, published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., Miss Cobbe mentions that her ancestors for four centuries had been country squires, and that not one of them, so far as recorded, had ever done a dishonorable thing. She was born at Newbridge, Ireland, Dec. 4, 1822, at sunrise. She was the daughter of Charles Cobbe and Frances Conway. Her father had served in the Mahratta cavalry in India, and had a medal. His wife used laughingly to say that he "went to jail on their wedding day," for he stopped on the journey home and visited a new prison, with a view to introducing improvements into Irish jails. Frances was the youngest of her family, and was born in her mother's forty-seventh year. She says in her autobiography:

"I inherited a physical frame which, however defective even to the verge of grotesqueness from the aesthetic point of view, has been, as regards health and energy, a source of endless enjoyment to me. From childhood till now in my old age, mere natural existence has always been to me a positive pleasure. Exercise and rest, food and warmth, work, play and sleep, each in its turn has been delightful; and my spirits have kept a level of cheerfulness subject to no alternatives of depression save under the stress of actual sorrow. . . Had I been a man, I have sometimes dreamed I could have made my mark and done some masculine service to my fellow-creatures. But the woman's destiny which God allotted to me has been, I do not question, the best and happiest for me; nor have I ever seriously wished it had been otherwise; albeit I have gone through life without that interest which has been styled 'woman's whole existence.' Perhaps, if this book be found to have any value, it will partly consist in the evidence it must afford of how pleasant and interesting, and withal, I hope, not altogether useless a life is open to a woman, though no man has ever desired to share it, nor has she seen the man she would have wished to ask her to do so."

She had a happy and healthy though lonely childhood, spent much out of doors, riding, rowing, etc. As she grew to girlhood, she developed a strong taste for study, for reading and writing, and the morning sun sometimes found her still bending over her books, after being up all night. Her compositions astonished her teachers. "As men and women who are to be good musicians love their pianos and violins as children, so I early began to love that noble instrument, the English language, and in my small way to study how to play upon it." She was educated first by governesses, later at a "young ladies' school." From sixteen years of age, for nearly twenty years she had the whole charge of her father's housekeeping, including the ordering of large dinner parties; and she always thoroughly enjoyed this sort of work, and did it well.

Because of a law that almost "sneaked" through the New Jersey legislature, automobiles and motorcycles must hereafter display only the New Jersey license number when in that state. The exposure of the number of any other state is made an offense.

CONSTIPATED 66 YEARS

Cured by Iron Ox in a Short Time

One of the most extraordinary cases on record is that of J. W. Cottom of Winchester, Ind., who, after 66 years of suffering from chronic constipation and its attendant ills, writes as follows: "I am using Iron-Ox Tablets and have been astonished at the results. I am almost 86 years of age, and have been constantly constipated since I was 20 years old, compelled to take medicine to move my bowels. After using Iron-Ox a short time I have daily evacuations. J. W. Cottom, Winchester, Ind."

Iron-Ox Tablets relieve constipation by stimulating the stomach and bowels to natural action. They tone up the entire digestive system, causing perfect digestion, perfect assimilation and a natural flow of fluids. This purgatives and cathartics cannot do.

By curing indigestion and constipation, and causing normal action of the liver and kidneys, Iron-Ox Tablets purge the blood of impurities which produce disfiguring skin eruptions and disease.

Besides this, they contain in convenient form the active principle of nerve and brain food, so that they are unequaled system builders.

Remember, Iron-Ox Tablets are not purgative or cathartic in their effect; they are tonic-laxative; they cure by building up the entire system. They grow increasingly effective with continued use. Purgatives and cathartics give only temporary relief by violent and injurious action—they do far more harm than good and soon lose their effect.

Fifty Iron-Ox Tablets in an attractive aluminum pocket-case, 25 cents at druggists, or from The Iron-Ox Remedy Co., Detroit, Mich.

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That will not gum or stick, 35c a bottle.

We have an excellent polish that was prepared for our own use in cleaning and polishing furniture. Many of our customers wanting this polish, to use on household furniture, we have had it bottled for convenience in selling and can highly recommend it from our own experience.

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63 Central Street, Lowell, Mass.

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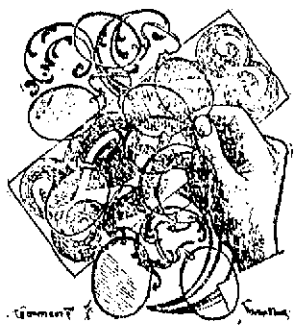


A HANDFUL OF GLASSES

Will not help your eyesight if you wear them all unless your eyes have been properly tested and fitted to your peculiar ailment. That is just where our skill as opticians comes to your aid. If we test your eyes and suit them with proper glasses, you will get pleasure and satisfaction from the result.

HARRIS, 10 APPLETON STREET

FIREMEN BATTLE

With Maniac 81 Feet Above the Ground

NEW YORK, April 25.—Captain Clark of the New York fire department and two firemen engaged in a desperate struggle with a maniac before daylight yesterday on a twelve-inch ledge which forms the base of the Mansard roof of the Manhattan Eye and Ear hospital in this city. The ledge is 80 feet above the ground and the man they risked their lives to subdue and rescue from his perilous position was powerful and fought viciously but was finally forced through a window into the hospital, where several policemen took up the struggle and secured him.

The man was Robert Hindeman, who had been admitted to the hospital for an operation in the ear cavity. Shortly after midnight he escaped from his room to the narrow ledge, carrying with him a heavy pitcher with which he threatened the nurses and policemen who appeared at the window. It was impossible to get behind the desperate man from the inside and the fire department was at last appealed to. A 76 foot extension ladder was cautiously raised and in the darkness Hindeman's attention was not attracted. Captain Clark went up, followed by Firemen Jeremiah Scanlon and Henry W. Kimley.

Clark crept up behind, seized the man by the throat and choked him, while his companions grasped his legs. Hindeman was slightly cut by broken glass when his captors finally dragged him to the window and thrust him through. He was taken in a straight jacket to Bellevue hospital where the operation on his ear will be performed as soon as possible in the hope that he may recover his reason.

STRIKE BREAKERS

TO TAKE PLACE OF BOILER MAKERS.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 25.—That the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad company is making a determined effort to meet the strike of the boilermakers in a way calculated to prevent interruption in the business of the shops in this city, was further borne out yesterday by the arrival of another company of strike breakers, numbering about sixty men. They were brought from New York on the steamer Eleanor Peck, which tied up alongside the Northam and disembarked the men. A number of men who are said to be employes of the Pinkerton detective agency were aboard the boat also. Fifty of the detectives were sent here Saturday.

There were no developments during the day or early evening that threatened trouble.

BOXING GOSSIP

The next meeting of the Riverview athletic club will be held at Dewey Grove on next Friday evening, and undoubtedly will be the best ever, for of late each program has been better than its predecessor, and this time the announcement that Young Kenny and Young Marshall will appear before the members convinces the lovers of good sport that a fine time is being prepared.

Young Marshall is the sparring partner of Billy Chisholm and is no novice with the gloves although he has not been seen in many public exhibitions. His weight agrees with that of Kenny and he has had about the same amount of experience. In his bouts with Chisholm he has shown himself to be a very clever youth with the gloves and experts who have seen both him and Kenny cannot pick the cleverer of the two. Those who have seen Marshall work, when told of Kenny's prowess in the ring, have always shaken their heads and remarked: "I would like to see him meet this Young Marshall before I would consider him the best his weight in these parts. If Kenny can defeat Marshall he is certainly the best 118-pound boy in this part of New England if not in the entire New England country."

Jim Hosey, the well-known sporting man, has taken hold of Young Marshall and after some dickering agreed to have Marshall meet Young Kenny for the entertainment of the members of the Riverview club at their next meeting which is scheduled for next Friday evening.

Both men realize that they are up against the toughest proposition that has ever come before them. Marshall is training daily with Billy Chisholm While the Gardner boys are looking after Kenny. Manager Flaherty will arrange interesting preliminaries for this meeting, and there is talk of a preliminary between Jack Desmond and Young McKenna of Boston.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

Leonard Grover's latest and most successful comedy drama, "The Minister's Daughters," which will be presented at the Academy of Music for three nights with daily matinees commencing this afternoon, is one of the best comedy dramas now before the public, and has received the highest praise both from the press and public. It is brimful of excellent comedy, intense situations, and has an abundance of scenic and mechanical effects, the most realistic now on the stage. The story treats of the adventures of two country girls, daughters of the widow of a village parson, who, being compelled to aid their mother in saving their home at Grafton, have selected the great city as the proper place to go to earn money to help pay off the lien on their country homestead. The many dangers and pitfalls to which the young and innocent wage-seekers are subjected are carefully and skilfully drawn. The company which will interpret the drama has been carefully selected for their fitness to the parts to which they have been assigned.

SECRET MEETING

BY BOILERMAKERS' COUNCIL IN BOSTON.

BOSTON, April 25.—Boilmakers' Council, No. 9, which represents every lodge of boilermakers in New England, held a secret meeting last night, at which the strikes in the shops of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad company and at the Fore River Shop and Engine company's works in Quincy were discussed at length. While the action taken at the meeting was not given out, it is learned that there will be further conferences at both places today.

"A VERY BAD BOY" AT THE CASTO

Hal Godfrey and company in the comedy entitled "A Very Bad Boy," head the program at the Casto theatre this week. The comedy, which is written by Arthur J. Lamb, is one of the biggest hits of the vaudeville world. It is brimful of action and merriment, and will please and amuse all. The remainder of the program is up to the high Casto standard.

MIND DERANGED

BOSTON WOMAN TOLD A STRANGE STORY.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Temporarily unbalanced in mind from business reverses, a well dressed young woman, who said she was Miss Minnie McCabe of 351 Massachusetts avenue, Boston, drove yesterday from the Empire hotel to the West Sixty-eighth street police station and complained to Sergt. Tierney that persons were talking about her "through a wireless telephone." The sergeant called an ambulance and had her taken to Bellevue hospital. At the Empire hotel it was said that the young woman came there last Thursday and registered as Mae McCabe of Boston, Mass. As she did not leave her room on Saturday or yesterday, Johnson Quinn, manager of the hotel, sent up to see what was the matter. He learned that she had no money, but he ordered that she should have any food she wanted. Later she came down and told Mr. Quinn she had been employed by the American Dye company of Boston as a demonstrator, and that she had come to New York to give some demonstrations at a Sixth avenue dry goods store.

She telephoned on Friday to the dry goods firm that she was ill and would not be able to get down before noon. She then went to sleep and did not wake until 5 o'clock in the evening. Subsequently, she was told that the space which had been reserved for her had been given to some one else. As a result of this she lost her position with the dye company, and she was here without friends, and did not know what to do. After this conversation she returned to her room, and later came down and went to the police station. At Bellevue hospital she said her nearest friend was Miss Linscram of 351 Massachusetts avenue, Boston.

AWFUL RECORD

YOUNG MAN SPRUNG FROM A FAMILY OF CRIMINALS.

"This is a good study for a criminologist," remarked Judge Newburger in a New York court recently, when he sentenced Edward T. Hudson, of No. 557 First avenue, to fourteen years for robbery in the second degree. The convict is a nephew of Peter Hudson, now serving seventeen years for the same offence as that of the younger man.

According to evidence, last November the men enticed Thomas O'Connor, of No. 169 Bleeker street, into the rooms of Peter Hudson, at 216 East Twenty-eighth street, and robbed and beat him. They were caught soon, but a third man got away.

"Your father," said Judge Newburger, addressing the prisoner, "was tried and acquitted for an assault on your uncle, who now is in prison. You and your father were sentenced to six months each for beating your mother; your uncle was sent to prison for beating your father; your uncle was tried on two charges of robbery, and you have been tried before on a robbery charge and have been sent to prison for grand larceny.

"This is not an enviable record for a family. You come from a family of criminals, and the proper place for you is prison."

Hudson's father is blind. He sat at the side of his son in court.

BOY WAS DEAD

AUTOPSY ON BODY WILL BE PERFORMED.

HAVERHILL, April 25.—William L. Sweeney, the 12-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Sweeney was found dead in bed at his home on Harrison street Saturday and an autopsy will be performed by Medical Examiner Croston to determine the cause of death.

The lad retired Friday evening in apparently perfect health. He attended school Friday, but on returning home late in the afternoon complained of a sickly feeling. After supper he felt much improved and retired early. Saturday morning, as he had not arisen, his mother sent his sister to awaken him, and she discovered that he was dead.

The father of the boy thinks that he was poisoned by eating decayed oranges, and on this account it was decided to perform an autopsy.

SERIOUS RIOT

BETWEEN POLITICAL PARTIES IN AUSTRIA.

BUDA PEST, April 25.—A serious riot is reported to have taken place at the market town of Elesd, near Grosswardein, resulting from a collision between meetings of the socialist and independent parties. While order was being restored by the gendarmerie, a socialist fired a revolver, killing the commander. The gendarmes thereupon fired a volley, killing 23 of the rioters and severely wounding forty.

MEXICAN GUNBOAT TRIED.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The trial trip of the Mexican gunboat Vera Cruz which ended Saturday night was pronounced in every way satisfactory. Her guns worked satisfactorily and under natural draught she made ten knots and under forced, sixteen. The Vera Cruz is now anchored in the North river and will ship a crew to take her to Mexico. Her sister ship, the Tampico, will be finished next month.

Rheumatism Vanishes.

This troublesome disease, as we all know, is caused by impure blood. Impure blood is more often than otherwise the result of a torpid liver and inactivity of the digestive organs. Get and keep your digestive organs in good running order and the blood will purify itself—then Rheumatism disappears. There is no treatment or remedy more effective in the relief and permanent cure of all ailments arising from a sluggish liver, like **Rheumatism, Indigestion, Headaches, Kidney troubles, Nervousness, etc.,** than

SEVEN BARKS.

It is **not a Patent Medicine,** but a pure vegetable preparation, extracted from the bark of a specially grown species of the Hydrangea plant and is compounded by chemists of long experience.

Try a bottle. If found not all claimed for it, return to the druggist and get your money back, or if you cannot spare 50 cents for a bottle, write us and we will send you a supply with our compliments. We are determined everybody shall try "Seven Barks."

LYMAN BROWN, New York City.

SOLD BY

A. W. DOWS & CO., Merrimack and Central Streets.

FALLS & BURKINSHAW, 418 Middlesex Street.

THERE'S latitude allowed in most all kinds of clothes except livery.

Livery is governed by laws as unyielding as those of the Medes and Persians.

We furnish absolutely correct livery—made by Rogers, Peet & Co., New York, for your man on the box or indoors.

Furnish everything he wears—for town or country—top coats, suits, hats, leggings, boots, gloves, collars, scarfs—one kind only—the right kind.

1/4 size collars are made to fit you; lots of comfort in collars that fit. Up-to-date styles,

2 for 25c

Putnam & Son Co.

166 CENTRAL STREET

CHARGE OF ARSON

GIRL SAID TO HAVE THREATENED TO SET FIRE.

CHICOPEE, April 25.—Emily Potter was arraigned in Saturday's police court on the charge of arson. Miss Potter, who is charged with setting fire to her mother's house, pleaded for clemency on the ground that she did not realize the serious nature of her act. Probable cause was found and she was held for the May term of the grand jury.

The police state that Miss Potter's mother appealed to them for protection Thursday morning. In the afternoon, the police state, the girl threatened to kill her mother and burn the house on Britton street. A little later the house was discovered on fire.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

CUNARD LINE

Fast Twin Screw Steamers

New, 14,280 tons, 600 feet long, fitted with Marconi's wireless system. Rooms upper decks midship. Perfect ventilation.

Boston, Queenstown, Liverpool.

Saxonia April 26, May 24, June 21, July 19.

Ivernia May 10, June 7, July 5, Aug. 2.

A Cunarder from New York every Saturday.

Discount allowed on combined outward and return first and second cabin fares.

Rates, sailings, plans, etc., apply CHAS. P. SUMNER, Agent, 126 State street, Boston.

DENIS MURPHY, 19 Appleton street, Lowell, Mass.

J. F. O'DONNELL, 324 Market street, Lowell, Mass.

O. A. BERNSTON, 25 Andrew street, Lowell, Mass.

PIHL & WIDEN, 49 Lundburg street, Lowell, Mass.

ANDERS THOMASSON, 277 Central street, Lowell, Mass.

NOTICE

COAL

For Winter use. All kinds and at lowest prices.

Horne Coal Co.

COCKRAN ELOQUENT

He Scathingly Denounced Republican Party's Policy

WASHINGTON, April 25—Two of the "heavyweight" speakers of the house of representatives, held sway in that body Saturday.

Incidentally the bill for a commission to investigate the question of ship subsidy was passed.

Representative Hepburn of Iowa, first aroused and held republican enthusiasm at a high pitch. After an hour and a half he yielded the floor, which was taken possession of by Bourke Cockran of New York, who brought from his democratic colleagues thunderous applause and cheers. Mr. Cockran spoke for two hours.

Each speaker took "the side of the chamber" for his legitimate prey, and the points made as the general political field was reviewed, were backed up by demonstrations extending to the crowded galleries.

The feature of the day, which was clearly of the sensational order, was the charge of Mr. Dalzell against Mr. Cockran that he had worked for hire for the election of Mr. McKinley. The denunciation of this charge and of the gentleman who made it was in language bitter with resentment and scorn.

After a scathing denunciation by Mr. Hepburn of the democratic party and its policy, Mr. Cockran, N. Y., took the floor. He began by remarking that there never was a better illustration of the close connection of the vicious principle of protection with all other vicious legislative propositions than this bill.

Mr. Cockran desired to devote himself to an opposition to ship subsidy.

"Ardent patriot that he is," Mr. Cockran said, "I did not suppose even the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. Grosvenor) would advise making up the loss in any other business except shipping out of the treasury."

"This question of subsidy presented the full issue between the two parties," he said. "The challenge had been made by Messrs. Hepburn and Grosvenor for the democrats to name the issue.

"They would name it prosperity," he continued, "but prosperity is no issue. All men who labor seek prosperity. We seek abundance by civilized methods; you, perhaps, quite unconsciously, seek it by a return to the methods of barbarism."

Mr. Marsh (Ill.) interjected: "Did you not help to frame the Wilson tariff bill that brought such prosperity to the country?"

"Yes," replied Mr. Cockran. "I did help to frame the Wilson bill that went out of this house, but voted against the emasculated condition of it as it came back from the senate." (Applause.)

Greater applause was provoked when Mr. Cockran added that the corporations had been able to write their own schedules in the senate.

Mr. Marsh asked if it was not the present leader of the democratic party in New York who had written the Wilson tariff schedules in the senate.

"The truth knows no distinction of persons," replied Mr. Cockran with emphasis. This remark aroused new democratic applause.

Mr. Cockran said if the New York democratic platform was evasive, he wondered what would be the terms of that written in the White House.

Taking up the post office scandals, he said the failure of the republican party to make further investigation was proof of crime. "This house is disloyal to the oath of its members if it hesitates to make the investigation."

Mr. Cockran continued his argument against protection and the protective system.

Mr. Dalzell (Pa.) asked Mr. Cockran if he held the same views when he was making republican speeches in 1896.

DALZELL MIXES IN.

Mr. Cockran responded that he never made a republican speech in his life; that he supported McKinley when the people had forced a financial plank into the platform which met his (Cockran's) approval.

"I will state that I have been informed that it was profitable to the gentleman from New York to support McKinley when he did," remarked Mr. Dalzell, amid applause and laughter on the republican side.

"That is a statement," replied Mr. Cockran with vehemence, "which has been made wherever there has been found a mouth foul enough to utter words behind which there was no conscience." (Applause on the democratic side.)

"I challenge the gentleman and all the cohorts of vice and crime and corruption that are embodied in the republican party to show that the national committee ever contributed as much as my railroad fare during all that campaign." This was greeted with prolonged cheers and applause by the democrats.

"I can say as to myself," said Mr. Dalzell, "precisely what the gentleman has said as to himself with respect to campaigning."

"I should not have suspected the gentleman," retorted Mr. Cockran, "but it has been my experience in life that no man is quick to accuse another of any infamy unless he has become intimate with it himself."

There was more applause and cheering on the democratic side.

"The gentleman better apply that logic to himself right now and let me say to him what I said I had been informed—"

"By whom, by whom?" shouted Mr. Cockran, "name him, name him!"

"By a democratic—" replied Mr. Dalzell, and was about to continue.

"Name him, name him," again shouted Mr. Cockran. "Name him now and here."

ALMOST UNPARLIAMENTARY.

There was a chorus of "Name him, name him," on the democratic side.

"Name him or admit that you are ——," Mr. Cockran said, and paused, adding, "what cannot be said in this house."

At this there was wild and tumultuous cheering and applause on the democratic side.

"Why, of course I will not name him," said Mr. Dalzell.

"Of course not; of course not," shouted a dozen democrats.

"Sir," thundered Mr. Cockran, turning to the speaker, "the man who makes confession cannot interrupt me here again or come voluntarily within the range of my vision."

So vociferous was the demonstration on the democratic side that it was some time before Mr. Cockran could resume.

He then continued discussion of the trusts.

Describing the long reign and mistakes of the republican party, Mr. Cockran predicted its reign would end and end now. It mattered not whether the man to lead the democracy to victory was the one named by the New York convention, Judge Parker, or whether the leader should be the officer who has suppressed boodle and crime in Missouri.

In any event he hoped the minority leader of the house (Mr. Williams of Mississippi) would be on the ticket.

This reference provoked prolonged applause, which was joined in by the republicans.

"How will you explain the closed factories of 1893, '94 and '95," demanded Mr. Lovering, (Mass.)

"Oh, go for two hours we'll wait for you," interjected Mr. Grosvenor.

"The gentleman will never have spent two hours better," retored Mr. Cockran, while his colleagues laughed and applaupded.

He thanked Mr. Lovering as he launched into a review of the administration from 1870. He did not concede democratic failure. The prosperity of the republicans, he said, was based on the plunder of one class of people for the benefit of another. "You believe in making prosperity by legislation. We believe in making it by labor," concluded Mr. Cockran, who had spoken for two hours.

REPUBLICANS DEMORALIZED.

A veteran republican describes the condition in which the party has found itself as that of soldiers during battle. As long as they are permitted to charge and shoot at the enemy they are all right, but the moment they are compelled to remain quiet with the enemy shooting at them they become uneasy and afraid.

The democrats are more elated over Bourke Cockran's speech of Saturday than over any event of the past four years. It was another indication of a return of the fighting spirit of the democracy. The democrats believe they have a fighting chance to defeat Roosevelt and are making the most of their opportunity. In order to add to the discomfiture of the republicans in the house, some of the more prominent democrats are talking of taking some action to compel Representative Dalzell to prove his statement that Mr. Cockran took money for his support of the republican ticket in 1896.

The attack on Mr. Cockran, Saturday by Mr. Dalzell has done more to re-establish the former in the good graces of his colleagues than years of work could have accomplished. Many of the southern and western democrats who had absolutely no use for Cockran are now praising him.

Democrats claim the attack on Mr. Cockran was inspired by Congressmen Payne, Dalzell and Grosvenor, the so-called republican leaders of the house. These three control practically every action of the republican members. According to democrats it was decided at a conference that if Mr. Cockran's denunciation of the republican policy of protection became too severe, reference was to be made to his having "profitably" supported McKinley.

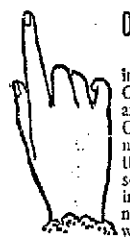
Both Payne and Grosvenor evaded making the interruption and reference, and voted that Mr. Dalzell could do it better than any one else. Dalzell's disastrous attempt is now being criticised by many of the leading republicans.

"No man with sense would tackle an Irishman when he's talking with the crowd behind him," declared one republican member Saturday. "It was suicidal for Dalzell to make the attempt; Payne would have been squashed like a big bug. Hepburn might have escaped with a mortal wound, but Dalzell committed harikari."

LAWRENCE MAN SUFFOCATED.

LAWRENCE, April 25—John J. Henry, a middle-aged man, was found suffocated from gas in his room at his home, 71 May street, yesterday. The gas burner was open and everything indicated that death was accidental. He was married.

SORE HANDS



One Night Treatment.

Soak the hands on retiring, in a hot solution of Cuticura Soap, dry, and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment. Wear during night old gloves or soft, thin, cotton bandage. For sore hands, itching, bleeding palms and shapeless nails this treatment is wonderful.

NOTICE

—TO—

WATER TAKERS

Attention is called that the 30-day limit on April account water bills expires Saturday, April 30. Bills must be paid on or before that date to secure the 10 per cent. discount.

WATER WORKS DEPT.

Welch Bros.

Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fixtures

SHOW ROOM

61 AND 63 MIDDLE ST.

CONGRESS' WORK

Cuban and Panama Affairs Had Call

REVIEW OF LEGISLATION THAT WAS PASSED

Eight Members of Congress Died

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The important legislative accomplishments of the first and second sessions of the fifty-eighth congress were confined to two subjects—Cuba and Panama. The reciprocity treaty between the new island republic and the United States, initiated by President McKinley, was made operative by a legislative enactment. The ratification of a treaty by the senate and the subsequent initiation of legislation for the government of the canal zone commit the United States to the construction of the Panama canal connecting the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans. The special session, now denominated the first session, was called for the express purpose of carrying out the pledge of the nation to Cuba. The Panama development arose suddenly and received decisive and immediate action at the hands of President Roosevelt and the senate.

The senate ratified the treaty negotiated with Cuba to carry out the terms of the Platt amendment.

It also ratified the Chinese commercial treaty providing for two open ports in Manchuria.

Chairman Hemenway of the house committee on appropriations, in a statement compiled under his direction, gives the total of all supply bills (subject to slight changes in pending bills), as $597,802,324, to which must be added $84,971,820 for interest on the public debt. The estimated revenues are $704,472,060.

By these figures the expenses are $22,000,000 less than the revenues. The estimates of the various government departments on which the appropriation bills were based exceeded the total estimated revenues by $42,845,862.

While a total of over 1400 bills became laws during the two sessions, less than 150 of them were "public" bills and of this latter number one half simply authorized the bridging of rivers, the damming of streams, the regulation of federal courts, and the ordinances of the District of Columbia.

Several amendments have been made to facilitate the administration of the public land laws.

A step in the direction of "world peace" was taken through the formation of an American group affiliated with the inter-parliamentary union for international arbitration and the official recognition of this "group" by the passage of a joint resolution extending an invitation to the union to hold its next annual meeting at St. Louis, and appropriating $50,000 for expenses. A joint resolution was enacted providing for the transportation on a government vessel of six hundred public school teachers of Porto Rico to the United States during the coming summer, to broaden their views by travel in this country.

By the terms of a joint resolution, the president is authorized to negotiate a convention with Great Britain with the assent of Japan and Russia if possible, to protect the fur seals of the North Pacific ocean and Behring sea.

Provision was made to extend the coastwise shipping laws of the United States to the Philippine islands after July 14, 1905.

Hawaii was granted the right to have a superintendent of public instruction and to have statistics compiled by the U. S. commissioner of labor regarding commercial, industrial, social, educational and sanitary conditions, beginning next year and every five years thereafter.

It was made a crime to "crimp" seamen of the United States by soliciting them as lodgers or charging a fee for shipping them.

The only general pension legislation which became a law makes the pension of those who totally lost their sight in the military or naval service $100 per month. It was decided that no action for a service pension billshould be taken at the present session, after which the general order making age an evidence of physical disability to perform manual labor was issued by the secretary of the interior and recognized by congress in a deficiency appropriation of $1,500,000.

The Louisiana Purchase exposition company received a loan of $4,600,000 from the government, of which $100,000 is to pay the expenses of the board of lady managers. An act was passed to protect foreign exhibitors at the exposition of literary, artistic and musical works, through the copyright laws of the country and provision was made for the withdrawal free of duty under bond from the exposition of articles or materials donated to incorporated religious, philosophical, educational or scientific institutions.

The government is to participate in the exposition to be held at Portland, Ore., in 1905, for the commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of the exploration of the Oregon country by the Lewis and Clarke expedition, with an exhibit costing $450,000 and an Alaskan exhibit to cost $25,000.

The only direct dealings which the congress had with the "postal scandals," was the investigation by the House of the connection of its members with clerk hire, increases in third and fourth class post offices and representations regarding leases. This investigation cleared every member from any improper conduct in the matter.

The House by independent action, directed an investigation of the alleged "beef trust" by the department of commerce and labor. The attorney general was given the benefit of the unexpended appropriation made by the last congress for the prosecution of the trusts, an amount aggregating $475,000.

The extension of the east front of the Capitol building was provided for in the sundry civil appropriation bill and provision was made for an office building for senators, to correspond with the proposed office building for representatives. These buildings will cost about $5,000,000 each.

Impeachment proceedings were begun in the House against Federal Judge Charles Swayne of the northern district of Florida, but after a majority report from the committee favoring impeachment, the matter was sent back to committee and made a special order for the next session.

The creation of two additional states in the union was provided for in a bill which passed the House, but not the Senate. Oklahoma and the Indian Territory were united as Oklahoma; Arizona and New Mexico as Arizona.

Labor legislation received consideration in committees of both houses, without final action. The eight hour bill was referred to the department of commerce and labor for investigation and report, and the anti-injunction bill was postponed until the next session. In the Senate, the confirmation of General Leonard Wood as major general was accomplished after much inquiry and objection.

The right of Senator Reed Smoot of Utah to his seat in the Senate resulted in an investigation, still in progress involving the Mormon religion and practices.

In the House there has been remarkable progress made in the despatch of business.

Senator Hanna and seven members of the House have died, namely: Representatives T. H. Tongue of Oregon; Vincent Boreing of Kentucky; R. H. Foerderer of Penna; Henry Burk of Penna; W. W. Skiles of Ohio; G. W. Craft of South Carolina and C. W. Thompson of Alabama. T. H. Ball of Texas, resigned. His place is filled by J. M. Pinckney. George B. McClellan of New York resigned and was succeeded by W. Bourke Cockran. Chas. Dick of Ohio resigned to succeed Senator Hanna in the Senate. George Powell of Penna was unseated in favor of William Connell, and J. F. Shafroth of Colorado resigned in favor of R. W. Bonynge, who contested his election.

In the House 15,398 bills, 349 resolutions, 162 joint resolutions and 61 concurrent resolutions were introduced. Of these 2,253 passed the House. In the Senate 5,645 bills were introduced.

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AND KIDNEY CURE.

Cleanses the Kidneys and Bladder, purifies the Blood. Puts Flesh on thin people. Strengthens the Nerves. Clears the Brain. Cures Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Failing Memory. Restores the Vim, Vigor, Vitality and Strength of Youth, in both weak Men and Women.

This New Remedy works like Magic, but is absolutely harmless. Weigh yourself before taking.

Price, 50 cts.; 12 boxes, $5.00, by mail. We will cheerfully refund the money if you are not benefitted. Try it and be convinced.

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Makes You EAT A Hearty Meal

TRADING STAMPS

$3 worth of any kind of Trading Stamps with 1 lb. of our 60c Tea, $6 worth with our 50c Tea, $3 worth with our 35c Coffee. Fresh butter and eggs every day. We also take orders to supply parties with ice cream, any flavor, at very low prices. 25c per quart in boxes to carry out. The Elwood Tea Co., Davis square.

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Tell no tales, neither do dead newspapers. The Sun is alive and will tell your advertising tale to the masses. Have you an advertising tale to tell? Tell it in The Sun. The people will read it, and your success is certain.

The Sun leads all other local papers in circulation and is by far the cheapest and most effective advertising medium in Lowell. It is

Lowell's Greatest Newspaper.

MISUSE OF LAW

Condemned by Rev. C. T. Billings

REV. E. P. HERRICK ON SALVATION

Rev. Mr. Greene on Faith and Foundations

"The Unlawful Use of Law" was Rev. Charles T. Billings' sermon subject at the First Unitarian church Sunday morning. Early in his sermon Mr. Billings quotes a prominent educator who said to a Unitarian clergyman: "You ministers are continually preaching the law of love, but why do you not emphasize oftener the love of law?" Mr. Billings said in part:

"Few nations, if any, have within their borders such, and so many different peoples, whose racial and religious instincts are so strong and so diverse, and whose prejudices are so deep rooted.

"England rules people still more diverse, but rules them from afar. Within her borders, she has no such problem of mixed population as confronts us all the time. We harbor men and women of almost every nation.

"Our own city of Lowell well typifies the country at large. We have men of many nationalities, religions, languages, who have lived here for varying periods, who bring little or no loyalty to our institutions and traditions, who are unfamiliar with our laws, and who in many instances come here to escape their own.

"How shall we teach these men to love the law, and how shall we learn to love it more ourselves? One answer to this question must lie in the direction of law itself. Men can only love that which they respect. The law must be worthy of their love, and they are much hindered from respecting it at the present time by what we may well call the unlawful use of law.

"One example of this unlawful use can be found in the making. The theory is that legislators in the state, as in the congress of the nation make laws for the good of the people. But with the growth and combination of business interests, these interests have first watched, then influenced, and finally have come to share legislation for their own ends. Corruption and business have gone hand in hand. What legislation men have needed for the development of their trade, they have in many instances secured.

"A second element that makes men respect the law less is its non-enforcement. Every law not enforced makes men have less respect unto all law. The committee of 50 which has been making such careful study of the liquor problem makes report on the evils of prohibition when it is not enforced. The public has seen law defied, a whole generation of habitual law-breakers, schooled in evasion and shamelessness, courts ineffective through fluctuations of policy, delays, perjuries, negligence and other miscarriage of justice; officers of the law double-faced and mercenary; legislators timid and insincere, candidates for office hypocritical, truckling and office-holders unfaithful to pledges and to reasonable public expectation. Through an agitation which always has had a moral end, these immoralities have been developed and made conspicuous.

"The delays of law have been as harmful often as the non-enforcement.

"To teach men to respect the law, we must teach them to respect the government that makes and executes the law. For what discipline is to the army law is to the government.

"The law, to be respected and loved, must reveal their own love of order. An army enforcing law in time of peace, is suggestive to them of the weakness of the law itself.

"The love of law is found only in that love which is open to the highest suggestions of might and justice.

"Law, to be respected, must reveal the unselfish spirit—the spirit of religion. In the long run religion wins. Selfishness defeats itself, and it is true, as Cromwell believed, that the religious man makes the best soldier. It is not less true that the men of deep religious spirit or character make the best statesmen. The selfish policy is always fatal to itself.

GREATNESS OF SALVATION.

At the Worthen Street M. E. church Sunday morning the new pastor, Rev. E. P. Herrick, told of the greatness of salvation. First, its greatness in authorship; second, its greatness as a conception in the mind of God. He said in part:

"Many of the achievements of human skill amaze us, in that the mind of man could conceive of them. The Atlantic cable, for instance, or the great Brooklyn bridge. It was not alone the fact of the Atlantic cable completed that made the world wonder and admire, but the thought that the mind of man was capable of the great conception and of mastering the details necessary to bring it into completion. Yet how infinitely greater the distance that is spanned by the divine love of God. In none but the mind of God could the great scheme of salvation have originated.

"The theory of limited atonement is a horrible doctrine and has no place in God's great scheme. Yet that does not mean that all men will be saved. If a man will, he may live forever; but if he choose, he may lose his soul. If any man is forever excluded from heaven it is not because of the will of God, but because of the willfulness and depravity of the man himself.

"Salvation is great viewed from the standpoint of its results to the whole world and its results to the individual sinner. To him who has this great salvation comes a great transformation. He is a new man in business life, perhaps, in his social life and in his family life."

THE LOUISIANA PURCHASE.

Sunday morning there was a patriotic service at the Kirk street church and the pastor, Rev. George E. Martin, preached an interesting sermon of a historical character. He had for his sermon subject "The Louisiana Purchase," with the scriptural theme, "A land which the Lord, thy God, careth for." He said in part:

"The Pilgrims who settled in the new land were separatists. The Puritans were those who thought that they could reform the church by remaining in it. Both held the principle that man had a right to himself and the fruit of his labors. They had not come to the country for ecclesiastical domination or martial glory; and so it happened that they became the real founders of the country.

"Other Protestants followed. The Dutch brought magnificent thrift. The Scotch-Irish Presbyterians and the Quakers settled in adjacent states. The sifted seeds of three mighty kingdoms fell upon this land and have brought forth a mighty harvest.

"By 1740 the Pilgrims and the Puritans had become mere names, and there began the history of the American church. All over New England there were independent Congregational churches. A rope of sand bound them, it is true, but fire was to fuse the sand. Jonathan Edwards led the controversy that drew the line between the Orthodox and the Unitarian faiths."

CHRIST'S LAST WORDS.

At St. Paul's church, Sunday morning, Rev. George B. Dean preached from Matt. 28, 20, "Lo, I am with you always even unto the end of the world." He said in part:

"These were not the last words spoken by Jesus before his death, but before his resurrection.

"The last words on the cross—"It is finished," applied not to himself, but to his earthly mission.

"The words of the text are not those of a dying person. Jesus was most surely alive when he spoke them—at the zenith of his mental power.

"One who realizes the actual presence of the Lord in his life may be termed a "mystic." Let him glory in the term. He knows that the soul experiences are very real. Paul was a mystic.

"The light of the great sun floods ten thousand other little rooms, at the same time that it brightens your own. No one little flower or blade of grass that grows could receive more of it than it now does, were it the only one in existence. So with God's presence. He gives us each as much of Himself as we are willing to receive.

FAITH AND FOUNDATIONS.

At the Grace Universalist church, Rev. Ransom A. Greene preached on "Faith on Foundations." He said that faith is the great motive power. It seeks a "city with foundations, whose builder and maker is God." It is the mainspring of that never-dying determination to plant ourselves, at last, upon the solid rock of the eternal.

The Single Damper (patented) is the invention of the makers of

Crawford Cooking-Ranges

This is the greatest improvement ever made in cooking stoves and no other Range has it. One motion instantly regulates both the fire and oven. Two-Damper ranges are difficult and confusing.

Crawfords have more improvements than all other ranges combined. Improved Dock-Ash Grates; Improved Oven, with heat-saving, cup-joint flues and asbestos back; Reliable Heat-Indicator; Removable Nickeled Edge-Rails.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO., Agents

TAUNTED BY OTHERS

RACHAEL MACHETT KILLED HERSELF.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—Taunted with being the daughter of a murderer, Miss Rachael Machett, a girl 20 years old, threw herself under the wheels of a train at the Tenth street and Maryland avenue crossing yesterday and was horribly injured before a horror-stricken crowd. Three cars passed over her before the train could be stopped. She was still alive when reached, but died soon after at the Emergency hospital. Less than two years ago the girl's father shot and killed an Italian, and is now in the St. Elizabeth's insane asylum. The girl had always been of a melancholy disposition.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

I wish I could show you my gallery of children's photographs.

Over thirty-five hundred of them—all sent me voluntarily by their mamas.

I get quite a spell of extra sunniness every time I think of the thousands and thousands of little ones "FORCE" has made strong and plump and healthy.

Sunny Jim

"FORCE" is as ready to digest as it is to eat, because it combines the laxative qualities of Malted Wheat with its Phosphate and Nitrogen, the Brain and Muscle building constituents.

Feed children plenty of "FORCE" and they will grow up with sound stomachs and active minds.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
5.42	6.50	6.00	7.04
6.23	7.40	6.50	7.26
a6.29	7.50	7.53	8.55
a6.42	7.55	8.25	9.01
a7.01	8.02	a9.00	9.57
a@7.24	8.10	a10.00	10.57
a7.31	8.00	a10.17	11.04
7.45	8.35	a11.50	12.07
8.50	9.40	12.00	12.56
9.40	10.40	a1.00	1.57
11.00	12.05	2.00	3.01
a@11.43	12.35	a3.00	3.57
a12.14	1.30	a3.47	5.00
1.40	2.50	4.14	5.50
a@1.56	2.59	a5.00	6.57
a3.03	4.20	5.38	6.25
a@3.47	4.50	a5.47	6.54
4.25	5.30	6.14	7.50
a@5.22	6.15	a7.30	8.08
a5.44	7.00	a8.30	9.09
a@6.23	7.05	10.30	11.34
a@7.30	8.10	11.20	12.22

SUNDAY TRAINS

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
a8.30	7.40	9.00	10.00
a7.24	8.10	1.00	1.57
8.45	9.40	5.00	5.59
a9.30	10.15	a7.30	8.08
a4.25	5.30	a8.30	9.08
a5.58	7.00	9.00	10.02

WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6.50	8.00	7.30	8.34
8.00	8.54	9.25	10.39
9.26	10.39	10.45	11.41
10.50	12.00	11.50	1.08
12.05	1.39	2.15	3.19
12.45	1.57	3.30	4.55
2.30	3.35	4.58	5.50
3.10	4.10	6.01	7.05
3.55	5.04	6.35	7.48
5.05	6.43	9.39	10.40
6.15	7.15	B11.15	12.15
7.00	8.06		
9.25	10.30		

SUNDAY TRAINS

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8.15	9.27	8.00	9.17
12.05	1.24	12.00	1.02
4.05	5.18	5.00	6.27
5.30	6.55		
8.00	9.05		

Trains by western division leave Lowell from Middlesex St. Station.

aVia Bedford.

eExpress.

sFrom Middlesex Street Station only.

B Runs to Lowell Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

LOCAL NEWS

Stationery—F. A. M. Tobin's Printery.

T. A. D. Sullivan, wholesale grocer.

Best shave at Sullivan's, 300 Market St.

Lawler Printing Co., 29 Prescott St.

Hire your hacks at O'Donnell's stable. Tel. 430-4.

DRACUT LICENSES.

The Dracut selectmen have granted the three liquor licenses in that town to George Ducey, Joseph Mercier and M. H. Dinley.

FAMOUS STALLION DEAD.

LONDON, April 25.—The death is announced here of the famous American stallion Foxhall at Lord Rosebery's stud farm.

MARRIED TOO SOON

YOUNG WOMAN HELD FOR GRAND JURY.

BOSTON, April 25.—"Married in haste," in fact two days after she had been granted a decree nisi by Judge Hardy from her husband, Michael Roche, Miss Margaret McGuinness, a comely young woman whose antecedents are but little known, is having plenty of chance to "repent at leisure" in the Charles street jail.

On Jan. 29 this young woman secured a divorce from her husband on the grounds of abusive treatment and wanton neglect. Moved by her pitiful tale, Judge Hardy placed no obstacles in the young woman's way. Two days later she went to the altar with one Charles Rex of Leonard street, Dorchester.

Arraigned before the judge of the District Court she waived examination and was held in $800 for the grand jury.

Her case comes up for consideration by it next Saturday.

MANY VERDICTS

AGAINST BOSTON & NORTHERN ST. RAILWAY COMPANY.

LAWRENCE, April 25—During the term of the superior civil court, which has been presided over by Judge Charles A. DeCourcy for the past seven weeks, there have been 37 cases tried before a jury, only six of which failed to be completed. There was a large number of cases settled, or disposed of in one way or another, so that the list is in fairly good shape.

In the 37 cases placed before the jury there were 24 in which verdicts for the plaintiff were returned.

These verdicts amounted to $26,293.57, of which $14,215 was against the Boston & Northern Street Railway company. Six verdicts for the defendant were returned. There were no disagreements.

The largest verdicts were in the case of Greenstein vs. Chicks, $4000; McKay vs. the Boston & Northern Street Railway company, $2475; Berry vs. Donovan, $1500; Murphy vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway company, $1500; Newcomb vs. Pillsbury, $2250; Norman vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway company, $1500; McQueeney vs. Boston & Northern Street Railway company, $1000.

LIKE PLAYING ALONE

Lowell Had an Easy Thing With Manchester

John Smith and his Manchester colts came here Saturday, and disappointed a large crowd, for good things were ever expected from Pocohantas, while this year he didn't have the goods.

Knau, the short stop, and Henri Cote, the catcher, were the only old men on the team and of the new ones only two, Cope on third base and our own "Billy It" McMahon, in right field, appeared to know how to play the game.

Three pitchers were tried and one was as bad as the other and all three rolled together could not pitch as good as Billy Connors. Bushey pitched for Lowell and for five minutes he made the Manchester outfit look like a lot of old junk. Then the Waterville wonder eased up a bit and even then they had to be coaxed to hit the ball. In the seventh inning Duffy relieved Bushey and the colts found his curves more to their liking.

Knau, Cope and McMahon played all the ball that Manchester played, except John Smith, who played an errorless game on the gate. Grant loosened up on this occasion and played in championship form and some of his running catches looked out of place amid such ordinary playing.

John Smith admitted that he did not expect to win, but hinted that he had something up his sleeve and would be on hand at the opening with a team that will do business with the best of them.

The score:

LOWELL.

	ab.	r.	bb.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Connors 3b, 2b	4	3	2	2	3	2	0
Burbage m	5	4	2	2	1	0	0
Hickey 2b	4	1	2	3	2	1	0
Murphy 3b	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Lake 1b	4	0	2	3	8	0	0
McLaughlin, ss	5	2	2	2	3	3	2
Grant lf	4	1	1	1	4	0	0
Dwyer lf	3	1	1	1	0	2	1
McGovern c	5	2	2	2	5	0	0
Bushey p	4	2	2	2	0	2	0
Duffy p	1	0	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	39	18	16	18	27	12	3

MANCHESTER.

	ab.	r.	bb.	tb.	po.	a.	e.
Daley 2b	5	2	1	1	3	4	1
McMahon lf	4	0	2	2	0	0	0
Cope 3b	5	0	2	2	4	3	0
Conroy 1b	5	1	1	1	7	0	0
Hardesty m	5	0	1	1	2	0	0
Martin lf	5	1	3	3	4	1	3
Knau s	4	2	3	7	2	2	0
Cote c	4	0	1	2	5	3	0
Chase p	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
Averell p	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wade p	2	0	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	42	6	11	19	27	15	4

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Lowell	0	0	2	1	0	3	4	0	3	—18
Manchester	0	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	1	—6

Summary: Two-base hits, Hickey, Lake, Knau, Cote. Home run, Knau. Stolen bases, Dwyer, McGovern. Double plays, by Cope, Knau, Conroy; Knau and Daley, Cote, Conroy. Struck out, by Bushey 3, by Chase 3, by Wade. Bases on balls, by Bushey, by Averell 3, by Wade. Hit by pitched ball, Lowell 2. Time of game, 1.45. Umpire, McMahon. Attendance, 1000.

Lowell 18, Manchester 6.
Holyoke 5, Fall River 2.
Nashua 15, Beverly 2.
Concord 21, Lowell Independents 0.
New Bedford 17, Atlas Tack 0.
Springfield 8, Lawrence 2.
Worcester 10, Providence 7.

GAMES TODAY.

Lowell vs. Lawrence at Glen Forest.

AN EASY THING

Lowell High a Cinch for the Textiles

Haywood pitched for the Lowell Textile school against the Lowell High Saturday and held the High school boys down to one solitary hit, while to make matters worse the High school team played a rocky fielding game, making eight miserable errors. The Textile players acted as if they knew something about the game and bore out The Sun's prediction that they will show up strongly before the season is over. They fielded perfectly with the exception of Whirley at third who made two errors. Eleven put-outs for Edwards show that Haywood delivered the goods in good style.

Each team has now won a game and the rubber ought to be a corker.

The score:

LOWELL TEXTILE.

	ab.	r.	bb.	po.	a.	e.
Jones 1b	4	1	1	9	1	0
Whirley 3b	5	0	1	0	1	2
Ferrait ss	5	0	0	3	1	0
Midwood 2b	5	2	1	0	2	0
Abbot cf	4	1	2	4	0	0
Baldwin lf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Julin rf	5	3	1	0	0	0
Edwards c	3	0	0	11	2	0
Haywood, p	3	2	1	0	4	0
Totals	38	10	9	27	11	3

LOWELL HIGH.

	ab.	r.	bb.	po.	a.	e.
Mahoney c	2	1	0	10	2	1
Wilson lf	4	1	0	0	0	2
Mahoney 2b	3	0	0	4	2	0
Mirovitch ss	4	0	0	0	2	2
Watson rf	3	0	0	2	0	1
Campbell 1b	3	1	0	9	0	1
Field p	4	0	1	0	5	0
Tengue 3b	3	0	0	0	0	1
Corcoran cf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Totals	29	3	1	27	11	8

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Lowell Textile	0	1	0	4	1	1	0	2	1	—10
Lowell High	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	—3

Summary: Two base hits, Baldwin, Field. Base on balls, by Haywood 3, by Field 6. Struck out, by Haywood 11, by Field 10. Passed ball, Edwards. Umpire, J. Baker. Time, 2 hrs.

AWFUL TROUNCING

CONCORD N. H. TEAM WALLOPS LOWELL INDEPENDENTS.

The Lowell Independents went to Concord, N. H., Saturday and were defeated by the league team by a score of 21 to 0.

STONY BROOK LEAGUE

CLOSE GAME AT WEST CHELMSFORD SATURDAY.

At West Chelmsford on Saturday afternoon in the presence of about 250 enthusiastic spectators, the home team defeated the Unions of North Chelmsford in a hard-fought ten-inning contest by a score of 6 to 5.

CRESCENTS WON

DEFEATED PEPPERELL IN WELL PLAYED GAME.

A large crowd went to Puffer's Field, off Puffer street, Saturday afternoon, when the Crescents of Lowell defeated the Pepperell Alumni team in the Stony Brook series in a close and hard fought game, the final score being 3 to 2 in favor of the Crescents.

Crescents—Phinney 1b, W. Hickey ss, Russell 3b, Dillon 2b, Coleman 3b, T. Hickey c, Duffy lf, Mullen cf, Kearns p.

Pepperells—Pike 2b, Bartlett p, Hill ss, Brainard c, Gorman 3b, Wright 1b, Dwyer lf, Jordan rf, Gilchrist cf.

Earned run—Crescents. Bases on balls—Phinney. First base on errors—Phinney, Pike. Base hits—Phinney, Russell, Coleman 2, Brainard, Jordan, Gilchrist, Gorman. Two base hit—Russell. Struck out—By Kearns 13, by Bartlett 6. Hit by pitched ball—Gorman. Umpire—Crawford. Attendance—700.

CENTRE TEAM WON.

On Saturday afternoon on Wotton's field, North Chelmsford, the Centre team defeated the North Chelmsford high school base ball team by a score of 23 to 12.

GRANITEVILLES WON.

At Middlesex Village on Saturday afternoon the Graniteville defeated the Middlesex team in a well-played game by a score of 12 to 6.

STONY BROOK LEAGUE.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Crescents	2	0	1.000
Unions	1	1	.500
West Chelmsford	1	1	.500
Graniteville	1	1	.500
Pepperell	1	1	.500
Middlesex	0	2	.000

CENTRALVILLE BLUES WON.

On the Lakeview avenue grounds, Saturday afternoon, the Centralville Blues defeated the Riversides by a score of 20 to 9. Batteries—Ganley and Dalgie for the Blues, Manning, Flynn and Burns for the Riversides.

WONDERS LOST.

The Cowhills defeated Bill Shaw's Wonders at Billerica by a score of 8 to 6. Shaw's poor pitching lost the game for his team. A circus catch by McDermott was the feature of the game.

STATE CHAMPIONS

Lowell High Girls Won the Title

Girls of the Lowell high school defeated, 11 to 4, the girls of Springfield high school Saturday afternoon in a basketball contest and so won the championship of the state.

Among those at the game were Mayor and Mrs. Charles E. Howe, Judge Samuel P. Hadley, many members of the school committee, Supt. and Mrs. A. K. Whitcomb and a large delegation of school teachers and alumni.

The Springfield girls did not succeed in getting a basket from the floor. Miss Eaton of the Lowell team threw three for her team. Miss Bailey had hard luck Saturday. Her opponent, Miss C. Samble, was the best player against Miss Bailey seen here this season.

Miss Bailey scored five points for her team on throwing baskets on fouls. Miss Mary Samble scored all the points for the visitors on throwing baskets on fouls. The summary:

LOWELL H. S.		SPRINGFIELD H. S.
Miss Eaton rf		lb Miss Bango
Miss Bailey lf		rb Miss C. Samble
Miss Jewett c		c Miss Mourve
Miss Sweatt rb		lf Miss Allen
Miss Hunking rb		rf Miss M. Samble
Miss Brown sc		sc Miss Piper
Miss Cooke sc		sc Miss Fuller

Score: Lowell H. S. 11 Springfield H. S. 4. Goals from floor, Miss Eaton 3. Goals from fouls, Lowell 5, Springfield 4. Referee, O. Martin, Springfield. Umpire, C. E. Burtt, Lowell. Linesmen, Misses Walsh, Spalding, Hobbs and Mr. Allen. Timers, Misses Rivet, Wilson. Time, three 12m periods. Attendance, 1000.

HOUSES WRECKED

TORNADO STRUCK MOUNT VERNON, TEXAS.

MOUNT VERNON, Texas, April 25.—The worst tornado ever known in this section has struck Mount Vernon, wrecking 11 houses and injuring a number of persons. Trees, fences and telephone wires were blown down and other damage was done. The path of the storm was very narrow and it passed over a thinly populated part of the town, or the damage would have been much greater.

ARRESTS MADE

The Police Interfere at Brooklyn Sunday Game

NEW YORK, April 25.—At the outset of the baseball game between the Philadelphias and Brooklyn National league teams at Washington Park, Brooklyn, yesterday, the police arrested Pitcher Poole and Catcher Jacklitsche of the home team and Frank Roth of the Philadelphia nine, after the first named had pitched the second ball. They are charged with violating section 265 of the penal code, which prohibits racing, gaming and other public sports on the first day of the week.

Manager Hanlon of the Brooklyn club then substituted Thatcher and Ritter as the local battery and the game proceeded without further interruption.

The visitors had all the better of the early part of the contest, as the score stood six to nothing in their favor when they had completed their half of the fourth inning. The home team then made two runs, adding another in the fifth, and in the seventh the entire Brooklyn team went to the bat, hitting Duggleby freely for five runs, which won the game by a score of eight to six.

Score by innings:—

Brooklyn	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	x	8	13	1
Philadelphia	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	6	9	1

Batteries—Thatcher and Ritter; Duggleby and Donin. Umpire—Emslie. Time—1.50. Attendance—14,000.

At Chicago—St. Louis 4, Chicago 3. Attendance—11,000.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 6, Pittsburg 5. Attendance—14,264.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn 8, Philadelphia 6. Attendance—14,000.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
New York	6	1	.857
Cincinnati	6	4	.600
Brooklyn	5	4	.556
Chicago	4	4	.500
St. Louis	4	4	.500
Pittsburg	4	6	.400
Boston	3	5	.375
Philadelphia	2	6	.250

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won	Lost	P. C.
Boston	7	1	.875
Philadelphia	4	3	.571
Chicago	5	4	.556
Cleveland	4	4	.500
New York	4	4	.500
St. Louis	4	4	.500
Detroit	3	4	.429
Washington	0	7	.000

At Chicago—Chicago 5, Cleveland 4. Attendance, 6250.

At St. Louis—St. Louis 4, Detroit 4. 12 innings. Attendance, 11,000.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Attendance
Boston 3, Philadelphia 1	15,051
Chicago 6, Cleveland 5	10,141
St. Louis 3, Detroit 1 (10 innings)	5,000
New York 4, Washington 3	2,000

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Attendance
Brooklyn 3, Boston 2	3,000
New York 10, Philadelphia 1	28,000
Pittsburg 6, Cincinnati 5 (10 innings	6,520
St. Louis 2, Chicago 1	11,000

COLLEGE GAMES.

At West Point—Harvard 12, West Point 5.

At New Haven—Yale 2, Pennsylvania 0.

At Providence—Brown 7, Princeton 3.

At Worcester—Holy Cross 14, University of Maine 1.

At Amherst—Amherst 18, Trinity 1.

At Haverhill—Tufts 9, Haverhill (New England League) 6.

At Exeter—Phillips Exeter 8, Boston College 4.

At Brunswick—Bowdoin 7, Bates 6. (10 innings).

At Annapolis—Annapolis 2, Washington and Lee 1.

At Ithaca—Cornell 5, Syracuse (New York State League) 4.

At Medford—Tufts '07 12, M. I. T. '07 11; Boston Y. M. C. A. 11, Tufts '06 5.

At Tufts oval—Tufts 2d 3, Boston University 2.

At Pawtucket—Brown Independents 2, Pawtucket.

At Burlington, Vt.—University of Vermont 14, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute 1.

At Northfield, Vt.—Dartmouth Medical School 10, Norwich University 0.

At Middletown, Conn.—Wesleyan 13, Rutgers 3.

At Williamstown—Williamstown 4, Union 1.

SCHOOL GAMES.

At Groton—Groton school 7, Mechanic Arts H. S. of Boston 5.

At Southboro—St. Marks 2, Thayer Academy 1.

At Ayer Groton H. S. 9, Ayer H. S. 7.

At Ashburnham—Cushing Academy 8, Orange H. S. 0.

At Augusta, Me.—Corry H. S. 11, North Vassalboro 1.

At Manchester, N. H.—Manchester H. S. 23, Goffstown H. S. 6.

At Westboro—Framingham Business College 10, Westboro H. S. 6.

At Easthampton—Williston 13, Pittsfield H. S. 0.

At Attleboro—New Redford H. S. 9, Attleboro H. S. 5.

At New London, N. H.—Colby Academy 9, Concord, H. S. 5.

At Rockland—Rockland H. S. 9, Hingham H. S. 5.

At Athol—Gardner H. S. 5, Athol H. S. 4.

At Groton—Lawrence Academy 14, Littleton H. S. 10.

At Groton—Groton H. S. 11, Ayer H. S. 7.

At Milford—Worcester Classical H. S. 14, Milford H. S. 12.

At Farmington, N. H.—Farmington H. S. 11, Sullivan H. S. of Berwick 7.

At Lowell—Lowell T. S. 10, Lowell H. S. 3.

At Waterville, Me.—Edward Little H. S. 8, Waterville H. S. 5.

At Lawrence—Lawrence H. S. 27, Lynn Commercial school 1.

At Newport, N. H.—Richards H. S. 9, Simonds H. S. of Warner 8.

At Worcester—Burdock school of Winchendon 8, Highland Military Academy 0.

OTHER GAMES.

At Bennington, Vt.—Hoosic Falls 9, Bennington 5.

At Leominster—Leominster A. A. 11, Highland S. C. of Clinton 1.

At Taunton—Whittentons 6, Attleboro Athletics 3.

At First St. grounds, Boston—Crescents 9, Norfolks 5.

At Franklin Park—Hercules A. C. 7, Lewis school 5.

At Fitchburg—St. Matthews of Worcester 2, Fitchburg 1 (11 innings).

At Woonsocket, R. I.—Eagles 17, Valley Falls 0.

AUTO WRECKED

FOUR MEN INJURED, ONE PROBABLY FATALLY.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Edwin Gould's new 40-horse power automobile was wrecked and four men were injured, one of them probably fatally, in a collision early today between the automobile and a pile of building material on Seventh avenue.

The injured men are chauffeurs employed in an automobile warehouse and had taken the machine out to give it a trial. Antonio Isabelle, 35 years old, suffered concussion of the brain and may die. The others were badly hurt but will recover.

Louis Bergeron and Thomas Matte will spend their idle hours along the Merrimack this summer. They have purchased a new canoe named San Toy.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Letter to J. L. CHALIFOUX, Lowell, Mass.:

Dear Sir: Would you rather have your customers speak of your shoes as wearing well, as not running down at the heel, as turning water, and taking a shine; or wag their heads and say nothing?

We'd rather have ours, at long intervals, say: "We want some more paint, and we want Devoe." We know it isn't in human nature to paint very often; we don't expect them to come very often; don't want 'em to. All we want is to paint what they have to paint, whenever they paint it; the longer the time, the surer they are to come back. There's business enough in the world; there are houses enough to paint; let 'em take their time.

If we were a shoemaker, we'd make shoes to last half a lifetime, and shoe the whole town.

Yours truly
F. W. DEVOE & CO.

P. S.—The Adams Hardware and Paint Co. sell our paint.

There Are Good Qualities in all Paints

But all the good qualities are in Harrison Bros. & Co.'s

"Town and Country" Paints

They Are Pure and Durable

Color Cards sent on application.

C. B. COBURN & CO.

63 Market Street

C. F. KEYES - Auctioneer

OFFICE, OLD BOSTON & MAINE STATION, GREEN STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

Tomorrow Afternoon at 4 o'clock

BUSINESS SITE, NUMBERING 95 TO 101 MARKET STREET, AND ABOUT 4500 SQUARE FEET OF LAND WITH THE BUILDINGS THEREON.

Seldom is the opportunity given the business man, to secure a piece of realty such as we are about to offer, at the public price, and it would not be so but for the untimely death of Mr. Cahill.

The property in question consists of about 4500 square feet of land with buildings, situated on the northerly side of Market street, a street which is fast growing for business interests; two new firms have moved on this lower section recently, the F. M. Bill Co. and Smith & Lawrence, hardware dealers, and this is the next property to be improved, as it adjoins the Wier block, and all properties from this one to Central street are of brick or other hard material. The railroad facilities connected with this property is an exceptionally grand feature. There is a track connecting with the main line which runs directly in the rear through a 16-foot passageway, that must be forever kept open and affords the best of accommodations. Shipping and receiving freight can be done quite handily, thereby saving considerable amount of help and teaming. This feature alone certainly adds much value to this property.

The lot contains about 4500 square feet of land with a frontage on Market street of about 50 feet and runs to the centre of a passageway in the rear, a depth of about 90 feet. It is of the right size, you are situated in the heart of the city, on a wide street of smooth paving, and it will certainly be increasing in value each year.

TERMS: $1000 must be paid or secured to the auctioneer at time and place of sale; other terms will be read at time of sale.

By order of
HENRY J. O'DOWD,
Executor of the will of Edward W. Cahill, Michael Cahill.

The Bon Marche

We Give S. & H. Green Trading Stamps

Underpriced Sale of

Cheney's Foulard Silks

In Short Lengths

We have purchased at a special price, from a large Boston Jobbing House, their entire stock of Cheney's Foulard Silks in short lengths. No pieces are less than 3 1-2 yards in length, and they run up to 17 yards long. They are

Perfect Goods in This Season's Patterns - -

Of the Most Desirable colors, with dots and figures, in 24 inch width. A glance at the window will give you an idea of the assortment. Cheney's goods are too well known to need further comment. The regular price is 59c yard. We place them

On Sale Tuesday

AT

39c Yd.

Is Any Sick One Left Without a Free Bottle of Liquozone?

We have purchased a million 50c bottles of Liquozone and given them to a million of the sick. Now we wish to ask if any sick one has been omitted. Is there any one left who needs Liquozone, and who has not yet had a bottle to try?

We buy the first bottle of Liquozone and give it free to every sick one we learn of, and we have spent over $500,000 in the past four months to announce and fulfill this offer. We have done this to convince the sick that Liquozone does what medicine cannot do. And we are willing to do the same with you if you need it.

What Liquozone Is

Liquozone is not a medicine. It is not made by compounding drugs, not made with alcohol. The virtues of Liquozone are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. To make one cubic inch of Liquozone we use 1,250 cubic inches of the gas. The process has, for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research.

The result is a product which does what oxygen does. Oxygen is the natural nerve food, the blood food, the scavenger of the blood. It is the very source of vitality, the most essential element of life. But oxygen is a gas, so unstable that an excess cannot be held in the blood. Liquozone is concentrated and stable. It carries its virtues into the blood to go wherever the blood goes. It brings to every nerve center and to every tissue, a vitalizing tonic, with which no other known product can compare.

Kills Inside Germs

But the great value of Liquozone lies in the fact that it kills germs in the body without killing the tissues, too. There is nothing else known which will do that. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. For that reason medicine is practically helpless in any germ disease. Liquozone is so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill.

The reason is that germs are vegetables, and an excess of oxygen—the very life of an animal—is deadly to vegetable matter. Liquozone acts in the blood like an excess of oxygen gas. No germ can escape it, and none can resist it; yet, to the human body it is more helpful and vitalizing than any other product known.

A germ disease must end when the germs are destroyed. And all the skill in the world cannot cure such a trouble while those germs exist.

We Paid $100,000

for the American rights to Liquozone—the highest price ever paid for similar rights on any scientific discovery. We did this after testing the product for two years through physicians and hospitals in this country and others. We tested it in thousands of the most difficult cases obtainable, and cured with it every disease which was considered incurable. The results of those tests, published everywhere as they were, altered the world's whole theory of disease.

We paid that price because Liquozone does what nothing else known can accomplish. It will cure more sickness, end more suffering and save more lives than all the drugs combined. And it is absolutely impossible, so far as any man knows, to directly destroy the cause of a germ disease without it.

Germ Diseases

The diseases in this list are known to be due to germs or their toxins. Every modern physician knows that to cure these diseases the germs must be destroyed and medicine cannot do that. Medicine sometimes acts as a tonic, aiding nature to overcome the germs. But those results are indirect and uncertain and they depend on the patient's condition.

Liquozone directly attacks the cause of these troubles and there is no other way. For that reason, diseases which have resisted medicine for years yield at once to this treatment and it cures diseases which medicine never cures. The results are inevitable. They are so certain that in any stage of any disease in this list we gladly send to any patient who asks it an absolute guaranty.

Abscess—Anemia	Hay Fever—Influenza
Bronchitis	Kidney Diseases
Blood Poison	La Grippe
Bright's Disease	Leucorrhea
Bowel Trouble	Liver Troubles
Coughs—Colds	Malaria—Neuralgia
Consumption	Many Heart Troubles
Colic—Croup	Piles—Pneumonia
Constipation	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Catarrh—Cancer	Rheumatism
Dysentery—Diarrhea	Skin Diseases
Dandruff—Dropsy	Scrofula
Dyspepsia	Syphilis
Eczema—Erysipelas	Stomach Troubles
Fevers—Gall stones	Throat Troubles
Goitre—Gout	Tuberculosis
Asthma	Tumors—Ulcers
Gonorrhea—Gleet	Women's Diseases

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisoned blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

First Bottle Free

If you need Liquozone and have never tried it, please send us the coupon below. We will then send you an order on your druggist for a 50c bottle, and will pay your druggist ourselves for it. This applies to any sick one who doesn't know what Liquozone is, but not to those who have used it.

The acceptance of this gift places you under no obligation whatever. Our object is to convince you; to let the product itself show you what it can do. This method seems to us better than testimonials, better than arguments.

This very offer should convince you that Liquozone does as we claim. We would certainly not buy a bottle and give it away if there was any doubt of results. If you want those results—if you want to be well—let us, at our expense, show you the way. Send the coupon today, for this offer will not be continuous.

Liquozone costs 50c and $1.00.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to the Liquid Ozone Co., 458-460 Wabash avenue, Chicago.

My disease is.....
I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.
.....
.....
557 ..... Give full address—write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.